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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XIX.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 2, 1888.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

MR RANDALL NOT SATISFIED WITH IT General Discontent With the Bill and the Conviction That It Will Not Pass the Lower House.

WASHINGTON, March 1 .- [Special.]-The WASHINGTON, March I.—[Special.]—The tariff bill, which was sprung upon the public today, has naturally been the chief topic of conversation in political circles all day and night. When saying it is a surprise to almost every one, with the exception of the members of the ways and means committee, is putting it mildly. Instead of framing a bill upon which the democratic party could harmonize, it has had the effect to widen the breach, and widen it into an utter impossibility for the type. widen it into an utter impossibility for the two wings to fit together.

RANDALL'S POSITION. Mr. Randall and his followers will no more support the bill than would Mr. Cleveland veto it, were it to reach him as a legislative act. In fact, there are few, outside of the ways and means committee, who approve of

Mr. Randall was seen tonight by the correspondent of THE CONSTITUTION, and in reply to the inquiry as to what he thought of the bill

The bill is unsatisfactory. It does not include internal revenue taxation, and cuts deeply at many American industries."

Mr. Foran, an Ohio democrat, said the bill was dead, that it already emits an unpleasant oder. The wool men of Ohio, and all the democrats from that state are pledged to protect the wool industry, and are loud in their oppo-sition to the bill. The entire Louisiana delegation, with the possible exception of Newton, are as loud in their denunciations of the bill as it is possible to be, and properly observe the rules of equity, governing the house. It is doubtful if there can be found a single republican in the house, except, perhaps, Nelson, of Minnesota, who will support it.

The bill is looked upon as anything but a courageous measure, and framed without the least possible regard to any industries, unless it is where Scott, of Pennsylvania, or Wilson, of West Virginia, members of the committee, favor constituents who are interested. It is regarded as a bill as violent in its thrust at American industries as was the Morrison bill in the last congress. The attitude of the republicans will be that of obstructionists. The republican members of the ways and means committee say they have not conferred with any of the manufacturers interested, and that no voice was given them in the formation of the bill.

DOOMED TO DEFEAT. From the general sentiment expressed to-night there is no possible hope of the bill's passage. It is already dead, and hundreds of mocrats fully realize it. They go further on and say that if it should become a law it would knock the democratic party and Mr. Clevehave to be so modified that the framers of the one put out today will not recognize it.

The ways and means committee have not yet determined whether they will add to the tariff bill the proposition to repeal the internel revenue tax on tobacco, cigarettes, and cheroots, or whether they will report a special

bill for this purpose.

Judge Stewart said he thought the bill should pass, and sees nothing to warrant the democrats from not voting for it. 'Yes," he continued, "I will support it."

the cut that is made in marble.

Mr. Turner says it's not the kind of a bill Mr. Turner says it's not the kind of a bill two or three weeks, and it will likely be the he would like to have seen, but it is the best first of April before the house goes into a com-

that can be done at present. over it, as it does not disturb the rice industry as much as he feared it would. He thinks the eleven per cent reduction on rice can be borne without injury, though, in fact, he thinks in justice it should be protected by a bounty, when considering the trials and vicissitudes of

those engaged in its culture.

The California delegation, of which there are three democrats, say that California will go republican by fifty thousand majority, if such a tariff bill was to pass.

OTHER MATTERS. Mr. Clements today reported adversely upon the bill to prescribe a certain term of office under the civil service act. He also reported adversely upon the bill giving consuls, surveyors, appraisers, collectors of customs, internal revenue collectors, marshals and district attor-

neys terms of four years.

Judge Stewart's bill appropriating \$125,000
for the Atlanta public building, was favorably
reported today by the committee on public

What Congressmen Say. Washington, March 1.—[Special.]—The following are expressions of opinion on the

CHAIRMAN MILLS.

of the ways and means committee: "We pre-pared the bill with a great deal of thought and labor. Hardly expect to please everybody, but we consulted the interests of the many rather than the few. We have arranged an extensive free list, which will accomplish a total reduc-tion of \$22,000,000 without seriously disturbing any important industries of the country. The next largest reduction is probably made upon woolens and raw wool. This is likely to aggregate at least \$12,000,000. Here is where we are very apt to excite the strongest opposition that the bill will have to face. Even my own people are difficult to convince on the subject.
They fear that the wool grower is menaced by
the reduction we propose to effect. I am confident the cut made in sugar will have the
wholesome effect of breaking the sugar trust,
As yet we have made no provision for a reduction of the internal revenue taxes. tion of the internal revenue taxes. A separate measure will be introduced to cover this department of the subject.

"While I cannot saylexactly what course will be followed by the committee in formulating this bill, I do not think that any one desires to touch the whisky tax. As to the prospect to touch the whisky tax. As to the prospect of the passage of the bill I hope we shall be successful. The bill will doubtless reach the house in the course of two weeks. It will have early consideration. I am not greatly disturbed by the criticisms that have been made to be a proving the proving t made upon our course in keeping the provisions of the bill a secret from the republican members of the committee. . We certainly had nothing to expect from them in the way of assistant with the committee of the committee.

MR. BRECKENBIDGE, OF ARKANSAS, part of the margin heretofore allowed to refine the first of the cut on sugar takes away a large part of the margin heretofore allowed to refine the first of the conversion of raw sugar into refined sugar. If this does not break up the trust it will at least deprive it of all power to extort excessive profits from the consumer. The bill is considered eminently conservative in character. We have corrected some inequalities—such as the worsted trouble, the inequalities in the total registered vote.

THE NEW TARIFF BILL metal, in linens, in cottons and ready-made clothing. Where the base of industry could not be so cheapened as to do full justice, we have made slight relative increase on the relative product, desiring to hold the hand of justice between manufacturers, and not permit one to between a consume the other. one to betray or consume the other.

MR. BRECKENRIDGE, OF KENTUCKY: "We have tried to remove every obstruction in the way of our manufacturers competing with the foreign producer of the same class of goods. The administrative features of the bill have been drawn with a view of putting a stop to undervaluations and frauds of every description, to the end that we may give the honest manufacturer the protection of a just aw and provisions for a careful collection of

MR. M'MILLAN, OF TENNESSEE, said: "Our effort in the bill has been to so re-duce the duties as to leave this amount with the people instead of locking it up in the treasury and keeping it out of the channels of com-merce. I think the bill will be favorably re ceived by the masses of the people when they fully understand it, and that it will give general satisfaction. We cannot hope to please every one, but I believe the majority will be satisfied when the bill will be reported to the house, and the exact course that will be pursued when it gets there and things that have not yet been determined upon, but will be in a few days. What chance the bill stands of being passed by the house, I cannot tell, but I think the men who take the life out of the bill are not going to get po-litical immortality for themselves."

REPUBLICAN OPINION.
Here is what the republicans say:

Reed of Maine: "Speaking in a general way, the first thing that strikes any intelligent man is that it is absolutely a political bill. There is not the faintest trace of encomic principle which runs through it. Hardly even a pro-tense of that is left. It is also by necessity sectional in the extreme. A few pet manufacturers have been consulted, a few democratic members have been seen, but the great industrial interests of the country have seen left in the dark The treatment which the minority have received is utterly unprecedented in the history of the country."
Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, said: "The free

list is greater than in the Morrison bill: in fact the entire bill is more pernicious than that measure. As far as my own state is concerned it annihilates our leading industries. If the bill becomes a law there is nothing left our people to do but fish.
"In my opinion there is no chance for the bill

to pass as it stands. The bill I regard as a political and not an economic measure, and it is plain to see that it was framed with special reference to controlling the electoral votes of certain states this fall."

MR. RANDALL TALKS. Mr. Randall told the correspondent that he had not yet read the bill, and therefore declined to pass an opinion upon its merits. Notwithstanding Mr. Randall's brief remarks on the floor of the house yesterday, it may as well be understood now as in the future that Mr Randall has no] idea of standing with the members of the ways and means committee. hand higher than [Gilderoy's kite. In order to and supporting the present tariff bill at all the present one will thing like it. Mr. Randall's idea of tariff roform is to take off about \$60,000,000 of the internal revenue taxes

of the internal revenue taxes and place about \$10,000,000 on dutable articles in the free list. To do this he would abolish the tobacco tax and reduce the tax on whisky to 50 cents. Senators Beck, Blackburn, Kenna, Voorhees and Turpie said they had not had time to go through the entire bill, but that from what they had read they regarded it as a very wise

and exceedingly conservative document, and they believed if the bill passed the house it Mr. Candler is not particularly pleased with he cut that is made in marble.

the cut that is made in marble.

mittee of the whole for its consideration. can not only defeat the measure finally, but that they can prevent even its consideration if they desire. They count with them Mr. Ran-dall and nineteen of his followers.

A HERALD OPINION,

Which is Decidedly in Favor of the Bill as

Which is Decidedly in Favor of the Bill as Reported.

New YORK, March 2.—[Special.]—The Herald editorial on the tariff bill says:

"If the bill becomes a law, it will secure a great bom by steady uninterference with industry, of many of the great branches of manufacturing in this country, by enabling munufacturers to export the surplus, and prevent gluts in the home market which have been so injurious to workmen, and will, at the same time, revive our foreign commerce. With free raw materials, the duties on manufacturers can be covered without injury, employes or ers can be covered without injury, employes or workmen of manufacturers will find the actual protection for them greater than they now enjoy. It is not a free trade measure. On the contrary, no free trader can examine, without strongly disapproving reader can examine, without strongly disapproving very many of its provisions. It is a measure of tariff revision, made strictly from a protectionist standpoint. There is not a section or clause in it which does not show the influence of protectionist opinion or protectionist information upon those who framed it."

MAIMING A WITNESS,

MAIMING A WITNESS,

With the Hope of Keeping Him Out of the Way.

Montgomery, Ala., March 1.—[Special.]—
W. H. King, Thomas J. Elliott, J. J. White and J. R. Ussery, charged with illicit distilling in Randolph county, were arraigned today before United States Commissioner Gardner. Some time ago a young man, J. P. Workman, reported these men to the officers as moonshiners. The day was set for the trial, and Workman, who also lives in Randolph county, went to Roanoke to appear as a witness against them. While in Roanoke he was set upon by the accused men, who beat him up torribly with their fists and feet, so as to render him unable to testify against them. They then left the town, and were captured yesterday by a squad of revenue officers and brought to Montgomery. While here under arrest this morning, Ussury, one of the prisoners, quietly made off, and effected his escape. The others were lodged in jail, in default of a fifteen hundred dollar bond each.

The Tally Sheet Forgerles.

Chicago, March 1.—Judge Gresham, in the tally sheet forgery case against S. Myer and F. A. Barnhamer, of Indianapolis, who were sensenced to the penitentiary for an alleged conspiracy with regard to the election returns in the seventh congressional district in Indiana, today denied the writ of habeas corpus prayed for and sustained the demurrer of the United States authorities at Indianapolis.

Montgomery, Ala, March L.—Indexed.

A Change of Base.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., March I.—[Special.]—
At a meeting of the board of directors of the First National bank, of Montgomery, this afternoon, Mr. W. L. Chambers tendered his resignation as president. The resignation has not yet been acted upon by the board. It is understood that Mr. Chambers will accept the general management of the Sheffield Land company at Sheffield Alabama.

THE "THREE SIXES." Calls Out the New York Fire Department.

A MILLION DOLLAR CONFLAGRATION. Hard Work of the Firemen to Check the

Flames-Seven-Story Buildings De-stroyed-The Losses, Etc. New YORK, March 1.- The big furniture fac tory of Pottier & Stymus, at Forty-second street and Lexington avenue, caught fire at a quarter to one o'clock today and was destroyed with to one o'clock today and was destroyed with other buildings adjoining. The losses approach a million dollars. A rough estimate puts them as follows: Pottier & Stymus, \$175,000; Powell, Weedman & Smith, \$200,000. The buildings, property of the Goelet estate, \$250,000; W. H. Estell, furniture maker and decorator, a tenant in the cabinet factory buildings, \$50,000. The Americana & Company \$20,000. The

000; Armstrong & Carpenter, \$20,000. The fire taxed all the resources of the department. It took the firemen three hours to get the fire under control. Of the entire block bounded by Third and Lexington avenues, Forty-first and Forty-second streets, there

Forty-first and Forty-second streets, there remains standing only a short row of houses on Third avenue. Pottier & Stymus's building covered the entire frontage on Lexington avenue between Forty-first and Forty-second streets, 230 feet, and extended back toward Third avenue about 300 feet on each street. It was a seven story building of brick and brown stone. It was owned by Pottier & Stymus, furniture manufacturers. Recently the firm retired from the business and was succeeded by the Pottier and Stymus company, which took possession of the building today to carry on the manufacture of furniture. The company occupied all of the building on the Lexington avenue front, except the third floor, which was occupied by W. H. Estell, manufacturer of furniture and decorations. A large wing or building on Forty-second street was occupied by Powell, Weindman & Smith, cigar manufacturers. The fire broke out in the northwest corner of the Pottier & Stymus building, and owing to the inflammable nature of the materials it contained, the flames ran through the building almost like an electric flash and burst into the cigar factory, where 350 men were eating their luncheon. The men dashed down the broad stairs barely in time to escape from the flames that almost instantly seized the entire building.

When the firemen arrived they saw what a

that almost instantly seized the entire building.

When the firemen arrived they saw what a formidable fire they had to cope with and Second Assistant Chief McCabe without a moment's hesitation sent out the "three sixes" alaum, bringing to the scene twenty-one engine companies, eight hook and ladder companies and a water tower. The police also hastened to the spot and there were soon 250 policemen stationed in the adjoining streets, keeping back the crowds that flocked to the fire. In twenty-eight minutes from the time the fire was discovered the wall of Prottier & Stymus's building, on Forty second street, fell in, and next fell the walls on Lexington avenue.

Stymus's building, on Forty-second street, fell in, and next fell the walls on Lexington avenue.

Houses on the opposite sides of the street, on all sides of the square, were badly blistered and lost-all glass from the doors and windows, and the entire front of 'the Vanderbilt hotel, corner of Forty-second street and Lexington avenue, was on fire several times, but none of these buildings suffered beyond external damage. The immense Manhattan storage warehouse was cracked and blistered, but it was kept drenched with water and saved. On the northeast corner of Forty-second street and Lexington avenue is the hospital for the ruptured and crippled, in which were one hundred or more crippled children. Streams of water were poured on its walls, and in this way only was it saved. This is the hospital in which so many mysterious fires occurred a few weeks ago, which were started by a little girl patient. The roof cornice of St. Agnes Roman Oatholic church, on Forty-third street, a block away, caught fire, but one engine soon extinguished it. Assistant Chief McCabe, who today sent out the "three six" alarm, was dismissed from the fire department over two years ago for sending out the same alarm at what he deemed a dangerous fire in Harlem. He was suspended.

Following is a partial list of the losses and insurances: Pottier and Stymus company, building and stock, \$200,000, insurance \$100,-

Following is a partial list of the losses and insurances: Pottier and Stymus company, building and stock, \$200,000, insurance \$100,000; W. H. Estell, furniture, stock, loss \$30,000, insurance \$5,000; Powell, Weidman & Smith, cigars, loss \$150,000, insurance unknown; Heiss & Truey, marble cutters, who occupied the basement beneath the cigar factory, loss \$26,000, insurance unknown; the building south of Pottier & Stymus's building on Fourth street, owned by Robert and Ogden Goelet, loss \$30,000, covered by insurance. This building was occupied by Sargent & Co., manufacturers of folding chairs, William Armstrong, carpenter and builder, and John Lockner, designer. Their losses and insurance are unknown. Other losses and insurance are unknown. Other losses make a formidable list, as the block was very long and thickly peopled. The greater part of it was used for business purposes.

BURNED TO DEATH. Five Children Cremated Near Greenville,

South Carolina. GREENVILLE, S. C., March 1 .- [Special.]-A most terrible burning occurred near Dean's crossing, about five miles from this city, about 8 o'clock last night. Robert Perry and his wife, two respectable colored people, and their children, left their homes to visit William Williams, a neighbor. After being at Williams's house for a short time the children, accompanied by Joe Williams, went home to build a fire. After a short time an slarm of build a fire. After a short time an slarm of fire was given. Perry and his wife ran to their home and found only the burning embers and the charred remains of the children. The names and ages of the children are as follows: James Perry, nine years; Leila Perry, seven years; Gaines Perry, four year,; Alex Perry, two years; Joe Williams, three years. It is supposed that after building the fire the children fell asleep and were not able to escape the terrible destruction. The coroner's inquest was held this afternoon. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts.

THE MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE. The Body Rushing Through Business in

The Body Rushing Through Business in Regular Omnibus Style.

Jackson, Miss., March 1.—[Special.]—Both houses of the legislature are rushing things through in railroad style. Over fifty local and unimportant bills were passed in the last twenty-four hours. The house, on its first reading, passed by a vote of seventy-four to twenty-nine the senate resolution seeking to submit a constitutional amendment to the people restricting the term of the governor to four years in succession. The bill also passed the house making a failure to pay poll tax a misdemeanor, and punishable as such. A similar bill to this was killed by the senate some days since. A large number of "five mile acts," restraining the sale of liquor, are among those passed. It is not probable that the bill seeking to reduce the number of judicial districts will become a law this session.

Mobile and Chio Railroad.

Mobile and Chio Railroad.

Mobile and Ohio Railroad.

New York, March 1.—The plan adopted at the last meeting of the Mobile and Ohio bondholders is published today. By it first decenture bondholders get 110 in new 4 per cent bonds. Other classes receive dollar for dollar in new bonds, but are required to pay assessments of 15 per cent on second debentures, 20 on third debentures and 22½ on fourth debentures. The stockholders are assessed 5 per cent in cash, for which they will be given bonds at par and 30 per cent in additional stock. The issue of new four's will be \$10,500,000 and the surplus, after completing the exchange of debentures, will be held in the treasury.

CALL OFF THE MEN. The Brotherhood and Knights of Labor.

A TRUCE BETWEEN THE TWO ORDERS.

Knights Willing to Order Their Mer Off if They Take Their Engineers Off of the Reading.

DENVER, March 1 .- Members of the Brotherhood of Engineers and Firemen held a secret meeting here last night, which was attended by men from every road running into the city. It is learned that they adopted resolutions indorsing the Burlington strike, and resolved to stand together for their demands. They debounced violence against those who the comstruction of property, and agreed, in case of demonstrations of this kind, to offer their serrices to suppress them. The company moved a passenger train east this evening, the first since Monday, but no passengers were on board. The engineer was a man who has been employed in a photograph gallery in this city for three

MAIL TRAINS RUNNING.

McCook, Neb., March 1.—Several coaches and mail cars were brought in from the east over the Burlington road last evening in charge of a United States marshal and twenty-five deputies. Some of these went west with deputies, while others remained here and stood guard around the depot. Four engineers were arrested and taken to Omaha on the charge of obstructing the mails. These men had nothing to do with the removal of a non-union engineer from a train on Monday. Everything is quiet here and has been all the time.

A TRUCE BETWEEN THE ORDERS.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., March 1.—The secretary, Joseph Cahill, who for the past few days has been in charge of the interest of the Reading Knights of Labor engineers, tonight sent the following telegram to Chairman Lee, of the Heading strikers' executive committee in this city: MAIL TRAINS BUNNING.

Chircago, March 1.—John H. Lee, Pottsville, Pa.:

Chircago, March 1.—John H. Lee, Pottsville, Pa.:

M. Arthur, will issue an order tonight to all brotherhood men who have manned our enginestic quit work. Do not permit any of our men to come here. Answer if satisfactory. JOSEPH CARIEL.

Chairman Lee promptly replied directing Secretary Cabill to see that Chief Arthur made good his promise, or otherwise to secure all possible employment on the Burlington line for the Reading strikers. Lee says he is not definitely informed as to the number of brotherhood engineers now in the service of the Reading company, but seems confident that the number is sufficiently large that their withdrawal will at once seriously embarrass. rawal will at once seriously embarrassed. Without the aid of the brotherhood he says the Reading company will find it im-possible to handle its traffic with its old em-ployes on strike and will consequently be forced to at once make terms with the

strikers.
CHICAGO, March 1.—Late tonight it was given out that important telegrams had left the headquarters of the chief engineer, Arthur, in this city regarding the strike.
Master Workman Cahil, of the district assembly, to which belong the Philadelphia and Reading striking engineers, is in the city fixing up a settlement between the knights and brotherhood. As a result the following telegrams were sent out:

brotherhood. As a result the following telegrams were sent out:
Henry Watton, Philadelphia, chairman executive board of Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen: Seall members of Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen: Seall members of Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen for the Philidelphia and Reading 1 the state of the places of men that went out on December 24, 1887, and request them to sever their connection with the company, and I will pay them until they can find employment elsewhere, and allow the men now out to return to work. By doing this the bad feeling now existing will be obliterated and will assist us to win our struggle with the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy
Mr. Walton wired that he would at once

Mr. Walton wired that he would at once ransmit the necessary orders to brotherhood odges. Mr. Arthur then sent the following: lodges. Mr. Arthur then sent the following:
Edward Kent, New York—Chairman Executive
Board Brotherbood of Locomotive Engineers: Go
to Philadelphia at once. Use your influence to get
all brotherbood engineers who took the places of
the Reading strikers to leave the service of the
company, furnishing them with financial support of
the brotherbood. The Chicago, Burlingion and
Quincy are using the strikers to beat us in the conflict. We must checkmate them.
P. M. Arthur.

Mr. Kent replied that he would leave for Philadelphia today. Eighty of the striking knights on the Reading, who arrived here Wednesday night to take the strikers' places, returned east tonight.

A FALL OF FIFTY FEET. Terrible Accident to a Westbound Train in

Terrible Accident to a Westbound Train in Western Texas.

San Antonio, Tex., March 1.—[Special.]—At 11 o'clock this morning the Southern Pacific fast train No. 22, westbound, running at a high speed, struck the 'bridge over the Condocreek, in Medina county, eighty miles west of San Antonio. The structure was apparently all night, but as the engine reached the further end the timbers gaye way, and the remainder of the train, consisting of a heavy loaded freight car and the caboose, went down, crushing into the creek. As the Spanish name "Condo" implies, it is deep, in-fact the deepest in western Texas. The cars fell fully fifty feet before they struck botton and were shivered into splinters. G. F. Etheridge, a well known stock man of this place, was instantly killed, as well as George Hardestey, brakeman, the latter being mashed to a pulp. Conductor George Davidson and Brakeman L. Hall had their legs broken. They were injured internally and are not expected to live. There were no other people on the cars. The dead and living were brought in this evening. Etheridge leaves a family. The bridge is supposed to have been weakened by the recent rafus.

A Tragedy on the Streets of Culpepper Courthouse, Va.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., March 1.—A special to the Gazette from Culpepper courthouse says: A difficulty occurred at Culpepper this morning between Edwin Barbour and Ellis Williams in which the latter was shot and killed and the former slightly wounded. Barbour is a son of Hon. James Barbour and one of the editors of the Advance, and Williams, son of G. W. Williams, editor of the Exponent. There had been some bad feeling existing between the two men for some time past, growing out of an article published in the Advance. Williams took offense at the article and demanded the name of the author, whereupon Barbour assumed responsibility. This morning about 9 o'clock the two men met on the street, and after a quarrel drew their revolvers and began shoeting. Barbour shot Williams three times, killing him almost instantly, and was shot once by Williams, receiving a very slight wound, A Tragedy on the Streets of Culpepper Court-

Six Times Sentenced—One Time Hung.

Hudson, N. Y., March 1.—Oscar F. Beckwith was langed at the court house in this city this morning for the murder of Simon Vandercook, at Austerlitz, on the 10th of January, 1882. This case has become celebrated from the fact that the condemned man had been sentenced to death six times. He has had two trials and his case has been twice passed upon by the general term of the supreme court and court of appeals, and finally application was made to the governor for executive clemency, which was denied.

Southern Passenger Agents.

Southern Passenger Agents.

Southern Passenger Agents.

Washington, March 1.—The Southern Passenger association met again today in secret session. The principal subject of discussion was whether the constitution, or the agreement upon which the association was organized, provides for differential passenger rates. Nearly the whole afternoon was consumed in the discussion and upon a failure to agree a sub-committee was appointed to further consider the question and report at a future moeting.

GLADSTONE'S HONESTY. e Compliments the Work of Chamberlain

London, March 1.—Earl Stanhope, secretary for war, has issued a memorandum relative to army matters and to the report of the committee he appointed to consider the condition for defense of the military and mercantile ports of the kingdom. He addition that tile ports of the kingdom. He admits that after a careful inquiry it has been ascertained that deficiencies exist in the defenses of Ports-mouth, Plymouth and the Thames, which render England's position dangerously insecure. This condition of affairs, he says, is mainly due, not to the mis-spending of credits, but to the rapid increase of the offensive power of other nations. Stanhope proposes that active measures be immediately passed by parliament in order to remedy this weak-ness. He further states that the system of organization recently prevailing in the war office appears to him singularly ill calculated to promote a comprehensive and critical examination of the whole subject. He explains the various reforms that have already been made or are meditated.

made or are meditated.

The Standard in an article praising Stanbope's courage, urges the government to give up their pretended policy of economy and ask parliament for money that is really indispensible for the due protection of the empire.

The Times commends Stanhope's vigor, which, it says, promises the dawn of a new era of business-like efficiency in the war office.

Lord Charles Berseford made a statement today before a meeting composed of members of

era of business-like efficiency in the war office.

Lord Charles Berseford made a statement today before a meeting composed of members of
parliament who are connected with the military and naval services, in regard to his reasons
for resigning the office of junior lord of the
admiralty. After hearing his views on the
mal-administration of the navy, the meeting
adopted a resolution demanding that the government appoint a commission to inquire into
the condition of that branch of the service.

When the credit for 6,500 pounds for missions abroad came up for consideration in the
house of commons, this evening, Labouchere,
radical, moved a reduction of the cost of the
Chamberlain mission. He said that the fishery
negotiations could have been carried on by
Minister West, without Chamberlain, and that
the cost of the mission, averageing 30 pounds
daily, was far too much.

Sir James Ferguson, underforeign secretary,
replied that those acquainted with the usual
expenses of special missions would consider
the sum moderate. No previous mission of a
like magnitude had ever been covered by a
like sum, Mr. Chamberlain had stipulated that
his expenses should be kept within the narrowest possible limits. Special missions were
resorted to only after negotiations through ordinary channels had been without result. The
fisheries question had recently threatened
complications to avert, which the government
thought a special effort was required. All
parties had met with a sincere desire to effect
a settlement and they had succeeded. If
there was any delay or difficulty in the ratification of the treaty a modus vivendi would be
arranged under which the treaty would come
at once into operation and continue two years
during which he hoped the treaty would be at once into operation and continue two years during which he hoped the treaty would be

ratified.

Mr. Gladstone said there could be no doubt Mr. Gladstone said there could be no doubt that when governments elected Mr. Chamberlain they selected a man of very eminent abilities and competency to deal with the question. When Mr. Chamberlain accepted the mission he did what the country recognized as an act of public duty and spirit, and without the smallest disparagement of the abilities and experience of Minister West, he (Gladstone) considered that he was a special envoy to represidered that he was a special envoy to repre-sent Great Britain with greater efficacy and authority than could have been done by Min-ister West's unaided efforts. [Conservative

w. H. Smith, first lord of the treasury, expressed, on behalf of the parliament and the whole country, the deepest acknowledgement. to Mr. Chamberlain for bringing to a satisfactory and peaceful conclusion, a dispute which ory and peaceful conclusion, a dispute which night have been attended with serious diffi-

T. P. O'Connor, nationalist, said that Mr.

T. P. O'Connor, nationalist, said that Mr. Gladstone's remarks about Chamberlain were another instance of his magnanimity to one of his worst and bitterest opponents.

"Is there any chance," he asked, "that Mr. Gladstone's tone will be reciprocated?" [Shouts, oh, oh!]

Mr. O'Conner condemned the selection of Chamberlain to act as diplomatist as absolutely grotesque. He would only add that he was certain the treaty would never be ratified. The credit was approved by a vote of 314 to 68. Messrs. Gladstone, Morely, Brice and most of the liberals supported the government. The minority consisted of Parnellites and several radicals.

Sir Charles Russell, liberal, moved that a

radicals.

Sir Charles Russell, liberal, moved that a committee be appointed to inquire as to the right of the government to interfere with meetings in Trafalgar square. He contended that the meetings in Trafalgar square were lawful and that the executive had no right to suppress them. suppress them.

Mr. Matthews, home secretary, asked the house to meet the motion with a direct negative. He said the government could only regard the adoption of the motion as a vote of

Grevy's Son-in-Law Convicted and Receives a

Heavy Sentence.
PARIS, March 1.—M. Wilson, son-in-law of

Paris, March 1.—M. Wilson, son-in-law of ex-President Grevy, who has been on trial for complicity in the legion of honor decoration scandals, has been convicted. He was sentenced to two years imprisonment, to pay a fine of 3,000 francs, and to be deprived of his civil rights for five years. The sentence is generally approved here.

The National says the sentence is severe, but just. Other papers concur in this view.

Three others charged with similar offenses, were sentenced as follows: Ribeaudeau, eight month's imprisonment; Dubreuil, four months, and Herbert one month. Madame Ratazzi was acquitted. The reasons assigned for judgments were given at great length. In setting forth the considerations upon which the sentences are based, the judge referred to the offenses of which the prisoners had been guilty in the severest terms. He particularly denounced the actions of Wilson. who he declared had offended against public morality and conscience.

The Prince Improving.

The Prince Improving. The Prince Improving.

San Remo, March 1.—An official bulletin issued today says: The German crown prince had a good night. His general condition is improved, and he looks better.

London, March 1.—The British Medical Journal announces, by authority, that the German crown prince is now slowly impraving. His windpipe is still in an irritated state.

state.

The Lancet comments upon the scarcity of official bulletins with reference to the condition of the German crown prince, and says it regrets that it is forced to the conclusion that the crown prince is proceeding from bad to

HERE IT IS.

The Tariff Bill Reported to the

ADDITIONS MADE TO THE FREE LIST.

and Sweeping Reductions on Sugar, Iron and Other Things-Wool on the Free List-A Synopsis of It.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Estimates of the reduction in revenue affected by the tariff bill, submitted to the ways and means committee by the democratic majority, have not been completed in details, but the aggregate, according to the best information in the hands of the committee, is fixed at \$55,00,000. The total cludes about \$22,250,000 on account of the free list; \$17,250,000 on account of the free list; \$17,250,000 on account of woolen goods; \$1,600,000 for china and [glassware; \$750,000 in the chemical schedule; something less than \$500,000 on cotton; \$1,500,000 on flax. hemp and juie, and sugar about \$11,000,000.

There is no internal revenue changes pro-

posed by the bill, the subject being purposely In addition to the free list the following are

some of the most important changes propoby the bill:

some of the most important changes proposed by the bill:

China, ornamented, 45 per cent advalorem, china, unornamented and easthenware, 40 per cent advalorem, now about 55 per cent and caustic tiles 30 per cent advalorem, now about 55 per cent, green and color ed glass bottles thrue fourths of a cent per pound, now one cent. There is also a provision for adding to the value of bottles when filled to value on dutiable goods, fiint and tile glass bottles and pressed glassware 20 per cent advalorem, now 40 per cent; cylinder and crown glass, polished, between 21x30 and 34x60 inches square, 15 per cent per square foot; above that measurement 25 cents per square foot, now 20 and 40 cents respectfully; unpolished cylinder crown and common window glass, not exceeding 10x15 inches, one cent per pound; above that and not exceeding 16x24, 134 cents; above 134 been 134 cents [134 cents] above 134 cents [135 cents] above 134 cents [136 cent per pound); fron, railway bars, 811 per ton, (now 3-10 cent per pound); fron, railway bars, 811 per ton, (now \$17 per ton); fron and steel rails \$14 per ton, (now \$17 per ton); fron and steel rails \$14 per ton, (now 12-10 cents). On sheet fron there is a uniform reduction of 11-10 cents per pound noop band, or seroll fron there is a uniform reduction of 11-10 cents per pound, now 100 cent per pound, now 100 cent per pound, now 100 cents per pou

nickel contained in them, now 15 cents; zence and speller in pigs or for manufacture 114 cents per pound, now 114 and 214 cents respectively. Hollowware 254 cents per pound, now 3. Needles of all kinds 20 per cent ad valorem, now 25 and 35 km/ves, razors, etc., 35 per cent ad valorem, now 50; pens 35 per cent ad valorem, now 12 cents per gross; typo meal 15 per cent ad valorem, now 12 cents per gross; typo meal 15 per cent ad valorem, now 12 cents per gross; typo meal 15 per cent ad valorem, now uniform at 45 ad valorem. Cabinet or house firmiture, wood, 30 per cent ad valorem, now uniform at 45 ad valorem. Cabinet or house firmiture, wood, 30 per cent ad valorem, now 35; wood manufactures uncumerated 30 per cent ad valorem, now 35; wood manufactures uncumerated 30 per cent ad valorem, now 35; wood manufactures uncumerated 30 per cent ad valorem, now 36; wood manufactures uncumerated 30 per cent ad valorem, now 36; wood manufactures uncumerated 30 per cent ad valorem, now 36; wood manufactures uncumerated 30 per cent ad valorem, now 36; wood manufactures wood so per pund, and for every additional degree. 3:100 cents per pund, and for every additional degree. 3:100 cents per pund, and for every additional degree. 3:100 cents per pund. Above 20 Dutch standard and not above 20 Dutch standard. Above 16 Dutch standard and not above 20 Dutch standard. The lower grade of m hassess is unchangel, but that testing above 46 degrees is reduced from 8 to 8 cent per gallon. Confectionery 40 per cent advalorem now 10 cents per pound.

All leaf tobacco manufactured is fixed at 35 cents per pound, and the present distinction between sumatra and ordinary tobacco is abolished.

Sauch one cent per pound, now from 2 to 224 cents per pound; rice, cleaned, 2 cents, uncleaned 15, now 254, and 154; rice meal or floor, which will pass through a No. 10 brass wire seive. 20 per cent advalorem now 10; cotton thread, yarn, warps, value not exceeding 40 cents per pound, now 154; ratisins 154 cents per pound, now 154; mustard in bottles, grou

official bulletins with reference to the condition of the German crown prince, and says it regrets that it is forced to the conclusion that the crown prince is proceeding from bad to worse.

The Crar Asked Too Much.

Rome, March 1.—Negotiations between the vatican and Russia have proved fruitless. Russia demanded impossible concessions, stipulating that Catholic bishops throughout Russia should be appointed by the czar; that Russian language should be exclusively used in Catholic churches in Russia, both in preaching and in catechising, and that the offspring of mixed marriages should be educated in the orthodox Russian church.

Saucy Little Bulgaria.

Sofia, March 1.—The government has instructed the Bulgarian agent at Constantinople to tell the porte that the Bulgarian government is determined to reject all proposals calculated to disturb Bulgaria or interfere with the present state of things.

Sales of Tobacco.

Danville, Va., March 1.—Sales of leaf tobacco in Danville for February, amounted to tall,000 pounds, or nearly sig million pounds more than for same time last year.

cotton or flax weibling 30 per cent advalorem, now 25.

Iron ore is not mentioned in the bill and other omissions have been noted.

The following is the free list:
Timber hewn and sawed, and timber used for spars and in building wharves; timber squared or sided, wood unmanufactured, not specially enumerated or provided for; sawed boards, planks, deals and other articles of sawed lumber; hubs for wheels, pests, list blocks, wagon blocks, oar blocks, rough, hewn or sawed only; staves or wood, pickets and pailings, laths, shingles, clapboards, pine or spruce love; provided that if any export duly is laid on the above mentioned articles, or either of them, by any country whence imported, all said articles imported from said country shall be subject to duly as now provided by law. Salt, in bags, sacks, barrels, or other packages, or in bulk, when imported from any country which does not charge an import duty upon salt exported from the Unite! States; flax straw, flax, not hackle lor dressed; fax hackled known as dressed line; tow of flax, or hemp, manifla and other like substitutes for hemp; jute butts, jute, sunn, sisal grass and other vegetable fibers, burlaps, not exceeding sixty inches in width of flax, jute or hemp, or of which flax, into or hemp into the internal of the really enumerated or provided for in this act, suitable to the uses for which cotton bag sing is applied, composed in whole or in part or hemp, jute, but but but its but but be seed in whole or in part or hemp, jute, but but but its jute butts.

ging for cotton or other manufactures not specially enumerated or provided for in this act, suitable to the uses for which cotton bag ing is applied, composed in whole or in part of nemp, jute, jute butts, itax, gunny bags, gunny cloth or other material, provided that as to hemp, flax, jute, jute butts, sunn and sisal grass, and manufactures thereof, except buriaps not exceeding sixty inches in width and bagging for cotton.

This act shall take effect July 1st, 1889.

Iron or steel sheets, or plates, or taggers fron coated with thin or lead, or with a mixture of which these metals is the component parts by dippling or other process and commercially known as tin plates, tern plates and taggers tin, becswax, gelatine and all similar preparations. Glycerine, crude, brown or yellow; tab glue, or isinglass, phosphorus soap, stocks, fit only for u-e as such; soap hard and soft, all of which are not otherwise specially enumerated, or provided for; extract of hemlock or other bark used for taning; Indigo, extracts of and carmined, iodine, resublined; licerice jutice, oil eroton, hemp seed and raps seed oil; flax seed or linseed oil. [Id—cotton seed, petroleum. Alumina—alum, satent alum, heave shows shows a plant and some seed of contents of and carmined, indine, resublined; licerice jutice, oil eroton, hemp seed and raps seed oil; flax seed or linseed oil. [Id—cotton seed, petroleum. Alumina—alum, satent alum, heave substitute substitute and planting. ning; Indigo, extracts of and carmined, iodine, resublimed, licorice juice, oil croton, hemp seed and rape seed oil; flax seed or linseed oil. Oil—cotton seed, petroleum. Alumina—alum, satent alum, alum substitute, sulphate of alumina, and aluminus. Cake and alum in crystals or ground. All immitations of natural mineral waters, and all artificial mineral waters. Bartya, sulphate of, or barytes unmanufactured, boracic acid, borate of lime and borax. Cement—Roman, Scotland and all others; whiting and Paris white. Copyer—sulphyte of, or blue vitriol; iron sulphate of, or copperas. Potash, crude, carbonate of, or copperas. Potash, crude, carbonate of, or fused and caustic petash. Chlorate of potash and mitrate of potash, or saltpetre crude; sulphate of potash, sulphate of soda, known as salt cuke, flurate or refined, or nitre coke, crude or refined and glaubers salts. Sulphur, refined in rolls. Coal tar, products of such as naptha, benzine, henzole, dead oil and pitch. All preparations to coal tar, not colors and dyes, and not acids of colors or dyes, logwood and other dyewoods, extracts and decoctions of spirits of turpentine. Bone black, ivory black and bone char. Ochre and ochere carths, umber and umber earths, sienna and sienna earths when dry. All preparations known as essential oils, expressed oils, distilled oils, rendered oils, alkalies, alkaloids, and all combinations. All barks, beans, berries, iceams, buds, bulbs, bulbous roots, and excessionless acci as nut galls, fruits, flowers, dried fibres, rubs, some and gums, resins, herbs, leaves, lichers, nuts, some and gums, resins, herbs, leave

ded for, earths or clays unmanufactured. China clay oline. Opium, crude, containing nine per m and over of morphia, for medicinal purticular control of the control of the

poses, iron and sieel, cotton ties, oslops for balling purpose, cut thinner than No. 20 wire gauge. Needles—sewing, darning knitting, and all others not specially enumerated or provided for in this act. Copper, imported in the form of ores, segulus of and block or coarse corper and copper cement; old copper filing for remanufacture. Nickel, in ore, matt or other crude form, not ready for consumption. Antimony, as segulus or metal quicksilver. Chromate of iron or chromic ore. Mineral substances in a crude state and metal unwrought, not specially enumerated or provided for. Briek. Vegetables in their natural state or in salt brine. Chickory root ground or unground, prepared or raw. Acorns and dandellon root, raw or prepared, and all other articles used or intended to be used as cofice or substitutes therefor, not specially enumerated or provided for. Cocca, prepared or manufactured. Dates, plums and prunes. Currants, scante and other figs. Meats, game and poultry. Milk, fresh. Eggyolks. Beans, peas and split pens. Pulp for paper maker's use. Bibles, books and pamphiets, printed in other languages than English, and books and pamphiets, and all publications of foreign societies, historical or scientific, printed for gratuitous distribution. Bulbs and bulbous roots, not medicinal. Feathers of all kinds, crude or not dressed, colored or manufactured. Finishing powder. Grease. G.indstones, finished or unfinished. Curled hair for beds or maturesses. Human hair, raw, uncleaned, and rape seed and other oil seeds of like character. Lime. Garden seeds. Linseed or flaxseed. Marble of all kinds, in block, rough or squared. Osier, or willow, prepared for basket makers' use. Broom eorn. Brush wood. Plaster of paris, when ground or calcined. Rays, of whatever material composed. Rattans and reeds, manufactured but not made up into furnished articles. Pautings, in oil or water colors, and statuary not otherwise provided for. But the term "statuary" shall be understood to include—professional productions of statuary or of sculptor

astom officials.

The latest estimates made by the committee on the says and means of probable reductions in revenue has would be effected by the passage of today's tarthat would be effeted by the passage of today's tariff bill are as follows:
Chemicals \$730,000; china and glass \$1,600,000; cotton \$277,000; provisions \$50,000 (approximate);
woolen goods \$12,300,000; sundries \$1,000,000; paper
\$2,500; sugar \$1,000,000; hemp, fax and jute \$1,800,\$00; metals \$1,500,000 (approximate); free list \$22,\$20,000. This would make the total reduction about
\$33,000,000.
Chairman Mills said today that internal systems

\$30,000,000.
Chairman Mills said today that internal revenue changes had been purposely excluded from the bill. Democratio members were still considering that bublect. It was not possible to say at this time whether their deliberations would result in the presentation of another bill dealing specifically with internal revenue, or in the inclusion of some provisions beering upon that system in the present bill at some future stage.

FITS: All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's freat Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first ay's use. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free of Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 331 Arch cet, Pbiladelphia, Pa.,

The city editor of the Los Angeles Herald as recently held up by some footpads. The burlam escaped with their pocket-books.

GEORGIA NEWS BRIEFED. Jackson county reports \$4,435 cash on hand this term of court.

Jackson county reports \$4,435 cash on hand this term of court.

The Central railroad has subscribed \$1,500 to the Augusta exposition.

Critt Williams, of Greenville, killed a buzzard the other day which had tied around its neck a brass bell. The bell is now in the hands of a worthy young lady to summons her school.

Concord has a mayor and councilmen. The estimated value of town property being \$40,000; one-half of one per cent is levied to pay expenses. Concord high school has about 100 pupils and is prosperous, Professors Keith and Brooks giving satisfaction.

Colonel Searcy has applied for a charter for a road from Griffin to Augusta. He is backed by prominent railroad parties, and the line will run through Jackson, Indian Springs, Monticello, Eatonton, Sparta and Gibson. The road will run, through some of the best counties in Georgia and at or near Gibson will connect with the A. G. & S. narrow gauge,

At Crawfordville two stores and two dwelling houses were destroyed by fire. Origin not known. Stocks of goods, most of which were saved, partially covered by insurance. No insurance on houses. Loss about \$6,000. One store and dwelling belonged to the estate of Judge J. D. Hammack; the other the property of Titus Richards, a merchant.

Lewis Teasley, an 11-year old colored boy, stole \$20 ferm (Colonel J. P. Brooke, of Al-

Judge J. D. Hammack; the other the property of Titus Richards, a merchant.

Lewis Teasley, an 11-year old colored boy, stole \$20 from Colonel J. P. Brooke, of Alpharetta. The money was taken from a drawer while Mrs. Brooke was out attending to her cow. When she came back into the house she locked the drawer, not suspecting that Lewis, in her absence, had rifled her husband's pocket-book to the extent of \$20.

Mr. Walter Griffin, one of the oldest citizens of Greensboro, is dead. He had been sick with pneumonia but was thought to be improving. Mr. Griffin was born at North Salem, N. J. From infancy to nineteen years of age he lived at Danbury, Conn. At nineteen he came to Augusta, Ga., where he lived until his marriage with Miss Rose Willis, forty-two years ago. He was engaged in the drug business in Greensboro for a long time, and was a successful business man. Five children was born to him, all of whom are dead.

Walton News: Young John Thompson, last Thursday, in company with W. A. Craft and Joe Daws, went rabbit hunting. About three o'clock, when a mile and a half from home the three men separated in going through a briery field. Thompson, in trying to make his way through a thick patch of briers, took his double barreled shotgun and with the butt from him and the muzzle close to his body, began clearing out a path through the briers. While at that, the briers caught in one of the hammers, and one barrel was discharged, the entire load of shot entering his abdomen and ranging if anything a little down, as he was stooped over. In three hours and a half from the time he shot himself, John Thompson died. He married a daughter of Mr. Jim Daws, and leaves a young widow and a six-months'-old child. About his wife and child he was terribly distressed, the first thing he said after the accident being: "What will become of my wife and child he was terribly distressed, the first thing he said after the accident being: "What will become of my bly distressed, the first thing he said after the accident being: "What will become of my wife and child?"

Struck the Negro on the Head. GREENVILLE, S. C., March 1.—[Special.]
Frank Holland, an engineer on the Columbia and Greenville railroad and Amaziah Collins, a colored switchman engaged in a dispute at the Air Line depôt, which came very near causing Collins to lose his life. Collins cursed Holland and called him a liar and was in the cot of alimbing into the engine columbrary Horse Holland. Holland and called him a har and was in the act of climbing into the engine cab where Holland was when he struck the negro on the head producing a very serious wound. Collins swore out a warrant for assault and battery against Holland who was arrested and placed under a bond of \$200 for his appearance at the next

The Right of Way.

GREENVILLE, S. C., March 1.—[Special.]—A special meeting of the city council was held to consider a petition from Chief Engineer Gardener, of the Georgia Construction company, for granting the right of way through the streets of the city. Mr. Gardener will survey the route today, and will submit it to the council in a few days.

cil in a few days.

Mr. T. E. Horton retires from the editorial control of the Greenville Daily News. The News has appeared in its enlarged form, under the management of A. P. Williams.

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Its main ingredients are raw beef and Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky, and it stimulates the energies and build up the tissues as no other scientific dis-covery has ever done.

't am a Presbyterian clergyman and a Doctor o Divinity, but I am not afraid to recommend Duffy's Malt Whisky and Duffy's Formula as the purest and most effective preparation as a medicine I know of, and my experience is a large one.
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The Board of Roads and Revenues reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Address reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Address reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Address reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Address reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Address reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Address and valuable information.

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ATLANTA MACHINE WORKS AND FOUNDRY UNLESS SOONER DISPOSED OF, THE ABOVE works will, under the order of the Superior Court of Fulton county, and subject to confirmation by the same, be sold to the highest bidder on WEDNESDAY, the 28th DAY of MARCH, 1888, at 12 ordered necessary of the confirmation of the county of the confirmation of the county NESDAY, the 28th DAY of MARCH, 1888, at 12 o'clock noon upon the premises.

Lot of land, nearly two acres, only \$60 yards from center of Atlanta, fronting on Hunter and King streets and the Georgia railroad, with spur tracks directly into the grounds. Largest works in Atlanta, commanding the trade of the entire South! The most complete plant in the south for manufacturing every variety of machinery, including engines, boilers, marble-cutting and gold-mining machinery, with other specialties, the demand for which is daily increasing. Substantial brick buildings with metal roofs. Apply soon for a bargain and easy payments. For full particulars address,

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CONSTIPATION for two or three years, was called to simmons laver Regulator, and having tried almost everything else concluded to try it. I first took a wineglassful and afterwa do reduced the dose to a teaspoonful (as per directions) after each meal. I found that it had done me so much good that I continued it until I took two bottles. Since then I have not experienced any difficulty. I keep it in my house and would not be without it, but have no use for it. having cured me."—GEO. W. SIMS, Assistant Clerk Superior Court, Bibb Co., Gin.

be without it, but have no use for k. having cured me,"—Geo. W. Sins, Assistant Clerk Superior Court, Bibb Co., Ga.

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MAKES DAILY CONNECTION WITH THE S. F. & W. fast mail train at Callaban (connection sure) and with all other trains at Jacksonville, leaving the latter place at 9:00 a. m., 12:20 p. m. and 8:30 p. m., for all points in south Florida, viz. Hawthorne, Gainesville, Cedar Key, Silver Springs, Blue Springs, Ocala, Wildwood, Panasofikee, St. Catherines, Owensboro, Dade City, Plant City, Tampa, Bartow, PuntaGorda, Leesburg, Eldorado, Tavares, Apoplea, Orlando, Titusville and the Indian river country. The only line giving a choice of three routes to points on the west coast of Florida, viz. Through Cedar Key, Lacoochee, Plant City and Orlando. The most beautiful and picturesque portions of the state are traversed by this line. Hundreds of bearing orange groves are rassed and seen from the cars. The lovely lakes of Lochlosa, Orange, Harris, Griffing, Eustis, Dora, Panasofikee and Apopka are located on this line. The only line reaching most of the points named, 2and close and direct connections made to all others. The famous Silver Spring, the head of the Ocklawaba river, can only be reached all rail via this line. The short and direct route to the beautiful Homosassa country, abounding in fish and game, and passing Blue Springs, the head of the Ocklawaba river. Can only be reached all rail via this line. The short and direct route to the beautiful Homosassa country, abounding in fish and game, and passing Blue Springs, the head of the Ocklawaba river. Can only be reached all rail via this line. The short and direct route to the beautiful Homosassa country, abounding in fish and game, and passing Blue Springs, the head of the Ocklawaba river. Can only be reached all rail via this line. The only line to Fernandina, with its celebrated beach of twetty-two miles' drive, and only thirty-six miles from Jacksonville, three daily trans. The only line to Tallabassee, the capital of the state, Madison, Monticello and Quiney. Florida's great totacco industries are located on this division of the F. R. & N. In fact, there is hardly

points.

Don't fail to send for elegant indexed township map of Florida. For any information regarding rates and routes, inquire of any of the company's agents or the following officers:

Jacksoville Ticket Office, 86 Bay st.

D. E. MAXWELL,

Gen. Supt.

Gen. Supt.

Gen. Supt.

DR. JOEL F. HAMMOND

HAS OPENED A PRIVATE OFFICE OVER JACOBS' PHARMACY for the itreatment of CHRONIC DISEASES. Office hours 8 to 10 s. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 11 p. m. Leave all calls at the clerk's deak. Consultation free.

INVIGORINE.

For Diseases of KIDNEYS, AND

BLOOD. awyers, Preachers and Writers; and Feebleness from Old Age. In Stages of Puberty and Change of Life Invigorine regu-ates and quiets. PRICE \$1.00 for Full Pint Bottle. Sold by Druggists. B. M. WOOLLEY & CO., Manuf'rs, ATLANTA, GA.

FURNITURE

BRASS BEDS!

Fancy Cabinets, and Chairs in endless variety. This is the finest Furniture in the South, and

≪\$50,000!>> New styles opened daily. Don't buy before getting prices. Terms to suit buyers.

P. H. SNOOK.

THE SOUTHERN GRANITE COMPANY,

General Contractors in Granite

We take pleasure in announcing that we are now prepared to furnish estimates upon the finest quality of Lithonia

For any and all purposes, especially in the line of FINE ARCHITECTURAL,

> MONUMENTAL AND STREET PAVING WORK.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND ESTIMATES WILL BE PROMPTLY FURNISHED.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE: 19-20 Wiggins Block, CINCINNATI. janI4-d3m



JOSEPH THOMPSON, NOS. 21 AND 23 DECATUR STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Agent for J. H. CUTTER WHISKIES for Georgia and Alabama.

W.A. HEMPHILL, President.

JACOB HAAS, Cashier CAPITAL

OPEN EVERY DAY UNTIL 2, AND

Open on Saturdays and Mondays Until 7 p. m Drafts issued on England, Germany, France and all parts of Europe at lowest market rates.

CENTRAL RAILROAD of GEORGIA No change of cars between Atlanta and Jacksonville, Fla., and intermediate points, or to Savannah, Ga.

Savannah, Ga.

ATLANTA, Georgia, December 18th, 1887, 1971 and daily except Sunday.

And those marked * are run on Sunday only.

Leave Atlanta 650 am 7:15 pm 2:30 pm 10:00 pm * 5:00 pm * 3:00 pm * 12:30 pm Arrive Inapeville 7:15 pm 8:20 am 8:45 pm 4:00 pm * 3:00 pm * 3:00 pm * 12:30 pm * 12:30 pm * 3:00 pm * 3:00 pm * 3:00 pm * 3:00 pm * 12:30 pm * 3:00 pm * 12:30 pm * 3:00 pm * 12:30 pm * 3:00 pm

8:20 am 8:45 pm 4:03 pm 11:20 cm 7:33 pm 4:58 pm 10:25 am 9:19 pm 6:30 pm 11:50 pm 7:55 pm 5:35 pm 4:10 pm 4:15 pm 11:50 pm 4:37 am 4:10 pm 4:37 am 7:25 am 2:55 pm 8:03 am 11:05 pm 4:50 pm 6:30 am 11:05 pm 4:50 pm 6:15 am 11:05 pm 4:50 am 11:05 pm 4:50 pm 6:15 am 11:05 pm 4:50 Arrive Barnesville
Arrive Macon
Arrive Columbus.
Arrive Eufaula
Arrive Montgomere via Eufaula
Arrive Albauy
Arrive Millen
Arrive Savannah. Passengers for Carrollton, Thomaston, Perry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Buena Vista, Blakeley, Clayton, Ala, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Eatonton, Milledgeville, should take the 6:50 a.m. train from Atlanta. Leave Savanuah
Leave Millen
Leave Montgomery via Eufaula
Leave Enfaula
Leave Albany
Leave Jumbus 7-25 pm 7-30 am 10-12 pm 10-17 am 10-12 pm 10-12 pm 10-17 am 10-12 pm 10-17 am 10-10 pm 10-10 pm 12-15 pm 10-30 pm 12-15 pm 10-30 pm 12-15 pm 10-30 am 10-30 pm 10-30

FOR SALE—NICE, NEW SEVEN ROOM RESI-dence; large lot, near car line; must sell at once, only \$3,000. R. H. Randall, I Kimball house, Thur, Fri, Sun. R SALE-FRUIT FARM AT HAPEVILLE Fronts 500 feet on Central radiroad. Contains 22 acres, mostly set in fruit—strawberries, raspberries, asples, peaches and some grapes. Good new barr and 4-room house, splendid water, high location good poultry house and parks, Price reasonable call on A. H Lindley, 273, Whitchall street.

NERVES.

AUCTION SALES.

WOLFE'S BARGAIN HOUSE, 98 WHITEHALL street, clothing almost given away. Casal. Vol.F. S. Bargain House, 98 Whitehall, street, clothing almost given away. Cassimer sack and frock costs, \$1.25 to \$3; choice pants, \$1.25 to \$2. Furniture at a slaughter. Bedsteads, bureaus, dressers, sideboards, wardrobes, mirrors, tables, chairs, mattresses, springs, stoves, etc. Also, 3 rood planos, 4 sewing machines. They must be sold to make room for spring. Also, a complete out, it for a soda water bottling establishment and the entire stock of the Gate City Furniture company, Now is a big chance to go into business, as these places must be sold. Money advanced on consignments. Auction sales promptly attended to. He wolfe, auctioneer.

LADIES' COLUMN.

FEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED also kid gloves, at Phillip's, 14 Marietta street FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS.

2 FINE COWS FOR SALE—ONE 4 GALLON AND one seven eighths Jersey, 2½ gallons and one pound of butter. Can be found at Morris s wagon yard, No. 115 Decatur street.

THE CHEAPEST CHAMBER AND PARLOR suites in the south can be seen at P. H. Snook's furniture stores. Over six hundred suites to select from.

fron.

TO CLOSE BUSINESS—WALL EXTENSION tables 60e foot, mattresses, bedsteads, pillower chamber and parlor suits, marble and dining tables, chairs, rockers, one fine etigere, one good refrigerator. Must be sold—store for rent. No. 5 N. Brc ad. FINE PANSIES, READY FOR BEDDING. ALSO tube roses, magnetics

L tube roses, magnolias, roses, etc. Mrs A. Lambert, East Fair street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone No. 4 FOR SALE CHEAP—SEVERAL IMPOSING stones, with tables, almost new. Call on or address Weekly Department of Constitution. declotf

HELP WANTED-MALE.

WANTED-EXPERIENCED UPHOLSTEREAS,
Steady work; Southern Spring Bed company,
Wa6ES \$18-WILL BE PAID WEEKLY TO ONE
man in every county capable of selling to the
grocery trade or families. No capital required and
a full line of samples sent absolutely free. Address
enclosing a 2c. sfamp for reply, New York M'rg
Co., 305 Broadway, New York City. fri su
WANTED-FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY.
Wanted-FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY.
Cood pay, rations, clothing and medical attendance.
Desirable men especially needed for the cavalry regiments, both white and colored. Apply at the recruiting rendezvous, No. 33 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED-A FIRST-CLASS CARRIAGE BLACKsmith and body maker with some money to
start a shop with a painter in the best place in Alabama. Good chance. Address A. F., box 350, Anniston, Ala. HELP WANTED-MALE.

W ANTED AN ACTIVE MAN OR WOMAN IN every county to sell our goods. Salary \$75 per month and expenses. Canvassing outfit and purticulars free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass. SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE.

WANTED-A POSITION AS SALESMAN OR office work, wholessle or retail, in this city, address G. A. R., Metropolitan hotel. W ANTED -SITUATION AS SHORTHAND writer; willing to commence on small salary. ss Amera Grey, general delivery, city. A YOUNG MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS MILK. ing and making butter wants a situation. Apply to C. T., care Constitution.

SITUATIONS WANTED --- FEMALE MRS. "M," WHITE LADY, DESIRES A SITUA-tion as housekeeper. Please address as above;

MRS. "O," WHITE LADY, WOULD LIKE A situation as a first-class cook, and attend to dining room. Address as above, care Constitution.

WANTED—AGENTS.

A GENTS WANTED—NOTH MARBLES, THE great moth destroyer, One box and agent prices mailed on receipt of ten two-cent stamps. H. M., Black & Co., manufacturers, Pittsburg, Pa.

WANTED—LADY AGENTS—"A" SKIRT AND Bustle Combined and B. Hose Supporters. Both new. Big profits. Secure towns for spring trade, Ladies' Supply Co., 287 W. Washington St., Chicago, 3m

\$\frac{\text{\$100}}{\text{\$100}}\$ TO \$300 A MONTH CAN BE MADE who can furnish their own horses and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. Johnson & Co., 1009 Maine street, Richmond, Va.

WANTED—FOUR BOARDERS TO OCCUPY TWO nice rooms. Strictly first class table. Terms reasonable. Large yard—just the place to spend the summer. 67 Ivy, corner Wheat. summer. 67 Ivy, corner Wheat.

108 MARIETTA STREET—ELEGANTLY LOcated, near postoffice, nicely furnished, plano in parlor, table unexcelled; satisfaction guaranteed. Terms \$4 to \$5 per week.

LEYDEN HOUSE. CLEAN, HEALTHY LOCATION. Board and rooms as reasonable as any first-class house can afford. No. 124 Peachtree st. KIRST class house can afford. No. 124 Peachtree st.

KIRBY HOUSE, NO. 11 WHEAT STREET, NOW, affords best fare and attention to local and transient. Terms moderate. Tolephone 1043. Im

OCAL, TRANSIENT AND DAY BOARDERS CAN, obtain delightful rooms, polite attention and excellent board at Nos. 26 and 28 N. Forsyth street.

MACHINERY WANTED—ONE PLANING MACHINERY WANTED—ONE PLANING MAChine and re-saw. Describe fully and name bottom price. Address Logan & Cameron, box 546, Atlanta, 6a. Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—CHICAGO
Heights, addition to the city of Topeka, Kantsas, is now platted. Will exchange lots in this addition for farm lands in all central, southern and
western states; also exchange for merchandse,
Topeka is the most prosperous and thriving city in
the west, and Chicago Heights is one of the finest
additions to the city. For particulars address, H.
D. Booge & Co., general agents, Topeka, Kansas. 65

LOST.

LOST-MOLE-ATTENTION-ON THE NI-HT about 15 hands and one inch high, eight or nine years old, was picked up on the streets in front of W.O. Jones' stable. The owner of same can get her by calling at the above stable and paying for advertisement.

USEMENT, AVENUE A CAPITOL AVENUE A Small, tan colored Scotch terrier, with close cut ears and tail, answering to name of Max; owners name on collar. A reward will be given for his re-OST—\$20 BILL. THE FINDER WILL GET \$10 by returning to 14 Marietta street. FOR SALE --- HORSES, CARRIAGES

FOR SALE-ONE MULE AND ONE HORSE cheap for cash. 185 Loyd st. FOR RENT-HOUSES. COTTAGES. FOR RENT-HOUSE NO. 15 WASHINGTON ST., corner Hunter, containing nine rooms, opposite capitol. Location central and very desirable TOR RENT—THE ST. JULIAN HOTEL, EU-faula, Ala.; 37 rooms, well furnished; electric bells and waterworks. Office and sample rooms on ground floor. Pessession given at once. If not rented, I desire to hire competent manager to run it for me. G. L. Conner, Eufaula, Ala.

FOR RENT-FOUR ROOMS, NEAR IN, GAS AND water; first floor. Address D., 93 Whitehall st. PERSONAL. MRS. J. R. GREGORY, ARTIST, 80 CAPITOL

Mavenue.

15t.

DUSINESS MEN DERIVE GREAT SATISFACTORY

tion from the use of our "Ironclad" noted which waive homestead rights and all the exemptions. We now send, postpaid, the above described note, 100 in a book, for 40c, or a book of 50 for 25c. We have also the above form with seven lines biank for taking a mortgage, which we call an "Ironclad note with mortgage clause," We send these, postpaid, 100 in a book, for 60c; 50 in a book for 35c. Address The Constitution. Address The Constitution.

ANDLORD LIENS—THE BEST FORM—SENT postpaid to any address for 50c for a tablet of dawky tf

O, or 85c for 100. Address The Constitution.

dawky tf ddwkytf

WESEND BY MAIL POSTPAID TO ANY ADdress the simplest and best forms of plain warranty land deeds, guit claim deeds, blank more gages and blank bonds for title at the following prices: 1 blank 5 cents; 2 blanks 10 cents; 1 does blanks 30 cents; 10 deaths \$1.50. Address The Costitution, Atlants, Ga.

Travel Impeded on the East Tennessee Road.

THE DAY IN MACON.

Alabama Sling Nuisance-Matter in the Superior Court-Death of Mr.

James Cherry.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—Owing to the track on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad near Pope's ferry being impassable by reason of the wreck of a freight impassable by reason of the wreck of a freight train, the through trains arriving here from the south were compelled to lay over. The passenger train due here at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, had to stop over all night. The afternoon, had to stop over all night. The one due here at 3 o'clock this morning had to wait, and about eight freight trains also. Every track had two or three trains on it. The fast mail due here at 9:30 this morning did not come until about 10. After it left all the blockaded trains resumed their schedules. HE SWEARS OFF.

Jones, the Man that Took Morphine Does Not Want Any More.

Motes, the Man that Took Morphine Does Not Want Any More.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—Slowly but surely, Bennett Jones comes back to life. He has been kept at police headquarters ever since he was brought there last Tuesday night, half dead. A Constitution reporter had a short talk with him last night. He said his friends had all deserted him, that they would not speak to him on the streets, and he could not make enough money to support his wife and children, so about three weeks ago he made up his mind to end his existence. He concluded that morphine would be the quickest and surest way to cancel all engagements with this world, so he bought fifty cents worth of the drug from one firm, paying cash for it, and the same amount from another on a credit, for which he save he will settle as soon as he gets to work and makes some money. But Jones is a reformed man. As soon as he can write he is going to sign a pledge, promising to never touch a drop of whisky, or take any poison unless prescribed by a physician. A large number of his friends and acquaintances have been at the barracks with him all the time, until this morning, when he was carried to his home on Third street. is morning, when he was carried to his on Third street.

The Alabama Sling Nuisance.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—This is the time of year that the small boy glories in the possession of an Alabama sling, with which he attempts to slay the innocent sparrow, but only, succeeds in smashing all the window glasses in the neighborhood. This perpetual sling business has now amounted to a vile nuisance. The city ordinance is in effect to place a stoppage to the matter, the police are diligent, and consequently the daily recorder's court is crowded with many mothers' pet boys, who fill up a great page of the docket; and always, owing to their extreme youth, the recorder is lenient and releases them, having the parent's promise to apply the whip. This amounts to but naught. Soon again the same offenders are arraigned as of yore, and still the same promises.

offenders are arraigned as of yore, and still the same promises.

Certainly, something should be done. This morning, while in the vicinity of Rose park, six youngsters, of about five 'or six years of ago, were shooting pebbles promiscuously into the trees, and, of course, their aim was wild, the rocks flying everywhere, on roofs, in front porohes and through glasses. Most parents let their future presidents have the back yard for a shooting gallery, but this is encouraging the pest to a still greater degree, as it is, under those circumstances, evading the ordinances. Would not a few hours spent in a cell at the city barracks teach a valuable lesson, as every other punishment has failed.

Superior Court Matters.

Superior Court Matters.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—In the case of the State vs. G. B. Gibson, he plead guilty of horse stealing, and was sent to the penitentiary for five years.

Squire Wilson Fredwick, Aaron Wilson and Frank Waver, all charged with murder, not guilty. The case was the one where a negro boy was pushed under a street car and killed, but it was proved to be an accident.

A motion for a new trial in the case of the State us. Henry Lewis, who received a sentence of three years in the penitentiary for

State us. Henry Lewis, who received a sentence of three years in the penitentiary for burglary, was filed by his attorneys, Messrs. Hodges & Howland.

The following is a list of grand jurers drawn for the May torn of the superior court: W. R. Rogers, J. S. Baxter, W. A. Juhan, W. M. Brown, B. L. Willingham, W. H. Burden, T. C. Burke, W. E. Dunwoody, A. R. Tinsley, M. M. Massey, S. E. Chamblis, R. H. Barron, H. T. Johnson, L. E. Culver, L. McManus, W. Alazlehurst, D. B. Jones, A. E. Boardman, W. R. Cox, W. B. Sparkes, W. H. Ross, W. N. Arnold, W. A. Huff, B. T. Ray, C. T. King, J. A. Orme, W. H. Virgin, E. P. Strong, C. H. Rogers.

Strong, C. H. Rogers.

The Last German In Masonic Hall. Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—A gei-man was danced this evening at Masonic hall, complimentary to Miss Beckcom, who is visi-ting Miss Louise Hunter, of this city. The dance was led by Mr. P. T. Hill, who is nearly

dance was led by Mr. P. T. Hill, who is nearly always the chosen leader. The evening was delightfully spent, and will be long remembered by all present.

The following is the list of the couples:
Miss Beckom with Jim McGaw. Miss Emmie Burr with Gene Anderson, Miss Louise Hunter with J. C. Hill, Miss Minnle Rockwell with Gene Anderson, Miss Roberts with J. C. Holmes, Miss Clara Dunlap with Paul Hill, Miss Anne Lou De-Jarnette with Syd Wyzley, Miss Maggie Smith with Ed Curd, Miss Birdie Coleman with Chas. Hall.

The Premium Committee.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—The premium committee of the Georgia state fair met this morning at the Hotel Lanier. Some met this morning at the Hotel Lanier. Some time was consumed in adopting rules and regulations for the government of the fair. They also met a committee from the Georgia Bench and Poultry association, and discussed a minimum list to be offered for dogs and chickens. Both these fairs will be in conjunction next year. The bench association will submit their lists in the morning. The committee met again this afternoon, also tonight, and have not yet finished.

A Well Pleased Audience.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special]—The academy of music was well filled this evening with a refined and cultivated audience. The attraction was Michael Strogoff, and it was presented in a way far superior to any exhib tion ever made by the company here before.
The costumes and scenery is the best seen in
Macon this season. And for the pretty girls,
too much could not be said of them. Every
one was delighted with the entertainment.

The Superintendent of the M. & C.
Macon, Ga. March 1.—[Special.]—Today
General Manager B. W. Frobel, of the Macon
and Covington railroad, appointed Mr. A. J.
McEvoy, late master of transportation on the
Louisville and Nashville railroad, as superintendent of the Macon and Covington railroad. Tendent of the Macon and Covington railroad.
The road is certainly lucky in obtaining Mr.
McEvoy, and Macon is to be congratulated in
having him for a citizen.

They Will Go Mad.

MACON, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—This morning word was received at police headquarters stating that a mad dog had taken possession of Mulberry street in the neighborhood of New street. Officers Brooks and Johnson went up, and in a very brave and fearless manner faced the animal, which proved to be a small cur. As he seemed to be somewhat effected he was dispatched without ceremony.

Mr. Charles Rainey Dead. MACON, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—The public will regret to learn of the death of Mr. Charles Rainey, of this city. He was in his twenty-second year, and one of the rising young men of the place. The funeral will occur from the residence of his father in Vine-Tille tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Personal and Social. CON, Ga.. March 1.—[Special.]—Judge pps and Mr. O'Brien, of Atlanta, are in the oity today. Mr. W. T. Frobes, of Atlanta, is at the Hotel La-

Mrs. E. R. Price, of Chattanooga, is visiting in the

flew days,
The many friends of Mrs. J. C. Howland will be glad to learn that she is recovering from her recent Devera illness.

Mr. W. E. Plumber, of El Paso, Texas, is in the oly on business.

For Diseases of NERVES. KIDNEYS, AND BLOOD, of Puberty and Change of Life Invigorine regu-B. M. WOOLLEY & CO., Manufrs, ATLANTA, GA.

FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE R SALE—NICE, NEW SEVEN ROOM RESI-dence; large lot, near car line; must sell as s. only \$3,000. R. H. Randall. 1 Kimball house, Thur, Fri, Sun.

Thur, Fri, Sun.

FOR SALE—FRUIT FARM AT HAPEVILLE
Fronts 500 feet on Central radirond. Contains 22
cacres, mostly set in fruit—strawberries, raspberries,
apples, peaches and some grapes. Good new barra
and 4-room house, splendid water, high location;
good poultry house and parks. Price reasonabl
Call on A. H Lindley, 27% Whitehall street.

AUCTION SALES.

WOLFF'S BARGAIN HOUSE 98 WHITEHALL

street, clothing almost given away. Cassly
anere sack and frock coats, \$1.25 to \$3; choice pants,
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Now is a big chance to go into business, as these
places must be sold. Money advanced on consignments. Auction sales promptly attended to. Ha
Wolfe, auctioneer.

LADIES' COLUMN. PEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED also kid gloves, at Phillip's, 14 Marietta street

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. O FINE COWS FOR SALE-ONE 4 GALLON, AND one seven eighths Jersey, 2½ gallons and one of butter. Can be found at Morris's wagon. No. 115 Decatur street. THE CHEAPEST CHAMBER AND PARLOR suites in the south can be seen at P. H. Snook's furniture stores. Over six hundred suites to select

O CLOSE BUSINESS—WALL EXTENSION tables for foot, mattresses, bedsteads, pitious mber and parlor sults, marble and dining tables, irs, rockers, one fine ettgere, one good refriger.

Must be sold—store for rent. No. 5 N. Bread. TINE PANSIES, READY FOR BEDDING. ALSO

tube roses, magnolias, roses, etc. Mrs A. Jam t, East Fair street, Atianta, Ga. Telephone No. 4 FOR SALE CHEAP — SEVERAL IMPOSING stones, with tables, almost new. Call on or address Weekly Department of Constitution. dec10-tf

HELP WANTED-MALE. Steady work; Southern Spring Bed company,
WAGES \$18.—WILL BE PAID WEEKLY TO ONE
man in every county capable of selling to the
grocery trade or families. No capital required and
a full line of samples sent absolutely free. Addressenclosing a 2c. stamp for reply, New York M'rg
Co. 305 Broadway, New York City. fri su
WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMYcavalry, artillery and infantry, able-bodied
numarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years.
Good pay, rations, clothing and medical attenuancebestrable men especially needed for the cavalry regiments, both white and colored. Apply at the recruiting rendezvous, No. 33 N. Pryor street, Att
lanta, Ga.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS CARRIAGE BLACKWantth and body maker with some money to
start a shop with a painter in the best place in Alabama. Good chance. Address A. F., box 850, Anniston, Ala.

NAMED AN ACTIVE MAN OR WOMAN INevery county to sell our goods. Salary \$75 per month and expenses. Canvassing outfit and particulars free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass.

VORK.

Cashier

nd all

con, Saynnah

n Atlanta

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE. ANTED—A POSITION AS SALESMAN OR office work, wholesale or retail, in the city, ess G. A. R., Metropolitan hotel.

W ANTED —SITUATION AS SHORTHAND writer; willing to commence on small salary.

Address Amera Grey, general delivery, city.

A YOUNG MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS MILK.

Ing and making butter wants a situation. Apply to O. T., care Constitution.

SITUATIONS WANTED --- FEMALE . "M," WHITE LADY, DESIRES A SITUA-MRS. "O," WHITE LADY, WOULD LIKE A struction as a first-class cook, and attend to dining room. Address as above, care Constitution.

WANTED-AGENTS. WANTED-AGENTS.

A GENTS WANTED-MOTH MARBLES, THE great moth destroyer, One box and agent prices mailed on receipt of ten two-cent stamps. H. M. Elack & Co., manufacturers, Pittsburg, Pa.

WANTED-LADY AGENTS-"A" SKIRT AND Bustle Combined and B. Hose Supporters. Both new. Big profits. Secure towns for spring trade, Ladies' Supply Co., 287 W. Washington St., Chicago.

100 TO \$300 A MONTH CAN BE MADE who can furnish their own borses and give their

BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED—FOUR BOARDERS TO OCCUPY TWO nice rooms. Strictly first class table. Terms reasonable. Large yard—just the place to spend the summer. 67 Ivy, corner wheat.

108 MARIETTA STREET—ELEGANTLY LOpiano in parlor, table unexcelled; satisfaction guaranteed. Terms \$4 to \$5 per week.

EYPEN HOUSE. CLEAN, HEALTHY LOCATION. Board and rooms as reasonable :8 any first-class house can afford. No. 124 Peachtree st.

KIRBY HOUSE, NO. 11 WHEAT STREET, NOW affords best fare and attention to local and transient. Terms moderate. Tolephone 1043. Im transient. Terms moderate. Tolephone 1643. Im

OCAL, TRANSIENT AND DAY BOARDERS CAN

obtain delightful rooms, polite attention and
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WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. MACHINERY WANTED—ONE PLANING MA-chine and re-saw. Describe fully and name bottom price. Address Logan & Cameron, box 546, Atlanta, 6a.

lanta, Ga.

VANTED TO EXCHANGE—CHICAGO
Heights, addition to the city of Topeka, Kanta, is now platted. Will exchange lots in this addition for farm lands in all central, southern and estern states; also exchange for merchandsed, peka is the most prosperous and thriving city in ewest, and Chicago Heights is one of the finest ditions to the city. For particulars address, H. Booge & Co., general agents, Topeka, Kansas, 6t

LOST.

LOST-MULE—ATTENTION—ON THE NIGHT atout 15 hands and one inch high, eight or nine years old, was picked up on the streets in front of w. O. Jones' stable. The owner of same can get her by calling at the above stable and paying for advertisement. TFRAYED—FROM 79 CAPITOL AVENUE A
Small, tan colored Scotch terrier, with close cufears and tail, answering to name of Max; owners
name on collar. A reward will be given for his re-

OST—\$20 BILL. THE FINDER WILL GET \$10 I by returning to 14 Marietta street. FOR SALE --- HORSES, CARRIAGES OR SALE-ONE MULE AND ONE HORSE cheap for cash, 185 Loyd st.

FOR RENT-HOUSES. COTTAGES. FOR RENT-HOUSE NO. 15 WASHINGTON ST., corner Hunter, containing nine rooms, opposite new capitol. Location central and very desirable TOR RENT—THE ST. JULIAN HOTEL, EUfaula, Ala.; 37 rooms, well furnished; electric
bells and waterworks. Office and sample rooms on
ground floor. Possession given at once. If not
rented, I desire to hire competent manager to run it
for me. G. L. Conner, Eufaula. Ala.

OR RENT-FOUR ROOMS, NEAR IN, GAS AND water; first floor. Address D., 93 Whitehall st

PERSONAL. MRS J. R. GREGORY, ARTIST, 80 CAPITOL

M avenue.

DUSINESS MEN DERIVE GREAT SATISFAC tou from the use of our "Ironclad" noted which waive homestead rights and all the exemptions. We now send, postpaid, the above described note, 100 in a book, for 40c, or a book of 50 for 25cs. We have also the above form with seven lines biant for taking a mortgage, which we call an "Ironclad note with mortgage clause." We send these, postpaid, 100 in a book, for 50c; Address The Constitution. Address The Constitution.

ANDLORD LIENS—THE BEST FORM—SENT.

10, or 85c for 100. Address The Constitution.

ddwkytf

WE SEND BY MAIL POSTPAID TO ANY ADdress the simplest and best forms of plain warranty land deeds, quit claim deeds, blank more gages and blank bonds for title at the following blanks 30 cents; 100 blanks 10 cents; 1 dosaid blanks 30 cents; 100 blanks 50.50 Address The Constitution, Atlants 63.

THE DAY IN MACON.

Jones, the Man that Took Morphine Does Not Want Any More.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—Slowly but surely, Bennett Jones comes back to life. He has been kept at police headquarters ever since he was brought there last Tuesday night, half dead. A Constitution reporter had a short talk with him last night. He said his friends had all deserted him, that they would not speak to him on the streets, and he could not make enough money to support his wife and children, so about three weeks ago he made up his mind to end his existence. He concluded that morphine would be the quickest and surest way to cancel all engagements with this world, so he bought fifty cents worth of the drug from one firm, paying cash for it, and the drug from one firm, paying cash for it, and the same amount from another on a credit, for which he save he will settle as coun as he cets which he savs he will settle as soon as he gets to work and makes some money. But Jones is a reformed man. As soon as he can write he is going to sign a pledge, promising to never touch a drop of whisky, or take any poison unless prescribed by a physician. A large number of his friends and acquaintances have been at the barracks with him all the time, until this morning, when he was carried to his home on Third street.

The Alabama Sling Nuisance.

MACON, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—This is the time of year that the small boy glories in the possession of an Alabama sling, with which he attempts to slay the innocent sparrow, but only, succeeds in smashing all the window glasses in the neighborhood. This perpetual sling business has now amounted to a vile nuisance. The city ordinance is in effect to place a stoppage to the matter, the police are diligent, and consequently the daily recorder's court is crowded with many mothers' pet boys, who fill up a great page of the docket; and always, owing to their extreme youth, the recorder is lenient and releases them, having the parent's promise to apply the whip. This amounts to but maught. Soon again the same offenders are arraigned as of yore, and still the same promises. The Alabama Sling Nuisance.

offenders are arraigned as of yore, and still the same promises.

Certainly, something should be done. This morning, while in the vicinity of Rose park, six youngsters, of about five or six years of age, were shooting pebbles promiscuously into the trees, and, of course, their aim was wild, the rocks flying everywhere, on roofs, in front porches and through glasses. Most parents let their future presidents have the back yard for a shooting gallery, but this is encouraging the pest to a still greater degree, as it is, under those circumstances, evading the ordinances. Would not a few hours spent in a cell at the city barracks teach a valuable lesson, as every other punishment has failed.

Superior Court Matters.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—In the case of the State vs. G. B. Gibson, he plead guilty of horse stealing, and was sent to the guilty of horse stealing, and was sent to the penitentiary for five years.

Squire Wilson Fredwick, Aaron Wilson and Frank Waver, all charged with murder, not guilty. The case was the one where a negro boy was pushed under a street car and killed, but it was proved to be an accident.

A motion for a new trial in the case of the State us. Henry Lewis, who received a sentence of three years in the penitentiary for burglary, was filed by his attorneys, Messrs. Hodges & Howland.

The following is a list of grand jurgers drawn.

Hodges & Howland.

The following is a list of grand jurors drawn for the May term of the superior court: W. R. Rogers, J. S. Baxter, W. A. Juhan, W. M. Brown, B. L. Willingham, W. H. Burden, T. C. Burke, W. E. Dunwoody, A. R. Tinsley, M. M. Massoy, S. E. Chamblis, R. H. Barron, H. T. Johnson, L. E. Culver, L. McManus, W. Ha-Jehurst, D. B. Jones, A. E. Boardman, W. R. Cox, W. B. Sparkes, W. H. Ross, W. N. Arnold, W. A. Huff, B. T. Ray, C. T. King, J. A. Orme, W. H. Virgin, E. P. Strong, C. H. Rogers.

The Last German In Masonic Hall.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—A german was danced this evening at Masonic hali, complimentary to Miss Beckcom, who is visiting Miss Louise Hunter, of this city. The dance was led by Mr. P. T. Hill, who is nearly

dance was led by Mr. P. T. Hill, who is nearly always the chosen leader. The evening was delightfully spent, and will be long remembered by all present.

The following is the list of the couples:
Miss Beckom with Jim McGaw, Miss Emmie Burr with Gene Anderson, Miss Louise Hunter with J. C. Hill, Miss Minnie Rockwell with Gene Anderson, Miss Roberts with J. C. Holmes, Miss Clara Dunlap with Paul Hill, Miss Anne Lou DeJarnette with Syd Wyley, Miss Maggie Smith with Ed Curd, Miss Birdie Celeman with Chas. Hall.

The Premium Committee.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—The premium committee of the Georgia state fair met this morning at the Hotel Lanier. Some time was consumed in adopting rules and regulations for the government of the fair. They also met a committee from the Georgia Bench and Poultry association, and discussed a minimum list to be offered for dogs and chickons. Both these fairs will be in conjunction next year. The bench association will submit their lists in the morning. The committee met again this afternoon, also tonight, and have not yet finished.

A Well Pleased Audience A Well Pleased Audience.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special]—The
academy of music was well filled this evening
with a refined and cultivated audience. The
attraction was Michael Strogoff, and it was
presented in a way far superior to any exhibition ever made by the company here before.
The costumes and scenery is the best seen in
Macon this season. And for the pretty girls,
too much could not be said of them. Every
one was delighted with the entertainment.

The Superintendent of the M. & C. The Superintendent of the M. & C.
Macon, Ga.. March 1.—[Special.]—Today
General Manager B. W. Frobel, of the Macon
and Covington railroad, appointed Mr. A. J.
McEvoy, late master of transportation on the
Louisville and Nashville railroad, as superintendent of the Macon and Covington railroad.
The road is certainly lucky in obtaining Mr.
McEvoy, and Macon is to be congratulated in
having him for a citizen.

They Will Go Mad. Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—This morning word was received at police headquarters stating that a mad dog had taken possession of Mulberry street in the neighborhood of New street. Officers Brooks and Johnson went up, and in a very brave and fearless manner faced the animal, which proved to be a small cur. As he seemed to be somewhat effected he was dispatched without ceremony.

Mr. Charles Rainey Dead. Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—The public will regret to learn of the death of Mr. Charles Rainey, of this city. He was in his twenty-second year, and one of the rising young men of the place. The funeral will occur from the residence of his father in Vine-ville tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Personal and Social.

MACON, Ga.. March 1.—[Special.]—Judge
Van Epps and Mr. O'Brien, of Atlanta; are in the

Mrs. E. R. Price, of Chattanooga, is visiting in the

few days.

The many friends of Mrs. J. C. Howland will be glad to learn that she is recovering from her recent mber, of El Paso, Texas, is in the W. E. Plus business.

THE GENIAL AGENT HAS SKIPPED.

THE DAY IN MACON.

Travel Impeded on the East Tennessee Road.

The Alabama Sling Naisance—Matter in the Superior Court—Death of Mr.

James Cherry.

Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—Owing to the track on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad near Pope's ferry being impassable by reason of the wreck of a freight train, the through trains arriving here from the south were compelled to lay over. The passenger train due here at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, had to step over all night. The one due here at 3 o'clock this morning had to wait, and about eight freight trains also. Every track had two or three trains on it. The fast mail due here at 9:30 this morning did not come until about 10. After it left all the blockaded trains resumed their schedules.

HE SWEARS OFF.

Jones, the Man that Took Morphine Does Not Want Any More.

ing him to keep up the good work were sent to him prepaid.

Meanwhile, Hill himself was having a good time. His collections were better than his remittances, and still his financial condition was not satisfactory. An off-hand loan was now and then effected.

One of these little transactions came near getting him into trouble. The small amount of \$5 was then procured, but was not returned "early next morning." On application by the lender a note was returned, in which assurances were given that the interest would be promptly paid. Finally his home office got wind that Hill was entering into contracts with another company, and another tracts with another company, and another special agent came to Savannah to see how things flourished.

special agent came to Savannah to see how things flourished.

Hill bore the investigation with great anxiety. He found that trouble was ahead, and he prepared to skip. He attempted the old device of paying debts with drafts in excess of the debt, he receiving the overplus.

Mr. Hill leaves a sad landlady to whom he is indebted \$75. The missing man is six feet high, spare and a blonde, with red moustache. He is of a genial disposition, and feels the necessity and value of friends.

THE TREE WAS STOLEN.

A Sensational Incident Reported From Em A Sensational Incident Reported From Emory College.

EMORY COLLEGE, Oxford, Ga., March 1.—
[Special.]—The senior class of the school of technology had decided to plant a class tree, and agreed upon Tuesday night at ten p. m. as the time. They had made a contract with an old darky to furnish the tree, which was to be delivered upon the college campus after dark, while all the other students were supposed to be at charch. The old darky drove up with a fine water-oak promptly at the appointed time. He left his team on a dark corner of the campus and went to notify the boys that he had pus and went to notify the boys that he had arrived. He was gone only about two minutes, but when he got back the tree was nowhere to be seen. The "Techs" scoured the campus for several hours, vainly searching for their tree or the thieves. Not to be outdone they went to the woods and after considerable time and labor had been lost they procured another tree which they get select the campus other tree which they got safely to the campus and planted in front of the workshop. The boys were very indignant, and it would have fared badly for the perpetrators of the joke had they been caught.

A NEW EVENING PAPER

Which is About to Make Its Appearance in Athens.

Athens, Ga., March I.-[Special.]—Today Messrs. H. Christy, J. E. Gardner and W. S. Cherry, of this city, formed a copartnership for the purpose of publishing an evening newspaper. The paper will be called the Athens Evening Graphic, and will make its appearance every afterneon at four o'clock. It will be a six column, four page paper, devoted to the interest and advancement of the classic city of Georgia. Your correspondent called on Mr. Henry Christy, the senior partner, this afterneon and in answer to questions propounded he said:

"Yes, our paper will make its appearance about the 15th at farthest of this month. All our material has been ordered and will arrive in a few days. For the present we will publish our paper at the printing house of H. L. Cranford."

Cranford."

Mcssrs. Gardner and Christy are natives of Athons, and Mr. Cherry, of Macon, and have had long experience in the newspaper busi-

Lost a Finger.

ALBANY, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—Albert Sanders, a negro boy employed in Patterson & Sons' foundry in this city, met with a painful accident yesterday. He was assisting in lowering a heavy iron casting to the ground. He let if cover down intending to will be heard ering a neavy from cashing to the ground. He let it come down, intending to pail his hand away just before it struck the earth. It came down upon it, literally crushing off his middle finger. He came up town for surgical treatment, and has borne the pain most heroically. Nut growing is destined to become a remunerative industry here. There are several groves of pecans, and other nut bearing trees planted in this vicinity and in portions of Worth county.

Tracklaying on the Macon and Covington Tracklaying on the Macon and Covington.

MADISON, Ga., March I.—[Special.]—Tracklaying has begun in carnest on the Macon and Covington road. The first Macon and Covington train was seen in Madison today. The train was loaded with crossties and came to this point via the Georgia road. Mr. W. A. Broughton purchased 20,000 crossties for this road from the Augusta and Chattaneoga road, and they are arriving daily. Work on the road is progressing very well. There is one great drawback which the contractors complain of, that is the scarcity of hands. They are now offering \$1 to \$1.50 per day for hands, but are unable to get the number wanted.

Afraid of His Debts. CLARKSVILLE, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—Geo. W. Caradine, who lived two and one-hall miles from this place, came to an end on the 27th instant by his own hand. He took strych-27th instant by his own hand. He took strych-nine. After taking, his wife asked what he had taken. He told her, but gave no reason for the act. Being involved in debt is the only cause that can be surmised. He has had a case or two continually in court for the past forty years, and now at the age of seventy, lays all his litigation over. After an inquest was held he was buried.

A Night Mail for Butler.

A Night Mail for Butler.

BUTLER. Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—Mr. B.
M. Turner, superintendent fourth division
railroad mail service, has arranged a night
mail for Butler, arriving at 2:30 o'clock by accommodation trains from Macon and Columbus. These, in addition with daily mails, furnish us with necessary mail facilities.

The railroad bridge over Beaver creek, near
this place, was somewhat damaged by the recent rain. It sunk eight or ten inches last
night.

A New Teacher at Martin Institute,

JEFFERSON, Ga., March I.—[Special.]—The
board of trustees of the Martin institute confirmed the appointment of Professor Charles
Walker as first assistant in place of S. P. Orr,
who could not accept. Mr. Walker is a graduate of the state university and comes well
indersed. He is from Monroe, Walton county.

The Jefferson Supply company throws her
banner to the breeze today in Randolph block.
The company is composed of energetic young
men and will do a good business. A New Teacher at Martin Institute

A German in Lent. Macon, Ga., March I.—(Special.)—The first german held since Lent began was danced to-night at Masonic hall. As the hall is soon to be closed, the young people wanted one more chancelbefore its doors were closed on them for-ever and eternal.

Rome's Municipal Election

ROME, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—The municipal contest is growing very warm. The election occurs Tuesday, and the friends of the candidates are hard at work. Do Not Think for a Moment
That catarrh will in time wear out. The
theory is false. Men try to believe it because
it would be pleasant if true, but it is not, as all
know. Do not let an acute attack of cold in
the head remain unsubdued. It is liable to develop into catarrh. You can rid yourself of
the cold and avoid all chance of catarrh by
using Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. If already
afflicted rid yourself of this troublesome disease
speedily by the same means. At all druggists. A LOST CHILD

A Strange Story Told From Mount Alto.

Hunter Runs Upon a Wild Child, Which Escapes Him and Eludes Further Search.

rom the Rome, Ga., Tribune. The mysterious appearance of a lost child in the cliffs around Mount Alto, about six miles down the Coosa river, near the Rixey farm, is creating considerable excitement in that neighborhood. One day last week Crew Price took a hunt

over the mountain ranges adjacent to the farm on which he resides. After he had been hunting some time he heard his dog barking, at a lively rate, on the opposite side of the moun-tain on which he was walking. As he got nearer the dog, he thought, had bayed some large animal and was afraid to attack it. But nearer the dog, he thought, had bayed some large animal and was afraid to attack it. But the astonishment of the hunter can be better imagined than described when he discovered that the dog had at bay a small boy on a cliff of a rock just above. The boy was apparently about ten years old, and rather small for his age. His clothes were ragged and torn, and the bottom part of his breeches were frayed into shreds around his ankles. He wore no hat nor coat, and his once white shirt was dirty and split in the back and front. His sleeves were almost torn into ribbons, leaving his arms exposed. When Mr. Price began talking to him the little fellow began crying, and would not answer the question asked as to who he was or where he lived. The child soon began climbing up the rocks and disappeared in the direction of Cedar Cliffs. As soon as possible, Mr. Price tried to ascend the precipitous side of the mountain to follow the boy. The hound tracked the lost child for some distance, but could not follow the trail after reaching Cedar Cliffs. The search was continued for some time, but never a vestige of a trace could be found, from which it seems that the boy was well acquainted with his haunts. Mr. Price lives on the Rixey farm, but neither himself or any other man in the neighborhood, who are accustomed to hunt squirrels and turkeys on the range of mountains, have ever seen or known of the child. Nothing more has been heard or seen of the lost boy since Mr. Price's discovery. There is talk of organizing a party of those living in the neighborhood to look for the boy and find out who ke is and how he was lost. who he is and how he was lost.

JULIUS JENKINS IN TROUBLE.

Proof That He Has Been Too Free With Other People's Goods. SAVANNAH, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—
Julius Jenkins, for eighteen years a porter at
the Savannah, Florida and Western depot,
now languishes in jail. Julius has for years
systematically robbed the baggage of drummers left in the depot to be called for. Four mers left in the depot to be called for. Four months ago he stole a pair of pants from Mosse L. Lilienthal's grip. These were found in Jenkins's house. It seems that Jenkins was not satisfied without the full suit, so yesterday he went into Lilienthal's case and secured the coat and vest. Search at the depot was made, and the missing articles were found in Jenkins's lockers. He was arrested, and a search warrant was issued. At his house were discovered a princely wardrobe, including all kinds of elegant suitings, a self-cocking revolver, a silk handkerchief, several silver spoons, with different initials engraved on them, and quantities of cigars in sample boxes. His brands comprised Nanan, Loneler, Don Casar, Signal and Elmadelo and a box of Manilla cheroots. Jenkins owned up that he had led a wicked and luxurious life.

THE CRIME CONCEALED For the Purpose of Catching Up With the Criminal.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 1 .- [Special.] -- For SAYANNAH, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—For some reason, probably to capture the criminal, a crime committed on Tuesday has never been made public. Chris Hansen, a Norwegian, les in the Sayannah hospital in a critical condition. On Tuesday he was assaulted by Prince Mungen, colored, at Broughton and Reynolds streets. It seems that Mungen had some words with a white man, and Hansen stepped up and interfered. Mungen turned upon Hansen and swore that he would get revenge. Later, when Hansen was on his way to dinner, Mungen waylaid him and struck him on the head with a brick. Policeman Kiernan ran to arrest the a brick. Policeman Kiernan ran to arrest the a brick. Policeman Kiernan ran to arrest the negro. Mungen drew a pistol and tried to shoot the officer, but the revolver snapped. Mungen then ran off. The policeman then fired three shots, but none of them took effect, and the negro escaped. He is believed to be in the city, and may be arrested. Hansen was removed to the Savannah hospital. This morning it was thought that he would not recover.

STRUCK IN THE FOREHEAD.

A Strange Occurrence to a Georgia Railroad ATHENS, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—The afternoon train on the Georgia road was shot into by Jeff McCleskey, conductor on the into by Jeff McCleskey, conductor on the Northeastern road, this evening. McCleskey with a friend was hunting. The train passed with the brakeman on the rear platform. Bet's aimed and McCleskey fired. The load of bird shot entered the rear door of the coach, and was imbedded in the partition which separates the compartments. No passenger was injured. One shot struck the colored brakeman in the forehead, but no damage. McCleskey is well known here and quite popular. His friends assert positively that his action was purely accidental.

Deaths in in Georgia. Madison, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—News has just reached the city of the death of a highly respected citizen of Putnam county, Rev. A. Winchell. Rev. Mr. Winchell was one of the oldest ministers in the Central Baptist association, having reached the age allotted to man. He was living at Harmony, Putnam county, and was greatly beloved by all who knew him, and his death is regretted by scores of friends all over the state.

A Stone-Cutters Strike.

A Stone-Cutters Strike.

Convers, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—The stone cutters here struck today for higher wages. I am informed by the foreman, Mr. James Miller, that the strike is general throughout the United States. The men demand \$5.00 a day or \$20.00 a thousand blocks. They were getting \$18.00 a thousand before. Colonel S. A. Pearce acceded to their request way they have gone back to work. and they have gone back to work.

Judge Lumpkin May Become a Candidate, ATHENS, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—It is learned today, direct from Judge Lumpkin, that he has not made up his mind whether he will be a candidate for the supreme bench or not. II Judge Lumpkin enters the race, he will receive a hearty support from the people in this circuit.

Cutting Over a Dime. Rome, Ga., March 1 .—[Special.]—John Green and George Fitzpatrick quarrelled over a dime while playing pool this afternoon, when Green cut Fitzpatrick in the breast and abdomen, inflicting serious but not fatal wounds. Green was arrested.

Mr. James Cherry Dead. Macon, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—It is with deep regret we chronicle the death of Mr. James E. Cherry, son of Justice Cherry. Mr. James, was a young man of high and expectant future, but the alwise will of Providence saw fit to take him from us. He died of conservations.

THE SEASON WE LIVE IN. From the Gwinnett, Ga., Herald. Guano is going a begging this season.

From the Dublin, Ga., Post.

The first pea bloom of the season was shown us by Mrs. M. J. Rowe.

From the Lincolnton, Ga., News.

The fruit trees are budding, and the numerous orchards will soon be immense bouquets. From the Laurens County, Ga., Post.
Robins have arrived in unusual n and the small boy is delighted, especially the happy proprietor of a slingshot.
From the McDuffie, Ga., Journal.

From the McDume, Ga., Journal.

Our kind friend, Mr. R. H. Pierce, sent us, several days ago, several heads of lettuce, grown in his garden, which were simply wonderful for this season of the year. They were deliciously crisp and tender, and were as large as those usually seen in early summer. Mr. Pearce's garden, under his perfond supervision, is the best one in this portion of

TOPICS IN THE PRESS

Colities, Eclipses, Dead Dogs, and Patriot

The state press is now engaged in the manu facture of a new legislature. Every county is discussing its favorite sons, and some sons who think they ought to be favorites are pushing themselves forward for notice. They will be very sweet on the editor now, but after the election is over, they will forget all about the men who did all their advertising in a discreet

The Toccoa News laments that, notwith standing prohibition, there seems to be a suffi-ciency of liquor in the pockets of willy citi-zens. "Quite a number of people," says the News, "have been seen on the streets under News, "nave been seen on the streets their the influence of whisky. That it is being sold illegally in Toccoa cannot be doubted. It is quite presumptious for these parties, whoever they are, to thus defy public opinion and law. We wish no human being any harm, but we unbesitatingly say that every man engaged in this illegal whichy traffic should receive severe. this illegal whisky traffic should receive severe punishment. Let the law be enforced, and the violators be punished."

The Walton News tells mournfully about the death of a favorite dog, and as the subject is a pleasant change from graver matters, it is

In the early bright sunshine of Sunday morning In the early bright sunshine of Sunday morning a little group of men and b ys gathered on the side-walk near Jim Sheat's house and chatted in a mournal, subdued sort of way.

Just on the edge of the street lay the body of a dead dog. Old "Lead," the faithful hound, had been poisoned that morning, probably in his own yard.

"I'm mighty sorry about that," remarked some one.

one. "I was buildin' some big squirrel hunts on that dog for this spring," said Luck Sheats.
"So was I," said Bill Michael.
"So was I," said Bill Michael.
"So was I," put in a third by-stander.
Old Lead was a reliable, black-and-tan hound of the old school. He was good for anything from bread and meat up, or down. His forte was treeling squirrels, and the cld-fashianed music of his yelp was a charm to the hunter's ear. He was a dog that staid at home and minded his own business, and never went prowling around, as some miserable curs do.

Jim Sheets were scalar reliable cours, bit form. Lint.

Ilm Sheats was sorely grievel over his ioss. Just e day before he had been offered a bench-legged, b-tailed Scotch terrier, and a good squirrel dog, b, he was, for old Lead. Columbus, always progressing, has just now on hand a remarkable revival in building and business. The Enquirer-Sun makes mention of many improvements, which will make a great change in the city.

A writer in the Albany News grows meditative over eclipses, and gives his recollection of the great eclipse of 1869, which he witnessed

tive over eclipses, and gives his recollection of the great eclipse of 1869, which he witnessed in Louisville. He says:

The day for the display of this celestial wonder was one of cloudless sunshine, and all that could have been desired either by artists in photography or by still more interested devotees to astronomical science. As the hour approached for the beginning of the eclipse, every commanding position about the city became througed with curious or expectant observers. Promptly to a second of the calculations, the sombre shadows of the obscuration advanced over the sun's burning disk, until no portion of its bright surface was visible sayo the magnificent corona enerching its outer rim. As I gazed, awestruck and silent, in the presence of this sut lime display of creative majesty and glory, I thought that the sacred writers of old, in looking thon similar exhibitions, must have drawn much of their inspiration in fortelling the final wrock of the material universe. And yet, no type or shadow, by saint or sage, offer to the contemplative mind, a picture half so suggestive as that given by a total ceipse of the sun of that awful day for which all other days were myde. In this temporary suspension of the source of light and heat nature herself seemed to stand a chast, as thoughen-veloped in an untimely and disastrous twilight she could not comprehend. In the solemn stiffness, and adding, if possible, to the surrounding gloom, the plaintive lowing of kine in the distant meadows was borne upon the ear, while the birds of the air, in their fright and bewilderment, fell fluttering and trenulous at the feet of the lords of creation, as if seeking sympathy and pretection at the hands of their ancient enemies. I cannot now recall the exact duration of the eclipse of '69, but I shall never forget the thrilling accelam of delight that broke from the lips or assembled thousands. It was at the instant when the sun was just emerging from its pall-like shadow, shot earthward like a glittering lance, its first bright b

Bill Moore, in the Augusta News, deserved tribute to Colonel John F. Armstrong, and says that "whatever Colonel John Armstrong attempts is always well done. Here's to his eloquent voice, his honest heart and his ever ready hand. There is only one John F. Armstrong and we have him.'

THE NEW DEPOT

Which is to be Built by the Savannah,

Florida and Western.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—The Savannah, Florida and Western railway company intend to creet a new and handsome passenger depot at the southeast corner of Liberty and East Broad streets. In a few days the contract will be let for the passenger shed. This will be built first and will be about 400 feet long. It is to be wide enough to accommodate five or six passenger trains. When the shed is completed a temporary ticket office and waiting room will be put up. Later the permanent depot building, with new office, will be added. The site is much more convenient for the public than the present one, and it will permit a handsome building to appear to a great advantage. The old depot will be used for freight purposes.

REAL ESTATE GOING UP.

REAL ESTATE GOING UP. Athens Ground Growing More and More

Valuable. ATHENS, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—Athens dirt is on the increase. Today Mr. J. T. Anderson, our real estate agent, received letters from Maryland, asking for what price farms near the city could be purchased. A letter from Pennsylvania asked what would twenty acres of land in the city be worth, as the party wished to invest and erect cottages and rent to wished to invest and erect cottages and rent to tenants. A gentleman in New York is anxious to know the least price of one hundred acres of timber lands on one of our railroads, as he wishes to move south and embark in the saw mills business. Property is steadily growing in demand, especially in the vicinity of Cobb-ham.

Captured by the Farmers' Alliance Capturee by the Farmers Alliance.
Columbus, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—Mr. Clinton Jackson, of Buena Vista, is in the city. He says that the Farmers' Alliance is taking the day in his section. The Alliance has established a store at Buena Vista, with Mr. Short as proprietor. Captain Sheppard, a former Columbusite, has a position in the store. Mr. Jackson thinks the alliance will figure promisequeusly in local politics. usly in local politics.

The Mustang Pony Again.

Columbus, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—Charley Meyer's mustang pony, which has figured conspicuously in ranaways and breakups recently, got on his metal again this afternoon and kicked the shafts and dashboard of the buggy to pieces. Mr. Meyer jumped out and escaped injury.

A Train Badly Wrecked. ALBANY, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—The freight train on the Brunswick and Western railroad leaving here at one o'clock this morning ran off the track near Tifton and was badly wrecked. No trains can pass until tonight.

The Cut Was Met. COLUMBUS, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—The Western road of Alabama promptly met the cut in passenger rates made by the Georgia Midland, and both roads sold tickets to Atlanta today at \$2.90, instead of \$3.70, as here-

An Important Rumor. CARTERSYLLE, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—
It is rumored that Governor Brown for himself or the Dade Coal company has leased the entire property of the Etowah Mining and Manufacturing company near this place.

The Colonel Still Lives. COLUMBIA, S. C., March 1.—[Special.]—The report of the death of Colonel E. B. C. Cash, the noted duelist, turns out to have been erroneous. At last accounts he was alive, although his recovery is not some and accounts he was alive, although his recovery is

Let all remember that they can buy Salva tion Oil for twenty-five cents. It kills pain.

IT IS BUT A RUMOR.

Yet It Will Excite a Great Deal of Remark.

Case of Yellow Fever Alleged to Exist Near Box Springs-How the Report Originated.

Columbus, Ga., March 1.—[Special.]—A report reached the city today that there was a genuine case of yellow fever near Box Springs. A young man named Calhoun, a son of Mr. Calvin Calhoun, who died in Florida a short time ago, is reported to be the victim of the dreaded disease. dreaded disease. The young man had just re-turned from his father's funeral in Florida when he was taken sick. Dr. Smith has charge

NORTH CAROLINA NEWS NOTES. Sentence Commuted-A Murderer II

Hiding, Etc.

A Sentence Commuted—A Murderer in Hiding, Etc.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 1.—[Special.]—Governor Scales today commuted the death sentence of Allen McCarthey, colored, to imprisonment for life. McCarthey was under sentence to be hanged at Statesville, on the 16th instant. He was convicted last May of arson The house was a small tenement in the country. The evidence on which McCarthey was convicted was purely circumstantial. Commutation was granted upon the recommendation of the solicitor and of persons who heard the trial.

Day before yesterday, Neal Jeffreys, colored, of Lockvill, Chatham counfy, was drowned while on his way to his fish traps in Deep river. He had a fit and fell in the stream, in the presence of his children, who were standing on the bank, but could give no aid.

Captain Smith, of the schooner Mattie E. Hills, arrived at Newbern this morning and reports that that vessel which was on her way from Baltimore to Wilmington, N. C., with a cargo of lime, struck on Gull shoal, in Pamlico sound, and filled with water. The crew remained in the cabin all night, in intense cold and suffered greatly. The cargo is a total loss. There is no light at Gull shoals, which is reported as very dangerous to navigation. Cape Fear river is at flood in many stations. The low lands are covered, much drift coming down stream and it requires constant effort to save the bridges and trestle work.

It is now pretty definitely understood that W. A. Anderson.

save the bridges and trestle work.

It is now pretty definitely understood that W. A. Anderson, one of the famous Mitchell county murderers, is in hiding in Madison county, being carefully concealed by relatives there. His wife has gone there. The family of Ray Anderson, an associate in the crime, have left the state and gone west, presumably to join him.

im.
In Davidson county Deputy Sheriff W. N. Kinney was seriously wounded by Henry Plowman, whom he was conducting to jail. Kinney's skull is fractured. The physicians cannot yet say whether his life can be saved. THE DOG IS MAD,

And the People Generally Are in Consterna

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 1.—[Special.]—Considerable consternation is reported to have been caused in the Cartersville section of Darlington county, this state, by the actions of a dog with hydrophobia. The brute went to one farm, nearly devoured one dog and biting off the tail of another. At another farm, a off the tail of another. At another farm, a mile distant, he attacked the negroes generally the dogs and chickens, and bit a cow so that she must die. Then he chased all the negroes out of their quarters, but fortunately none of them were bitten. Some had to climb in trees for safety. In the next farm he chased off the dogs and poultry. The owner here got his pistol and fired several times upon the mad dog, but without arousing him even to a howl. This gentleman is a fine shot and it is believed some of his bulluts must have taken effect. The dog at this place seized another dog, full grown, and ran off with it into the swamp some distunce off. At last accounts he had not been killed, and there is still much apprehension among the inhabitants, and especially among the negroes.

A Narrow Escape from Death. COLUMBIA, S. C., March 1.—[Special.]—Four COLUMBIA, S. C., March I.— Special. — Four negroes at work on the chapel building of the South Ca olina college, in this city, had a narrow escape from death this morning. The scaffold on which they stood broke and they fell twelve feet on the stone steps beneath. Three of them were badly bruised. One of these, Oliver, was thought to be killed, but recovered consciousness after some minutes. It is feared he has suffered serious internal injuries.

Phillips' Digestible Cocoa, An efficacious drink for the nervous and dys-

Syrup For Wine.

From the Wayeross, Ga., Reporter.

The other night, so we are informed, some of the fun-loving young gentlemen planned and successfully carried out a very interesting and pleasant serenade. They visited one or two places and treated the people to some music and had a warm reception. At the next house they were invited in, and wine, cake and other delicacies set before them. They did justice to the occasion and helped themselves, but one fellow by mistake got into the syrup and drank very hear-filly of it, remarking to his host that the blackberry was excellent, and so far as we know, he has not discovered the difference yet. This incident proves that he is a tee-total-ler indeed and in truth, and shows the truth of the Dutchman's remark: "Vere ignorance is bliss 'tis folly to be udderwise."

Therea Long Time Ago. From the Wayeross, Ga., Reporter. From the Wayeross, Ga., Reporter.

A sign painter was in town this week who says he painted and lettered an engine at this place during the war in 1863—25 years ago, while camped here on a march to Florida. There was no sign of a town here



This is the Top of the GENUINE Pearl Top Lamp Chimney. Allothers, similar are imitation.



D. C. Bacon, Pres. M. F. AMOROUS, Gen. Mgr ATLANTA LUMBER COMPANY,

YARDS. Humphries St., On Line C. R. R. & E. T., V. & E. T., V. & G. Railway.

Marietta Street. Long Leaf Pine,

KILN-DRY DRESSED FLOORING CEILING, WEATHERBOARDING, SHINGLES AND LATHS,

BRIDGE AND TRESTLE TIMBERS. Best in quelity, lowest in price. Write for estiELECTRIC RESORT.

A CCUMULATING

Wonderful Cures

Natural Electricity -AND-**ELECTRIFIED WATER**

ELECTRIC HEALTH RESORT HILLMAN, TALIAFERRO COUNTY, GA.

While a great deal has been published about

GREAT GEORGIA WONDER The half has not been told of the

SPEEDY AND PERMANENT RELIEF Afforded to many who have suffered from

Rheumatism! Kidney Diseases! Insomnia!

Dyspepsia! Diseases Peculiar to Women! Loss of Appetite! Nervous Prostration!

General Debility

Prof. J. R. Blake, Sr., of Greenwood, S. 41

Prof. J. R. Blake, Sr., of Greenwood, S. U recently visited the resort, and gives the result of his observations in the following extract clipped from the Greenwood Tribune:

The curative value of the place for some diseases is very remarkable. Rheumatism, dyspepsia, paralysis and some forms of nervousness were signally relieved in individuals coming under my personal observation; one young man from McCormick, S. C., who had been prostrated for seventeen months by deranged digestion, was thoroughly cured, gaining eighteen pounds in one month. An elderly gentleman from Penfeld, Ga., who had been partially paralyzed on one side for eight years, arrived at the shaft in the same hack with myself. His right hand was disabled, and he walked with great difficulty when he arrived, but after six days in the shaft he could write letters to his family, and walked with comparative ease about the grounds. Many such cases are reported by reliable persons familiar with the history of the place.

Now as to the remedial agencies at work in effecting these wonderful cures, I must speak with more caution. A very common interestion prevailing at a distance is that the relief

effecting these wonderful cures, I must speak with more caution. A very common impression prevailing at a distance is that the relief afforded partakes of the nature of the "faith cures" of which we hear so much; but no one can remain long at the place without being convinced that this hypothesis is indefensible. In many cases cures come to the incredulous, and in spite of all the laws of faith. The prevailing theory among the visitors at the shaft is that the effect is produced from electricity derived from the walls and earth floor of the rooms. To test this belief in some practical form I made the following experiment: Two No. 16 copper wires, each 12 feet long, were inserted into the walls at opposite corners of shaft No. 1. In the absence of a scientific galverneter. I introduced into the scientific galverneter. serted into the walls at opposite corners of shaft No. 1. In the absence of a scientific galvometer, I introduced into the circuit of these wires several of the most equable and self-poised patients who were present, to see if they could detect any carrent from the wall through the wires. Six persons were introduced in succession, and all except one claimed to feel in the wires the same tingling sensations which they derived directly from the wall. Of course, excited Imagination and nervous irritability are unknown quantities which cannot be eliminated from this problem, so long as the human system is employed in its solution, but it is scarcely credible that so many reliable and sober persons would be mistaken in identifying the sensation derived from the wires with the sensation given by the walls.

There is much difficulty still remaining in this problem, as to the origin of the electricity, the irregular fitful way in which it acts, and many other points suggested by the abnormal conditions of the case.

Among the remedial agencies at work, the excellent mineral water cannot be overlooked, indeed, I was at first disposed to ascribe all the cures chiefly to this agent, which of obtained in abundance from pumps in the corners of the shafts, and freely used by the patients.

Washington, Ga., January 23, 1888.—Mr.

shafts, and freely used by the patients.

Washington, Ga., January 23, 1888.—Mr., James A. Benson, President: I certify that for ten years I have been a great sufferer with rheumatism, which became very much aggravated in the last two or three years. At times I was confined to my bed and house; was unable to walk without crutches, and was compelled to give up all work. My sufferings were intense. I applied to different doctors for relief, but experienced none from their treatment. Last summer I visited the Electric Health Resort at Hillman, and after staying there awhile and drinking the Electric Waters, my rheumatism was entirely cured, and I have not had the slightest return of it. It gives me great pleasure to testify to the great healing properties of this wonderful place and its waters, and nothing that I could say would too strongly express my confidence in its virtues.

EDWARD BONNER.

Washington, Ga., January 19.—Mr. Jamsa A. Benson, President: I take pleasure in bearing testimony to the remarkable virtues of the Electric Health Resort. My little daughter, Bessic, 10 years old, had an attack of a very serious nature, affecting her neck, in June last.

of a very serious nature, affecting her neck, in June last.

Alarmed at her condition, I had her treated by the most skillful physicians in this place and Atlanta, who used artificial electricity and other remedies. In September she was still suffering, and no change perceptible, when, as a last resort, we went to the electric shaft. She only went twice. The first visit improved her, and the second night she remained all night in the rooms, and came home completely restored and has remained so. These are facts, and I state them with no other object than to inform others suffering as did my little girl of the wonderful virtues of this resort.

Mr. B. F. Brown: Dea Sir—This certifies that during last May I was stricken with severe nervous prostration, was confined to my room for three menths, and to my bed for the greater part of the time. About the 20th of August I went to the "Hillinan Shaft" (Electric Resort.) and after spending four days there found that I was completely cured, and have been entirely well ever since them. The cure in my case was a great wonder to me and my friends, and I am a strong believer in the virtues of the place.

(Signed) Mrs. J. K. Durst, Greenwood, S. C. January 23, 1888.

For any further information address

January 23, 1888.
For any further information address
B. F. BROWN,

Manager.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION Is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed porage free, at \$1.00 per month, \$2.50 for three month, or \$10.00 a year.

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION (Circulation over 110,000) is mailed, post-paid, for \$1.25 a year, or for \$1.00 in clubs of dye of more. Address all letters to THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Georgia

Ar J. J. Flynn, General Eastern Agent, Park Row, New York City.

ATLANTA, GA., MARCH 2, 1888.

The Central to the Fore, For several months THE CONSTITUTION has been urging low rates from the north and west to points in the South Atlantic states for the benefit of the people from the frozen northwest who want to come here and cast their lots with us. These rates have been obtained.

We also argued that the railroads in Georgia should take active hold of this work, that as corporations they would be more interested than any private individual possibly could be, and through their organization had means of pressing the work not possessed by others. We called their attention to the fact that every man induced to leave Georgia was an immediate loss to their revenue in freight and passengers, while every man brought into Georgia would increase their revenue.

It will be seen from an article elsewhere that the Central railroad, through General Manager Belknap, and with the hearty sympathy of the president and directors, has taken the lead in this movement. It has subscribed to the fund of the State Agricultural society, it has employed a commis-sioner of immigration and will fix up a car of Georgia products, and send him with it to the northern and northwestern fairs this

In taking this step, the new management of the Central justifies what we said of it when it took charge of the road. We claimed then, and are assured now, that it meant a broadening of its work, a quickening of its possibility and an immediate and ing benefit to the state. From first to last President Alexander and his associates have been liberal, wide awake and propressive. The result is made manifest in the receipts of the treasury, and even more so in the growing popularity of the Central system among the people at large.

NEW ENGLAND rum is causing a good deal of trouble on the coast of Africa. New England rum suits the missionaries much better than it does the savages.

Mr. Randall.

As might have been expected, the abuse of Mr. Randall by the democratic freetraders has had no effect whatever on that gentleman. All the attacks that have been ade on him by newspapers and politicians have fallen short of the mark. The whipper-snappers who criticize him have not even attracted his attention. He is still the great democratic leader in congress, and is cognized as such whenever he rises to

He spake a few words on the tariff question last Wednesday, and the house hung on his words. As usual, they were words of wisdom, prompted by patriotism, and tempered by that conservative spirit that is always the mark of genuine statesmanship. He said he did not believe that there was a conspiracy against the protective system of the United States, or that it has the slightest chance of success if it did exist. This remark was met by applause on the part of the democrats, thus showing that the free-traders and agents of the whisky ring have not made much headway in

When Mr. Randall speaks the whole house listens and applauds, and it is because he speaks the words of truth and soberness. It is a great pity that other democratic conmen do not follow Mr. Randall's ex-

WE copy elsewhere, from the New York Press, a letter from ex-Governor R. B. Bul-The letter, coming from a republican, and a southern republican at that, is very interesting. It is a letter that goes straight to the mark. What we want to know is, how Halstead and Sherman and other bloody-shirters will dispose of such testimony as this. All that they can do is to say that Governor Bullock is bull-

It is said that the engagements are about to be announced of the daughter of the prince of Wales to the crown prince of Greece, and of his son to the Princess Alexandria of Greece, the Greeks being brother and sister, as are also those to whom they are to be betrothed. The royal family of Greece and the royal family of England are already so intermarried that these young people are first cousins, and of course when announcement of the approaching nuptials of these young representatives of both families is officially made it will be received. no doubt, with great pleasure by the royalty tries which will thus be more closely united by this new alliance between the

It may be, and it probably will be, if the existing order of things in Europe is maintained long enough, that the offspring of these marriages will occupy the thrones of Great Britain and Greece. It will probably make no difference whether they have sense enough to know a throne from a butcher's block, still they will be recogse enough to know a throne from a nized as being fully entitled to any position in which their birth may place them, and will no doubt be reverenced by the people of the two countries over which they might rule. Fortunately, the time has arrived when the offspring of such a marriage, violating as it does the plainest of nature's laws, can do no harm even if they are so inclined. The time was when an imbecile on the throne could toy with the people of kingdom as unconcernedly as a cat does with a rat which it has in its talons; but all this has changed, and now the destinies of the monarchial countries of Europe are controlled, not by the royalty, nor by a nobility ose only title to authority is the right of firth, but by men who have sprung directly the masses, and through whom the hold the royalty in abeyance to their

Every reigning family in Rurope

ected by blood or marriage, and the relaionship is continually growing closer. A few more marriages like the above and all Europe will have idiots as figureheads on its

Another marriage has recently been announced which is in a strange contrast to the above. Prince Oscar, the second son of the king of Sweden, will soon marry Miss Ebba Munck, a young lady of good birth, but belonging to a family of the lower order of the nobility. The royal families of Europe, it is said, were very much shocked at this match, and every effort was made to interrupt it; but as it was purely a love match, all efforts to break it were fruitless. Prince Oscar has put at defiance the custom which usually guides royalty in the matter of matrimony, and has picked out for a wife a woman whom he loves and who loves him. He boldly announced his intention to marry her whatever might be the result, and he was so strongly sustained by the people that the royal family of Sweden was forced to accept the situation and agree to the marriage, which is soon to

Royalty in Europe will find this to be a much better plan than the exclusive principle which has heretofore governed it, and which bids fair to wreck it.

In our opinion, the democratic freetraders should begin to pack up their baggage. They will have to go to the rear.

From Opposite Standpoints. In a recent address at Indianapolis, Dr. W. H. Thomas, an eminent physician, took the position that it was no more rational or just to fine and punish a man for drunkenness than for insanity. He recommended the establishment of inebriate asylums to be

supported by the taxes paid by the saloons. The views of Dr. Thomas are held by a large number of good people, but, on the other hand, there are many, equally good and wise, who will indorse the following remarks made by the venerable Cassius M. Clay before the alumni meeting of Yale

Drunkenness like other crimes, must be hed by fine, imprisonment, exile and death, if

There appears to be no chance of a compromise between views so opposed to each other. Dr. Thomas regards the drunkard as the victim of the saloon keeper, and he would make a pet of the former and worry the latter with the terrors of the law. Against this position Mr. Clay makes

But sum tuary laws are forbidden by all the wisest apothegms of the greatest thinkers. The world is governed too much. Power is always stealing from the many to the few. Temperance, like all the virtues, comes best by no al rule and suasion. The church, the Sunday school, the famimedicines they stand against all the other thousand drugs of the shop. I will not by my own consent yield up the right to use but not abuse them. Poverty makes more drunkards than whisky. The abolition of saloons is a question of expediency only.

With public opinion divided in this way, for these two men represent two large classes of good citizens, it will be seen that the settlement of the drink problem is very far off. Those who agree with Mr. Clay will call Dr. Thomas a weak sentimentalist while the other side will say that Mr. Clay is unjust and cruel. The chasm between the two parties is so wide that it is imposs ble for them to shake hands over it.

THE Enterprise is the name of the most diminutive paper published on the continent. It is edited, printed and published by W. H. Howard and S. J. Ormond, of Atlanta. It is a very interesting publica tion, and shows what two enterprising youngsters can do when they try.

Wanting the Women to Vote. The prohibition question has assumed very novel shape in Massachusetts, which has brought about considerable bad feeling between the republican and prohibition members of the legislature of that state.

A bill was introduced some time ago in this legislature giving the right to women to vote on the question of license or no icense for the sale of liquors. The republicans are decidedly in a majority, and only a short while ago the senate, by a vote of twenty-five to eight, engrossed the resolve for the prohibitory amendment, the republicans voting solidly in the affirmative. As the republicans are in a majority by three to one in this branch of the legislature, it was thought that there would be no trouble in passing a bill to permit women to vote on the license question, and consequently the prohibitionists lost no time in introducng such a bill and pushing it to an early vote. Much to their astonishment, it re ceived nineteen votes against it to eighteen for it; enough republicans voting against it o insure its defeat. Among the republicans who voted against it seven were pronounced prohibitionists, and the fact that they voted against the proposed measure has brought on them the bitter denunciation of the pronibitionists, who claim that if they had voted for the measure there would have been no trouble in securing prohibition throughout the state. Even the Boston Herald, usually calm and dispassionate in its discussion of political affairs, denounces the seven republicans who voted against the measure as treacherous supporters of the temperance cause, and commends them to the notice of the prohibition party as being "unwilling to give women a chance to make rohibition a local fact."

The result of the vote has been to still further separate the prohibitionists and the republicans, and to convice the former that the latter's pretended friendship and support of the prohibition cause has been but scheme to hold the vote and influence of the prohibition party. The prohibitionists in that state have about lost faith in the republicans, and will hereafter work in their own interests, with individual political organization and action.

The recent train robbery in Arkansas shows how easy it is for a few determined men to awe a crowd, seize everything in sight, and escape with their plunder.

In the Arkansas case there were three obbers. They captured the express car, and in thirty-five minutes succeeded in rob bing it, and making their departure unharmed. It is true that these three men had fire-arms, and were prepared to use them, but one would naturally suppose that the engineer, conductor, train hands, express messenger, route agents, and several car loads of passengers would have been more than a match for them.

and in nearly every instance of the kind that have been reported, the parties attacked appear to have been overcome by a kind of panic, or rather a general paralysis, which made it impossible for them to fight or run.

A train robbery is an easy matter. Take a train, for example, running through a forest, or a sparsely settled country, say about one or two o'clock in the morning. The passengers are asleep, or only half awake, and the employes are in a dreamy, apathetic state, hardly conscious of what is going on. Suddenly, and without the slightest warning, several men appear with cocked pistols, commanding those within range to throw up their hands. startled passengers see death staring them in the face, and before they have thought about resistance, they mechanically obey orders, and hand over their property. A moment later they rub their eyes and look angrily upon each other. It is too late. The robbers, mounted on their fleet steeds, have disappeared. The train rattles on until a city is reached, and then there is a flurry among the detectives. Sometimes the robbers are caught, when they are fool ish enough to give themselves away, but sometimes they are never heard of again.

If our train robbers continue to improve in their methods, the traveling public will soon find them a serious obstacle in their path. The queetion is, what are the authorities and the railroads going to

EDITORIAL POSTSCRIPT.

JUSTIN D. FULTON'S bitter attacks upon the Catholics would cause somebody to punch his head if people generally did not consider him

WHILE BANKER CORCORAN WAS On his widow of a young man who had committed

It may be wrong to rejoice over the mis-fortunes of others, but the Vicksburg Herald makes merry over the fact that the under takers of that city are starving to death. IT IS FORTUNATE that Mrs. Cleveland is

about her by some of the too fresh young men on the press would turn the heads of some wo IN NEW JERSEY the governor declares local option unconstitutional, and in Wisconsin the supreme court decides that simple drunken-

ness cannot be made a penal offense. The prohibitionists should send their missionaries to those two states. AUSTRALIA IS CELEBRATING its contempial as a British colony. Just one hundred years ago Captain Cook took possession of the vast island for the British crown, and the first

colonly was a sihp load of convicts landed at Botany Bay. THE SUPREME COURT of Ohio has decided that boards of education can not require that white and colored children shall be taught in separate schools. This decision results from a law passed by the last republican legislature, and its effect will be the co-education of th

Commercial-Gazette thus speaks of the pro-posed removal of Libby prison from Richmond o Chicago: "The tearing down of Libb prison, transportation of the materials to Chicago, and re-erection there, will prove a costly enterprise, and we doubt the success of the scheme-a purely money-making one. No pleasant memories are recalled, no pleasant sentiments are aroused by the sight of thi hideous old prison pen, or the mention of it name. We can not see what is to be gained by its perpetuation as a public show. But these enterprising Chicagoans have peculiar ideas of the fitness of things." This leads us to hope that peace is at hand.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE. Our Only Living American Lord.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Is it true that the oresent Lord Fairfax is living in Maryland.

J. K. S. Yes. John Contee Fairfax, the eleventh Lord near Brightseat postoffice, Prince George county, Maryland, is a country gentlemant of simple manners and dignity of character, who enjoys and deserves the esteem of all that know him. He calls himself Fairfax, having received in his youth a degree from a medical college, and afterwards pra his profession for a time with distinguished success He has a number of children. The name and family the "Peerage," published every year in England, and during the last year he received from her maiesty the queen a great card of invitation, addressing him as "My Lord" and bidding him in courtly to be present with her other peers at her a Westminster Abbey—a summons he did

not find it convenient to obey

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Now that the Western and Atlantic railroad has reduced all rates to nearly two cents a mile, may it not be hoped that with its old generosity it may bring the clerical rates to the old standard of one-and-a hall cents? No, why should it? The rates are low enough for

Thinking of Old Times.

BREMEN, Ga., February 29.-Editors Contitution; Will you allow a few words more about the battle at Munfreesboro, Tenn.

Well do I remember when Company E, Second well do I remember when Company E, Second Georgia cavairy, was organized in Griffin (I lived there then.) and can never forget the day they left; for I had not only many friends in it, but my youngest brother, George S. W. Parker, was one of them, and only a short time elapsed before we got news of the above named battle—and it was about as stated in S. H. Dean's letter. What I want to menition especially is that brother George had his cap shot off his head in the courthouse with other members of Company E. I have seen the cap with a bullet hole through it afterward and think perhaps they have it at his home at Cresswell, where our father settled between eighty and on hundred years ago, when his nearest neighbor lived six miles away. "Oh, my old cottage home." Now the Central and Georgia and Florida railroad crosses there and now quite a village occupies our old hunting ground. This digression grows out of memories revived by our boyhood as well as manhood days.

THE ISSUES OF THE WAR.

THE ISSUES OF THE WAR. Ex-Governor Bullock, in a Notable Letter

From the New York Press.

To the Editor of the Press: On my return home yesterday I fnd on my files your daily of the 16th inst., in which you honor me with notice. In your editorial, "The War Issues Are Settled," you

ay:
"It is all well enough for ex Governor Bullock to "It is all well enough for ex-Governor Bullock to declare that republicans have the same right at the polls in Georgia as democrats, but the cold facts point the other way. And admitting for a moment the truth of Mr. Bullock's statement, does he contend and do the mugwumps and weak-kneed republicans contend that this is a condition of affairs which the republican party should comment? Is it a healthy sign to have politics so one-sided that all the members of congress in the state of Georgia are elected by 10,000 less votes than are polled in one congressional district in the north?"

Just let me ask what are the "cold facts that point the other way?" and then say to you I have never

the other way?" and then say to you I have never been a "mugwump" or a "week kneed republican," and I have no right to speak for either class. But what I do contend for is, that the national republi-can party will give us issues upon which our white people can divide in the south, and I have ventured to recommend that in making those issues all ones. people can divide in the south, and I have ventured to recommend that in making those issues all questions growing out of the war be ignored. All those issues were and are imbedded in the amended constitution of the United States, which now bears equally on all the states and not sectionally upon

do not have the same rights at the polls in Georgia as democrats. In my last communication to you 1 gave you a brief recital of facts touching elections in Georgia, where an effort was made to defeat ex-Governor Brown because he had savored the ac-ceptance of the republican scheme of southern re-construction. There was in those elections a heated contest, but there has never been an allegation of total parameters. in Georgia, where an effort was made to otes being suppressed or the ballot boxes being ampered with. In those elections the liberal and progressive elements outvoted the bourbons, as they always will when there is no outside interference to

excite local prejudice.

If it were true that any republican—colored o whiet—vote was suppressed in a congressional elec-tion, the defeated candidate has his remedy before congress. If such suppression occurs in state or lo-cal elections, the voter has his remedy in the United states courts in his district. Has not the republican party, therefore, done its whole duty with regard to

his issue?
It is unreasonable for me now to insist that this it is unreasonable for me now to insist that this is no longer an issue for national platforms or for national politics. This is my view of it, but you say "the re-publican party made the negroes voters, and it is the bounden duty of that party to see that they are not defrauded out of the franchise." And this volument it as it has it is a likely and the property of the second of the franchise. you point to as the vital living new issue for the coming campaign. Granted. But let us consider how the party can best secure that result. The republican party made the negroes voters twenty years ago, or rather, the party invited us in the south to accept them as voters or take omething worse. It is strange that this enfranchisement of the negro excited violence, when the prejudices of the times and the fears of social dis orders were inflamed by skillful politicians under the head of the president of the United States? Did the republican party, having a two-thirds majority in congress, maintain the majesty of their law, or sustain its negro enfranchisement by the impeachment of a president who denounced its policy and defied its law? Did not this failure of a republican congress to maintain its own policy send those of us in the south who had accepted it, on a "fool's errand?" Is it not sair for me to now ask you what has the republican party ever accomplished, in congress or out of it, to protect the negro franchise, except the amendments to the constitution?

Do you believe that the party can do for the negrous constitution.

gro hereafter in the way of direct protection for rote-if such protection were needed—that which it has utterly falled to do in the past? Is there any-thing in such an issue at this time except an effort to "fire the northern heart" by a renewal of sec-

onal prejudices? In my opinion, Mr. Editor, you are too late for this. The great masses of the people have outerown it, and a wholegeneration of voters have come to the franchise to whom the war and its issues are only history. No, Mr. Editor, the only help that has come or can come from the party to the negro with relation to his political status south was when the party abandoned all further efforts beyond the ments to the constitution. Relieved from he prejudice which arose from the belief that his ditical action was controlled by alien influences, the lored yoter has become an important element in our local contests, and his influence and his vote is politely solicited. There may have been those who had discernment enough to realize that this aban-donment of impotent efforts was in the highest sense promotive of absolute protection to the colded voter by building up a local sentiment of fai ness to take the place of unreasoning prejudice This has certainly been and is the result, and on all true as to national questions in the future if economic and industrial issues are presented. There is no "shot gun," Hot lunches and spring carriages are at the scrvice of the colored voter. This is better "protection" than any special legislation can command, and it has come because the party aban-

In the presence of this reality I plead for such action by the republican party in the coming national convention as will make this abandonment of the negro issue perpetual. Such action will continue to benefit both white and colored republicans in the south and help the masses of our white people to rise above their prejudices and consider issues that are practical rather than emotional and theoretical. To us the real living issue now is the abolition of all federal internal taxation and the adjustment of im port duties on foreign products for the profection of American industry. Rufus B. Bullock. Atlanta, Ga., February 25.

"Bill Arp" On the Boycott.

Pope said, "Whatever is, is right." So it was right that Joseph's brethren should east him into a pit, and afterwards sell him to the Ishmaelites; but those brethren were, nevertheless, guilty of a great wrong. The prosecution of Dr. Woodrow was for a time believed to be based upon sincere Christian apprehensions that his teachings were unsafe, and put the faith of the fathers in peril; but now that it seems to be a persecution, there is quite a general reaction in his favor. And so the purposes of providence may yet be made plain, an l in due time it will appear that this persecution was

There is some comfort in this hope, and it is all the comfort there is. Such a persecution of a great and good man has not been witnessed in this land of religious liberty. It has now reached an ultima-tum that shocks conscience and Christian charity. It is not only an insult to his pride of character, his life-long devotion to the church and to truth, but an insult to the intelligence of the young men who have dared to attend his lectures. "This thing was not done in a corner." These books and these teachings are in every respectable public library, and sooner or later the young men will find them. This very opposition will excite their intenses curiosity, yea, more, their eager desire to read and

study and pouder for themselves.

What is the church afraid of? If Dr. Woodrow wrong, cannot his persecutors meet him in argument? Not long ago the writer heard a ministe say, "We have at last got our heels upon him, and we will keep them there." He could not help showing his vindictiveness as he stamped upon the ground: "Alas, for the rarity of Christian charity." Many of us are grieved and amazed and tired Hundreds, yea, thousands, have not spoken, who would like to speak—have not written, but would like to write and say, "Dr. Woodrow may err in his scriptures, but nevertheless we love and honor him for his noble Christian life and usefulness in the future." Cartersville, Ga.

From the Flewery Kingdom The New York Chinaman who imports tea

A Natural Wonder.
From the Atchison Globe.
We are unable to understand how a man

RANDOM SHOTS

"I can't go to jail," said a funny vagrant the judge. "Take ten days. No extra cha A Japanese school boy closed his English composition on the whale with the remark: 'The tell of the whale is more—but I do not know fully

An Arkansas judge sentenced a man to two years in a penitentiary for stealing a Bible. The gospel does not seem to be free and without price down in Arkansas. There is a great demand for blasting powder

reported by the trade papers. It is mostly used in breaking open a way for new railroads, and goes west to blow up with the country. A writer says: "A woman's crown of glory is a fine head of hair." It must be a great satisfaction to a woman to know that a "crown of glory can be purchased for thirty dollars-provide

Governor Martin, of Kansas, sent a straw-Governor Marcin, or wansas, sent a straw-berry blonde doll to the Grand Army fair in Wash-ington, and a note explaining that, she has caught in the meshes of her hair the light of the Kausas sun, and in her eyes the violet shadows that girt the

A young lady and gentleman were married on the top of the Blue mountains in Pennsylvania the other day. They had a marriage license from the court of Schuylkill county and were in Berks county. The nearest point where the lie Three men, over six hundred miles apart, invented an egg-bester on the same day, and their applications for a patent arrived in Washington within two hours of each other. How many other men; hundreds of miles apart, invented egg-nog; the same day there are no means of knowing, but the number was doubtless many thousands.

JACKSON, Miss., March 1.—[Special.]—The fourth day of the great Hamilton-Gambrell trial ends with only the nine jurers in the box who were accepted on yesterday. Every man examined today had opinions which disqualified him as a jurer. The court adjourned and the sheriff sent more deputies to distant parts of the county for fresh material.

THE CHINESE TREATY THE CENTRAL LEADS The Senate Passes Mr. Sherman's Resolution-Th Dependent Pension Bill.

and placed on file.

The resolution reported vesterday by Mr.
Sherman requesting the president to negotiate a treaty with the emperor of China, to contain a provision that no Chinese laborer shall enter, the United States, was taken up, dis-

enter the United States, was taken up, discussed and adopted.

The pension bill was taken up, the pending question being on the amendment offered yesterday by Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, to add the words "from infirmities of age."

Mr. Beck said that he understood the mean-

ing of the amendment to be that every one who served in the late war or in the war with Mexico, or in any Indian war, and who

with Mexico, or in any Indian war, and who was suffering under the "infirmities of age" would be entitled to a pension of \$12 a month. He supposed that every man over fifty or sixty years of age would consider himself as suffering under the

tors turned the discussion into an interlocutory debate, participated in by Messrs. Hawley, Plumb, Sherman, Aldrich, Platt, Teller and

McPherson.
Without a vote on the pending amendment, the senate adjourned till Monday.

ATLANTA'S PUBLIC BUILDING.

The Bill For Its Enlargement Reported to

the House.
Washington, March 1.—On motion of Mr

Washington, starts 1.—On motion of Mr. Dargan, of South Carolina, the senate bill was passed authorizing the secretary of war to transfer to the trustees of Porter academy, of Charleston, S. C., certain property belonging to the government and formerly used as an

Mr. Blount, from the committee on post

Mr. Blount, from the committee on postoffices and postroads, reported adversely the
bill prohibiting the transmission through the
mails of newspapers containing lottery advertisements. Placed on the calendar.
Mr. Dibble, from the committee on public
buildings and grounds, reported the bill to enlarge the public building at Atlanta. Referred
to committee of the whole.
Public buildings were then provided for
Bridgeport, Conn., and Hoboken, N. J.
The floor was accorded to the committee on
foreign affairs, and Mr. Belmont, under instructions from that committee, called up the
joint resolution accepting the invitation of the
French republic for the United States to take
part in the international exhibition to be held

part in the international exhibition to be held in Paris in 1889. Mr. Belmont explained and

in Paris in 1899. Arr. Definion explained and advocated the resolution.

Several western members, while favoring the objects of the resolution, thought the present a good time to enter a protest against discrimination by France against

American hog products. Accordingly Mr. Adams, of Illinois, offered an amendment to

Adams, of Inmois, onered an amendment to the resolution authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to prepare for gratuitous distribu-tion at the Paris exposition a concise statement descriptive of swine raising in the United States and the methods used in preparing pork

relative wholesomeness of pork raising in the United States and in other countries.

The amendment which appropriates \$25,000 to carry out its provisions was agreed to.

The joint resolution was agreed to in committee of the whole, where it was being considered, and ordered to be favorably reported to the house.

of the house.

Mr. Belmont then called up the joint resolu-

All. Belmont then called up the joint resolu-tion authorizing the president to arrange a conference to be held in Washington, in 1889, for the purpose of promoting arbitration and encouraging the principal commercial relations between the United States republics of Cen-tral and South America and the empire of

Several speeches were made in favor of the

resolution on both sides of the house. Nobody was opposed to it.

The amendment was adopted, making one of the questions to be considered by the conference, means of direct communication be-

tween the United States and other countries.

The resolution was then agreed to and the

ommittee having risen, both joint resolutions unsidered by it were passed. A joint resolution on was also passed authorizing the secretary the navy to tender a war vessel for the con-

veyance of the mortal remains of General James Antrenio Paez from New York to Ven-

A REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

Selection of a Congressional Committee-

Who Compose It. WASHINGTON, March 1 .- A joint caucus of

he republican senators and representatives was seld at the capitol this evening. In the absence of

Senator Edmunds, Senator Teller was made chair

man, and Representative McComas, secretary of the

senator Edmunds, Senator Teller was made chairman, and Representative McComas, secretary of the caucus. Thereafter the following republican congressional committee was chosen by the caucus. John B. McDuffie, New York: Joseph McKenna, California; George G. Symes, Colorado; Chas, H. Russell, Connecticut; Senator C. B. Farwell, Illinois; George W. Steel, Indiana; Edwin H. Conger, Iowa; Thomas Ryan, Kansas; Charles A. Beutelle, Maine; Louis E. McComas, Maryland; Robert T. Davis, Massachusetts; Senator H. W. Palmer, Michigan; John Lind, Minnesota; William H. Wade, Missouri; James Laird, Nebraska; William Woodburn, Nevada; Senator Blair, New Hampshire; James Buchanan, New Jersey; George West, New York; John M. Brower, North Carolina; A. C. Thompson, Ohlo; Senator Dolph, Oregon; H. H. Bingham, Pennsylvania; Senator Aldrich, Rhode Island; Robert Smalls, South Carolina; L. C. Houk, Tennessee; John W. Stewart, Vermont: Nathan Goff, West Virginia; Senator Sawyer, Wisconshir, O. S. Gifford, Dakota; F. T. Dubois, Idaho; Joseph M. Carey, Wyoming. Kentucky and Virginia were authorized to selet one member each and report his name to the secretary of the joint caucus.

one member each and report his name to the tary of the joint caucus.

Statement of Our Account

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WASHINGTON, March 1.—The debt statement issued today shows a decrease in the public debt during the month of February to be \$7,-756,366.67. Decrease of the debt since June 30, 1887, \$76,974,022.20; cash in the treasury \$572,390,989.34; gold certificates outstanding \$96,697,913; silver certificates outstanding \$184,452,659; certificates of deposit outstanding \$11,215,000; legal tenders outstanding \$346,681,016; fractional currency not including amount estimated as lost or destroyed. \$6,-941,825.12; total interest bearing debt \$1,041,-764,052; total debt of all classes \$1,700,755,778.-64; total debt less available cash items and less net cash in the treasury \$1,202,466,714.82.

Running Out an Emigration Agent.

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 1 .- [Special.]-

Some excitement is reported at Newberry on account of the presence of R. A. William, representing himself as the southeastern traveling agent of the Memphis and Little Rock railway. His mission was to get negro emigrants for Arkansas and take them over his line. He went about his work rather mysteriously, and excited the uil will of the farmers, who are bitterly opposed to any negroes being taken away. A letter of warning was sent to Williams, and one man went to his hotel and abused him roundly. There was also threats of mobbling him, and warning him to quit the town, but no violence was used. He left the place, taking about a dozen negroes with him.

To Tax the Poor Doctors

senate but reducing the interest of the Chickasaw school fund from 8 to 6 per cent was defeated in the house tonight by three majority, after a hot fight. The ways and means committee will report tomorrow. The state tax will probably be increased from three and one-half to four miles. Privilege taxes will be increased in some instances, and a tax of ten dollars per annum will be recommended as to each practicing physician.

senate bill reducing the interest of the Chicka-

me excitement is reported at Newberry on ac

ezuela.

The house then, at 5:15, adjourned.

eness of pork raising in the

for export, and giving informat

In the Good Work of Building Up WASHINGTON, March 1.—In the senate, the redentials of Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, for the Agricultural Interests. senatorial term beginning the 4th of March, 1889, were presented by the presiding officer and placed on file.

Mr. Glessner in Charge of the Immigration Department—A Movement Which Will be Watched With Interest.

The Central road of Georgia has started a good work, the need of which can be seen.

Mr. M. S. Belknap, general manager of the road, met the executive committee of the State Agricultural society at Waycross, and laid before them the new departure the road has determined to make in reference to building up the agricultural interests of Georgia special charge of this work it is proper to say that the Central railroad from one end to the other is heartily in sympathy with it.

The Central railroad began by making a subscription to the general fund of the society, to aid in covering the preliminary expenses of the fair, and enable them to extend their premium list and will co-operate with them as far as possible in holding as many fairs, county or state, as in their judgment is best; that a proper emulation among farmers will be ex-cited, and better methods for farming be disseminated, and especially to induce emigration to the state from the north and west.

would consider himself as suffering under the infirmities of age, could the senator from Iowa, or any other senator, guess how much money that amendment, if adopted, would take out of the treasury? He ventured to assert that five hundred millions would not half cover the amount of the expenditure under it. There was no use, he said, in talking of the surplus in the treasury. This bill would settle that for all time to come. The moment congres undertook to pension all men who became old, the country would be bankrupted, unless taxes were doubled, trebled and quadrupled. The protected robber baron monopolists could not have drawn a bill in their own interest more adroitly than this bill was drawn. The next step of the Central road was to employ Mr. Glessner, of the Americus Recorder, whose admirable articles in THE CONSTITU-Interest more adroitly than this bill was drawn. Incidental to this phase of the bill, Mr. Beck ligressed to a discussion of the tariff and later on to the demonetization of silver and TION, on "Farming in Ohio and Georgia," attracted such general attention, in connection with the society for the purpose of inducing immigrants from states less favored than our own. It is intended that Mr. Glassner will take charge of the immigration department of the Central road; will travel through the north and west, with a list of land in the different localities of the state suitable for farming, or other purposes, with the prices and terms upon which it can be bought. The Central road proposes to fix up a car full of agricultural and nineral products of the state, and samples of the soils, to be sent to fairs in the north and northwest, in charge of Mr. Glessner, for the ourpose of showing what is being done in this state, and the character of the soil.

The Central will extend its work further by providing some suitable persons in each county long its line for the purpose of receiving visitors who may come with a view of investing, and giving them advantage of local information tion. In short, the Central road proposes to go to work in earnest and specifically advertise the resources of the state and induce immigra-

It will be, of course, understood that this is no local movement for its lines. It is intended for the benefit of the state at large, and excursionists brought down will have the chance of selection in any part of the state, being in no sense limited to the line of the Central road. The managers of the road wisely hope that the ganeral prosperity will come back to them in due proportion. The work is already under way, and the experiment will be watched with interest. In the meantime the renders of THE Constitution will be kept fully acquainted with the plans of the Central as they develop.

DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

The Colored University of Alabama Will Not Materialize.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Marche 1.—[Special.]— The colored university of Alabama, recently located in Montgomery, received a black eye from the supreme court today. The last general assembly passed an act in February, 1887, appropriating ten thousand dollars for the purpose of erecting the university, and also the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars annually for the support and maintenance of the institution the property to be faken from the institutition, the money to be taken from that part of the general school fund set apart for the education of negroes.

Last summer W. E. Ellsbury and others, as

Last summer W. E. Ellsbury and others, as citizens and tax payers, filed a bill in the city court praying for an injunction against the governor, state treasurer and board of trustees, to enjoin them from using the money appropriated on the ground that the locating of the

priated on the ground that the locating of the university here was unlawful and contrary to the wishes of the citizens. The bill was dismissed in the city court and the complainants then took an appeal to the supreme court.

The decision, which has been awaited with general interest, was rendered today, Justice Clapton delivering the opinion in the case. The opinion holds that the act making the appropriation is unconstitutional because it negro children in the state as intended, and provided for by the framers of the constitu-

Some of the best lawyers in the state are of the opinion that the acts of the legislature establishing normal schools in Alabama will also be declared unconstitutional. The common school fund is made up of the sixteenth section fund and advantaged for intelligence. fund and poll taxes. One installment of the appropriation for the support of the colored university, \$2,500, has been paid and the rest refused. The buildings have not been erected, and never will be in Montgomery.

Surrendered by Big.

NORFOLK, Va., March 1 .- Edgar Haney, NORFOLK, Va., March 1.—Eugar Haney, rewspaper vender on the Norfolk Southern railroad, was murdered Monday night in Berkely, and his body was found at an early hour Tuesday morning in the street. This evening Edward W. Bailey and his wife appeared before a magistrate and stated that core is in idl.

North Carolina's Fairs. RALEIGH, N. C., March 1 .- [Special.]-The Catawba Industrial association met today, and fixed September 25 to 28 as the date of its fair. More fairs will be held next fall than ever be-

attend the state fish, game and oyster fair at Newbern, on the 13th instant, and will for mally open it.

Revenue collections, in the district for the month, ending yesterday, were eighty-three thousand dollars.

Greenville's Ice Mill. GREENVILLE, S. C., March 1.—[Special.]—
The "Greenville ice mill" has been started up,
under the management of John B. Marshalls
The mill will now run steadily on through the

> When Shall I See the Sun? Oh, clouds that drift in sorrow Across the fair blue sky; Pray tell me if, tomorrow, The sun will shine on high? When shall I see the sun?

My heart desponds in sadness

The stars may set in splendor, In splendor rise again, New flowers spring newly tender Beneath the summer rain; But man, misfortune's plaything,

I've lost the flowers I gathered In valleys green and gay, Unwatered, dry and withered They work my lonely way; No stone, though I'm so weary, To lay my head upon, And night folds dark and dreary—

When shall I see the sun?

VARIETY OF CURES.

Many People Give Remedies for a Cold and Swear by Them.

Fifty People Interviewed on an Important estion-Some Curious Prescriptions -Hints to Young Doctors.

What's good's for a cold?

This question is asked a hundred times a day, and everybody gives a different answer. Some of these replies are amusing, others serious, others ridiculous—but all are interesting. Even the doctors are not agreed upon this momentuous question. Probably no two of the half hundred bright young physicians who have this week been turned loose upon society, if asked the above question, would give precisely the same reply.

The sober truth of the matter is, there are a

great many remedies for a cold. Some are good; some are bad; some harmless; others ngerous. Some pleasant; others nausuat Some people swear by hot treatment; rs place their faith in cold water. Hot others place whisky punchas a favorite remedy with many experienced people, and one man-a member of the Philosophic society—does not hesitate to recommend onions. One man declares that he finds practicing the cornet highly efficacious, while another professes to cure his cold by singing. There remedies are, however, infinitely worse than the disease-

Several public men, noted for their piety, say they resort to the faith cure with unvarying success. The specifics proposed are as numerous as they are diverse. Most of these recipes have been found in individual cases and found satisfactory. Each person has a pet remedy of his own and ridicules that of his neighbor.
Yesterday a reporter of The Constitution

interrogated fifty or sixty persons as he en-countered them in his walks. Their replies are given below. Members of the medical faculty as well as laymen will find it a divert-

faculty as well as laymen will find it a diverting amusement as well as an instructive study to examine them in detail.

Judge Landrum: "The best cure I know of is an occasional drink of hot lemonade. Make it as hot as you can drink it and take a drink as often as you conveniently can."

Judge Tanner: "The best way to cure a a cold is to wrap up and take care of yourself. It don't do much good to take medicine for a It don't do much good to take medicine for a

Judge Manning: This is the remedy I have Judge Manning: This is the remedy I have tried for a long time and it has never failed me. Take some strained honey, and mix in it pulverized E iglish rosin until the honey becomes thick and pasty. Take a teaspoonful every hour or two."

Colonel George W. Adair: "I know of but two things which will do the work—time and a hot punch."

a hot punch."
Mr. Ed Calloway: "You can't do it."
Colonel "Tip" Harrison: "The way to cure
a cold is to put both feet in a tub of hot water
and hold them there for several moments before you retire. Just after you retire drink a glass of hot lemonade, cover up real warm, and in the morning the cold is gone. I've tried it several times and know what I'm talking about."

Judge James Nesbit; "I don't have to cure colds, because I don't have colds. I prevent colds. I do it by bathing in cold water every

morning the year round."

Judge J. S. Hook: "I kill a cold by using quinine freely. I find it very effective."

Mr. Edgar Orr: "I never do anything for a sold. I just let it wear itself out."

Rev. Mr. Ellis: "I take quinine and morphine, and find that they accomplish the object."

Comptroller-General Wright: "I take about Captain Furlow: "I swallow quinine the first day or two after the cold sets in-a heroic

first day or two after the cold sets in—a heroic remedy, but it usually cures the cold."

Collector Crenshaw: "A Turkish bath is a good thing to cure a cold. Whisky mixed with hot lemonade is not a bad remedy. I have also tried quinine with great success."

Detective Ed Murphy: "Hot lemonade and whisky just before getting in bed. Cover up warm. It will perspire the cold out."

Mr. O. E. Mitchell: "I never try anything. Two had a cold ever since the exposition. and

I've had a cold ever since the exposition, and I am just letting it wear itself out. It is still "The best way to cure a cold," said Judge

Strong, "is not to catch one."
Dr. Holliday: "Let it wear itself out. I know of no specific for a cold." Captain Frank Myers: "I'll tell you how to cure it: Buy a quart of the best whisky. Buy a lemon and some spice. Go home early.

Make a big bowl of steaming hot punch. Put

Make a big bowl of steaming hot punch. Put your feet into a tub of scalding water—so hot that it will turn your feet the color of lobsters—take a quaff of the odorous punch. Keep your feet in the water. Take another drink. Don't take out your feet, but swallow another tumblerful of whisky. And so on ad infinitum. By this time you'll be fast asleep. When you wake up in the morning you will be all right."

Professor Looney, the distinguished mathematician, is not an expert on colds, but he knows a recipe which he has found to be efficacious. He prescribes ten grains of quinine and a hot foot bath.

and a hot foot bath.

Lieutenant Perkerson's suggestion is this:

"Get up soon in the morning and take a cold bath. That will effect a cure."

Sheriff Thomas: "Use plenty of cold water." Deputy Sheriff Clem Green: "The remedy

Deputy Sheriff Clem Green: "The remedy langest may seem superstitions, but every person who has tried it will testify to its merit. It is a simple, inexpensive remedy. It is as good for croup as for colds. Take a skein of silk thread, make a necklace of a dozen strans, place this around the neck of a person suffering with a cold and it will produce a cure with out fail. Try it, and you will be convinced."

Judge Wilson: "I know of nothing better than rock and rye."

Judge Calhoun: "Take some good whisky and a leunon and compound a punch. Let it be steaming hot. Drink of it unsparingly before going to sleep and when you awake the

be steaming hot. Drink of it unsparingly before going to sleep and when you awake the next morning you will be free from a cold. This is what I try with success whenever I am troubled with a cold."

Mr. John Stephens: "Twenty grains of quinine, six grains of dovers powder, two grains of camphor. Mix well and make into tive or six capsules. Take one every three hours. This will knock the spots out of a cold in no time."

Solicitor-General Charlie Hill: "I am not a physician and I am somewhat rejuctant to

physician and I am somewhat reluctant to prescribe a remedy for a cold. What cures one person might kill another. For instance, ome persons prescribe whisky. Now, that inight do for some people, but I can't stand the taste of the stuff. The medicine is worse than the disc. the taste of the stuff. The medicine is worse than the disease. When I get an aggravated cold I usually resort to the faith cure. I have found it very effective. Don't ask me about curing colds; go and interview Mayor Cooper."

Mayor Cooper: "I heartily indorse Charley Hill's specific. Faith, if taken in sufficiently large doses, dashed with an admixture of piety, will conquer the most stubborn cold."

Colonel Light: "Whenever I find that I am suffering from a cold, I sing a Salvation Army hymn, practice on my horn for half an hour and then swallow a stiff drink of—water. That cures me every time."

Mr. Standford: "I don't care a continental about your patent nostrums. Quinine and a dovers powder will knock a cold out every Mr. Walter Venable: "I am disposed to

commend the remedy given by Dr. Frank yers, who knows what he is talking about to be the start of the start o

oo modest to allow his name to be published,
ya: "There is nothing so good as onions
aten unsparingly. They possess great curative qualities. This is a strong remedy." ve qualities. This is a strong remedy."
Judge Newsom: "When I get a cold I sing off. The remedy is always effective. In it know why people are so solicitous about health. Everybody in the beardinghouse here I stay is constantly hoping that I wen't ich cold.

nd's Extract, for all Pain, etc. While othe other propagations have secured a temporary B. Fernandy, and its all the B. Fernandy, of the way.

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THE CENTRAL LEADS

In the Good Work of Building Up Agricultural Interests

Mr. Glessner in Charge of the Immigration
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The Central road of Georgia has started a good work, the need of which can be seen.

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other is heartily in sympathy with it.

The Central railroad began by making a subscription to the general fund of the society, to aid in covering the preliminary expenses of the fair, and enable them to extend their premium list and will co-operate with them as far as possible in holding as many fairs, county or state, as in their judgment is best; that a proper emulation among farmers will be excited, and better methods for farming be disseminated, and especially to induce emigra-tion to the state from the north and west. The next step of the Central road was to em-

ploy Mr. Glessner, of the Americus Recorder, whose admirable articles in The Constitu-TION, on "Farming in Ohio and Georgia," attracted such general attention, in connection with the society for the purpose of inducing immigrants from states less favored than our own. It is intended that Mr. Glassner will take charge of the immigration department of the Central road; will travel through the north and west with a list of land in the different other purposes, with the prices and terms upon which it can be bought. The Central road proposes to fix up a car full of agricultural and ineral products of the state, and samples of the soils, to be sent to fairs in the north and northwest, in charge of Mr. Glessner, for the purpose of showing what is being done in this state, and the character of the soil. The Central will extend its work further by providing some suitable persons in each county along its line for the purpose of receiving visitors who may come with a view of investing,

go to work in earnest and specifically advertise the resources of the state and induce immigra-It will be, of course, understood that this is no local movement for its lines. It is intended for the benefit of the state at large, and excursionists brought down will have the chance of selection in any part of the state, being in no sense limited to the line of the Central road. The managers of the road wisely hope that the The managers of the road wisely hope that the gaperal prosperity will come back to them in due proportion. The work is already under way, and the experiment will be watched with interest. In the meantime the roaders of The Constitution will be kept fully acquainted with the plans of the Central as they develop.

and giving them advantage of local informa-tion. In short, the Central road proposes to

DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

The Colored University of Alabama Will Not Materialize.

Materialize.

Montgomery, Ala., March 1.—[Special.]—
The colored university of Alabama, recently located in Montgomery, received a black eye from the supreme court today. The last general assembly passed an act in February, 1887, appropriating ten thousand dollars for the purpose of erecting the university, and also the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars annually for the support and maintenance of the institutition, the money to be taken from that part of the general school fund set apart for the education of negroes.

Last summer W. E. Ellsbury and others, as citizens and tax payers, filed a bill in the city court praying for an injunction against the governor, state treasurer and board of trustees, to enjoin them from using the money appropriated on the ground that the locating of the university here was unlawful and contrary to the wishes of the citizens. The bill was dismissed in the city court and the complainants then took an appeal to the supreme court.

The decision, which has been awaited with general interest, was rendered today, Justice Clapton delivering the opinion in the case. The opinion holds that the act making the appropriation is unconstitutional because it provides that the money shall be taken from

\$25,000

appropriation is unconstitutional because it provides that the money shall be taken from that part of the common school fund set apart for the education of the colored race, and destroys the equality of the benefit to all the negro children in the state as intended, and provided for by the framers of the constitution.

Some of the best lawyers in the state are of Some of the best lawyers in the state are of the opinion that the acts of the legislature establishing normal schools in Alabama will also be declared unconstitutional. The common school fund is made up of the sixteenth section fund and poll taxes. One installment of the appropriation for the support of the colored university, \$2,500, has been paid and the rest refused. The buildings have not been erected, and never will be in Montgomery.

Surrendered by His Mother.

Norfolk, Va., March 1.—Edgar Haney, a rewspaper vender on the Norfolk Southern railroad, was murdered Monday night in Berkely, and his body was found at an early hour Tuesday morning in the street. This evening Edward W. Bailey and his wife appeared before a magistrate and stated that Charles Cooke, son of Mrs. Bailey, was the murderer; that he came home with blood on his hands and clothes the night of the tragedy and confessed the deed to them. He said Haney had insulted his fifteen-year-old sister. Cooke is in jail.

North Carolina's Fairs. RALEIGH, N. C., March 1.—[Special.]—The Catawba Industrial association met today, and fixed September 25 to 28 as the date of its fair." More fairs will be held next fall than ever be-

Governor Scales has accepted invitation to attend the state fish, game and oyster fair at Newbern, on the 13th instant, and will for mally open it.

Revenue coilections, in the district for the

month, ending yesterday, were eighty three thousand dollars.

Greenville's Ice Mill GREENVILLE, S. C., March 1.—[Special.]—
The "Greenville ice mill" has been started up,
under the management of John B. Marshalle
The mill will now run steadily on through the

Oh, clouds that drift in sorrow Across the fair blue sky; Pray tell me if, tomorrow, The sun will shine on high?

ecial.7-

l.]-The

the box ery man disquali-med and at parts

Or, is it thus they perished,
The joys so dearly won,
The dream so fondly cherished—
When shall I see the sun? My heart desponds in sadnesk, None guess what bitter woe Tortues my soul to madness

No matter where I go.
No bird of hope is singing,
Its song of work well done. But requiem bells are ringing-When shall I see the sun?

The stars may set in splendor,
In splendor rise again,
New flowers spring newly tender
Beneath the summer rain;
But man, misfortune's plaything,
Once down, life's favors shun,
Long may be watch the day spring

And never see the sun.

I've lost the flowers I gathered In valleys green and gay,
Unwatered, dry and withered
They work my lonely way;
No stone, though I'm so weary,
To lay my head upon,
And night folds dark and dreary—
When shell keep the sun? VARIETY OF CURES.

Many People Give Remedies for a Cold and Swear by Them.

-Hints to Young Doctors

rifty People Interviewed on an Imports stion-Some Curious Prescriptions

This question is asked a hundred times a day, and everybody gives a different answer. Some of these replies are amusing, others serious, others ridiculous—but all are interesting. Even the doctors are not agreed upon this momentuous question. Probably no two of the half hundred bright young physicians who have this week been turned loose upon society, if asked the above question, would give precisely the same reply.

precisely the same reply.

The sober truth of the matter is, there are a great many remedies for a cold. Some are good; some are bad; some harmless; others angerous. Some pleasant; others nausuat-ng. Some people swear by hot treatment; others place their faith in cold water. Hot whisky punches a favorite remedy with many experienced people, and one man—a member of the Philosophic society—does not hesitate to recommend onions. One man declares that he finds practicing the cornet highly efficacious, while another professes to cure his cold by singing. There remedies are, however, infinitely worse than the disease-especially to

Several public men, noted for their piety. say they resort to the faith cure with unvarying success. The specifics proposed are as numerous as they are diverse. Most of these recipes have been found in individual cases and found satisfactory. Each person has a pet remedy of his own and ridicules that of his

Yesterday a reporter of THE CONSTITUTION interrogated fifty or sixty persons as he encountered them in his walks. Their replies are given below. Members of the medical faculty as well as laymen will find it a divert-ing amusement as well as an instructive study

ing amusement as well as an instructive study to examine them in detail.

Judge Landrum: "T ie best cure I know of is an occasional drink of hot lemonade. Make it as hot as you can drink it and take a drink as often as you conveniently can."

Judge Tanner: "The best way to cure a good is to wrap up and take care of yourself. It don't do much good to take medicine for a sold."

cold."

Judge Manning: This is the remedy I have Judge Manning: This is the remedy I have tried for a long time and it has never failed me. Take some strained honey, and mix in it pulverized E iglish rosin until the honey becomes thick and pasty. Take a teaspoonful every hour or two."

Colonel George W. Adair: "I know of but two things which will do the work—time and abot nuch."

Mr. Ed Calloway: "You can't do it." Colonel "Tip" Harrison: "The way to cure a cold is to put both feet in a tub of hot water and hold them there for several moments before you retire. Just after you retire drink a glass of hot lemonade, cover up real warm, and in the morning the cold is gone. I've tried it several times and know what I'm talking

out."
Judge James Nesbit; "I don't have to curo
lds, because I don't have colds. I preyent
lds. I do it by bathing in cold water every

morning the year round."
Judge J. S. Hook: "I kill a cold by using quinine freely. I find it very effective."
Mr. Edgar Orr: "I never do anything for a cold. I just let it wear itself out."
Rev. Mr. Ellis: "I take quinine and morphine, and find that they accomplish the object."

phine, and find that they accomplish the object."

Comptroller-General Wright: "I take about three grains of quinine within twenty-four hours after the cold starts, and it cures me. But if I take it after that time it does me no good—have to wait for the cold to wear off."

Captain Furlow: "I swallow quinine the first day or two after the cold sets in—a heroic remedy, but it usually cures the cold."

Collector Crenshaw: "A Turkish bath is a good thing to cure a cold. Whisky mixed with hot lemonade is not a bad remedy. I have also tried quinine with great success."

Detective Ed Murphy: "Hot lemonade and whisky just before getting in bed. Cover up warm. It will perspire the cold out."

Mr. O. E. Mitchell: "I never try anything. Pve had a cold ever since the exposition, and I am just letting it wear itself out. It is still wearing."

"The best way to cure a cold," said Judge Strong, "is not to catch one."

Dr. Holliday: "Let it wear itself out. I know of no specific for a cold."

know of no specific for a cold."

Captain Frank Myers: "I'll tell you how to cure it. Buy a quart of the best whisky. Buy a lemon and some spice. Go-home early. Make a big bowl of steaming hot punch. Put your feet into a tub of scalding water—so hot that it will turn your feet the color of lobsters—take a quaff of the odorous punch. Keep your feet in the water. Take another drink. Don't take out your feet, but swallow another tumblerful of whisky. And so on ad infinitum. By this time you'll be fast asleep. When you wake up in the morning you will be all right." Professor Leoney, the distinguished mathematician, is not an expert on colds, but he knows a recipe which he has found to be efficacious. He prescribes ten grains of quinine and a hot foot bath.

Lientenant Perkerson's suggestion is this:

and a hot foot bath.

Lieutenant Perkerson's suggestion is this:

"Get up soon in the morning and take a cold bath. That will effect a cure."

Sheriff Thomas: "Use plenty of cold water."

Deputy Sheriff Clem Green: "The remedy I suggest may seem superstitious, but every person who has tried it will testify to its merit. person who has tried it will testify to its merit.

It is a simple, inexpensive remedy. It is as pood for croup as for colds. Take a skein of silk thread, make a necklace of a dozen strans, place this around the neck of a person suffering with a cold and it will produce a cure with cut fail. Try it, and you will be convinced."

Judge Wilson: "I know of nothing better than rock and rye."

Judge Calhoun: "Take some good whisky and a lemon and compound a punch. Let it be steaming hot. Drink of it unsparingly before going to sleep and when you awake the next morning you will be free from a cold. This is what I try with success whenever I am broubled with a cold."

Mr. John Stephens: "Twenty grains of quinine, six grains of dovers powder, two trains of camphor. Mix well and make into five or six capsules. Take one every three hours. This will knock the spots out of a cold in no time."

Solicitor-General Charlie Hill: "I am not a physician and I am somewhat reluctant to prescribe a remedy for a cold. What cures one person might kill another. For instance, some persons prescribe whisky. Now, that might do for some people, but I can't stand the taste of the staff. The medicine is worse than the disease. When I get an aggravated cold I usually resort to the faith cure. I have found it very effective. Don't ask me about suring colds; go and interview Mayor Cooper." Mayor Cooper: "I heartily indorse Charley Hill's specific. Faith, if taken in sufficiently large doses, dashed with an admixture of plety, will conquer the most stubborn cold." Colonel Light: "Whenever I find that I am suffering from a cold, I sing a Salvation Army hymn, practice on my horn for half an hour and then swallow a stiff drink of—water. That cures me every time." Mr. Standford: "I don't care a continental itor-General Charlie Hill: "I am not a

That cures me every time."

Mr. Standford: "I don't care a continental about your patent nostrums. Quinine and a dovers powder will knock a cold out every time." Mr. Walter Venable: "I am disposed to recommend the remedy given by Dr. Frank Hyers, who knows what he is talking about. Observe that he has a cold nearly every night, but is well again in the morning. He is fond of having a cold, because he can cure it so delightfully,"

A member of the Philosophic society, who is too modest to allow his name to be published, ays: "There is nothing so good as onions eaten unsparingly. They possess great curative qualities. This is a strong remedy."

Judge Newsom: "When I get a cold I sing it off. The remedy is always effective. I don't know why people are so solicitous about any health. Everybody in the boardinghouse where I stay is constantly hoping that I won't each cold.

WALKS AND TALKS.

There has recently been formed at Harvard University a Southern club, a society formed for the purpose of promoting the social, as well as intellectual, welfare of the Southern young men at Harvard. Mr. Charles C. McGehee, of this city, who graduated recently from the University of Georg'a, is a member of the senior class of Harvard and one of the leaders in the formation of this club. He writes: "The club fills a long feit want. He writes: "The club fills a long feit want, and although it is but a few days old to bids fair to be a most prominent selement in the social life of this great university. element in the social life of this great university. Heretofore southern young men who have come here, have been sadly handleapped on account of their want of knowledge, both of persons and things connected with the college, and it generally takes a year or so to become sufficiently well acquainted in order to thoroughly enjoy the advantages afforded. Now the object of this society is to meet once a month during the college year, and to initiate without form or ceremony, by simply introducing the new comer to the mem bers individually, any southern young men. Any one connected in any way with the college, and living in the south, or any person who formerly resided in the south, or any person who formerly resided in the south, is eligible to membership. The meetings will be held once a month, at which time subjects of interest previously determined upon will be discussed, and papers read relating to such subjects. It is further the intention to have an annual dinner at such time of the year as may be agreed upon." as may be agreed upon."

There are forty-two members of the club at pres-

There are forty-two members of the club at present. The officers are: Mr. Sanford, of Knoxville, Tenn., president: Mr. Collier Cobb, of North Carollina, secretary and treasurer.

"There cannot be the question of a doubt," con tinues Mr. McGehec, "that a number of southerners have been kept away from the large universities of the north on account of their being afraid of not becoming acquainted, and hence not enjoying their stay. It is hoped that this society will remedy this evil. Since it was first actitated it has received the evil. Since it was first agitated with remedy the earnest support of all coin cted with it, and the hearty approval of all who understand its objects and aims. Among the members, regular and honorary, are numbered four or five of Harvard's most

llustrious professors."

Mr. McGehee is the only Atlanta representative ut was one of the five founders, the others being Ir. Sanford, of Knoxville, Tenn.; Mr. Collier Cobb, of North Carolina; Mr. Blewett H. Lee, of Missis-sippi, and Mr. W. L. Sumrall, of Kentucky.

The next term of the supreme court will begin on the first Monday in March—next, Monday. The judges, however, have done much hard work the present term and feel the necessity of taking a vacation. The court, therefore, will meet next Monday and adjourn two weeks. The judges will spend their vacation at Brunswick, and on the island near that place. On their return Wonday they weeks that place. On their return Monday, two weeks the unfinished business of this term will be the firs

The distinguished elocutionist, Mrs. Bessi Miller Oton, will give a costume reading at De-Give's opera house, on Thursday night, the 8th of March, for the benefit of the Atlanta Artillery. The fame of the fair reader, linked to the popularity of the gal lant artillerists, will doubtless fill the house.

Mr. Jewett Wilcox, one of Chicago's prominent hotel men, who is also manager of the Hotel Riverview at Kankakee, Ili., was in the city yester-day, the guest of his old friend, Colonel Maxwell, of

Colonel Tom Olive, the genial member from Oglethorpe, was in the city yesterday. "No politic down our way as yet," he said.

Dr. C. L. Wilson, of Indianapolis, formerly head of the Surgical institute in this city, is the guest of his sons at the Kimball. Dr. Wilson expresses himself highly pleased with Indianapolis.

The residents of Crew street are greatly inderested in the progress of a building which is being erected on that street. Mr. Chess Howard, the well known insurance man, has purchased a narrow drip of land between the Zimmerman and Robin on places and has begun the erection of a residence son places and has begun the erection of a residence there. The lot is but twenty feet wide. Mr. Howard says he will have a large, roomy house, but does no disclose the plans. The neighbors are watching the outcome with interest.

Mr. Arthur Lewis, manager of Mr. Charles Dickens, reached the city last night. Mr. Dickens will give one of his readings in this city on the 17th

The last number of the New York Musical Courier pays a high compliment to Mr. Alfredo Barili, of Atlanta. It refers to several of his latest compositions in terms of unqualified praise. No journal in the United States stands higher in matters of musical criticism than the Courier. Atlanta is now known all over the United States as a musical center, thanks to the efforts of the many talented

HIT ON THE HEAD.

a Clothes Line.

Jennings Alley, near the jail, was the scene of a lively fight yesterday evening.
"Send some policemen out here quick!" was the telephone message received from the jailer. "A woman's head has been cut open and they are afraid to arrest the man. Better make haste about it."

Detectives Bedford and Reeves responded to the call. At the drug store, on the corner below the jail, quite a number of darkies had assembled and were excitedly discussing the affair. Inside the store the woman was found.

affair. Inside the store the woman was found. The doctor finished the last stitch and cut the

thread. The woman was meaning piteously.
"Who hit you?" asked Bedford.
"Reube Shivers," answered the woman, A few questions brought out all the informa

A few questions brought out all the information that the officers needed, and making their way quietly to No. 9 Jenkins alley, the darky was found concealed in a small stable in the rear of the house.

"I ain't going to no stationhouse 'less you makes a case against the woman."

But he did.

The party stopped at the drug store on the way back, where the woman identified the man and finished the story.

"It started 'bout a clothes line." said the woman. "I had a line with a whole lot of clothes on it, and he untied it an' the clothes dropped on the ground. I slapped his face and he knocked me down with his fist."

The woman slipped a shawl from around her head, and showed a jaw that looked as though a triphammer had been at work on it.

"As I got up he hit me with a rock. It knocked me senseless, and as soon as I come to he had the ax and said: 'If you say anything about this I lisplit your d—d head open.' I was scared to say anything until my husban' came. He is the one what telephoned up."

The negro is a large, stout man, while the woman is small and weakly. The wound is not regarded as a serious one. The darky was locked up, and the woman says she will be on hand tomorrow morning.

NORMAN LAWSHE'S FUNERAL

NORMAN LAWSHE'S FUNERAL Will Take Place This Morning-Deaths

Atlanta.

The funeral of the late Norman Lawshe, which was to have taken place yesterday afternoon, was postponed until 10:30 o'clock this morning, so that his brother, who lives in St. Louis, might be present.

The ceremony will be performed at the family residence, 59 Cone street, at half-past 10 o'clock this morning. Interment at Oakland.

Death of Mrs. Mayes. Mrs. Mary L. Mayes died yesterday morning at 234 Elliott street. She was the wife of Mr. John B. Mayes, the well known conductor on the State road, and was daughter of Mr. John W. Fowler, of DeKalb county. She was a member of the Third Baptist church. She will be buried near Indian creek, church, DeKalb county, to morrow afternoon.

Death of Mr. Healey. Mr. W. J. Healey died of consumption at the Kimball house yesterday morning at half-past five o'clock. He was only twenty-seven. Four years ago he came to Atlanta from Providence, R. I., his home, to accept a position with J. A. Anderson & Co. February first of this year he formed a copartnership with Mr. Thomas Miller, and went into the gents' furnishing business, on Peachtree. His brother took his remains to Providence by the 6 o'clock train yesterday afternoon.

The Pappoose Cigars are the only 5 cent cigar I have ever smoked and really enjoyed it, is a clear Havana filler of the finest grade, and is all the manufacturers, claim for it. J. B. Fernandy, Cuban Cigar Store, Savannab,

THE TURNERS.

Celebration of Their Fifteenth Anniversary.

A Grand Time at Their Hall-The Willing Workers Entertainment Tonight— Social Gossip Generally.

The Atlanta Turn Verein celebrated its fif-

eenth anniversary last night, and the occateenth anniversary last night, and the occasion was a most pleasant one.

Centennial hall had been appropriately decorated and presented a lively scene after the young people—and a good many of the old ones, too—began dancing. Upon the walls hung American, German, Irish and Italian flags; Indian clubs, gloves, fencing foils, the best formula in the control of the lumb bells and other articles indicative of he character of the organization: and flora decorations in profusion.

The exercises opened with a concert and closed with dancing. The following was the

programme of the concert: 1. Overture, "Berlin wie es weint und Lacht" onradi-Wurm's Orchestra, 2. Auf Ihr Brueder—Stunz—Double Quartette, 3. "My Lodging in the Cold Ground"—Core colo—Mr. C. T. Wurm.

Solo—Mr. C. T. Wurm.

4. Soprano Folo, "Flower Song, from Faust"—Gounod—Mrs. Belle Dykeman.

5. Duett, (Tenor and Baritone) "See the Pale Moon."—Messrs. Joe Scrutchin and E. Bischoff.

6. Clarinet Solo, "La Somnambula"—Bellini—Fred Wedemeyer, Jr.

7. Abendgebet, "From Night in Grenada"—Krentzer-Double Quartette.

8. Vocal Solo, "Erl Koenig"—Schuberth—Mr. E. Bischoff.

'Souvenir di Cadis Bolero''-Rossisio-Orches-0. "Das Deutsche Lied"-Kalliwoda-Double Quartette.

The concert was certainly one of the most

The concert was certainly one of the most enjoyable of the season, every number being beautifully rendered. Mrs. Dykeman completely captured her hearers and was compelled to respond to an enthusiastic encore. The singing of the double male quartette—which contained, by the way, nine voices—was another striking feature. The "double quartette" consisted of Messrs. Wedemeyer, leader and Ealls, Weimer, Bischoff, Kuhrt, Higher, Kleitz, Scrutchin, Guller and Winkler.

Upon the conclusion of the concert portion of the evening's entertainment, the floor was cleared and the dancing began. For several hours the dancers held sway. The entertainment was undoubtedly one of the most enjoyable of the season and credit is due the committee on arrangements which consisted of Messrs. R. C. Boschee, chairman, Fred Wedemeyer, H. Karwisch, George Roerig and H. Schenck. Messrs. Steve Grady and Henry Kuhrt acted as floor managers.

The Willing Workers of the First Baptist church will give an excellent entertainment tonight in the lecture room of the church. A small ad-mission fee will be charged, and after the regular programme has been gone through there will be re nents served.

The programme is:
An acrostic formed by fourteen living letters—the tters being pretty girls. Flute solo, by Mr. R. H. Hardin. Recitation, by Miss L. Prather. Violin solo, by Mr. B. F. Ab ott, jr. Vocal solo, by Miss Lilian Clark. Piano solo, by Miss Clio Prather. Recitation, by Miss McGee. Cornet solo, by Mrs. Charlie Abbott. Vocal solo, by Miss H. McCrary, Essay on Man, by Mr. J. H, Hallman.

The concert tonight to be given by the music class of the Sunny South Female seminary will te well worth attending. The subjoined excellent programme will be given: "Boulanger March."—Brandeis. Miss Willie

"I Know a Little Maid."—Montell. Miss Kate

Recitation—"Annette," Miss Eula Duncan,
"Impromptu No. 4."—Loeschorn, Miss Edna Good Night."—Helmund. Miss Annie Bell. Waltz, op. 34.—Chopin, Miss Lillan Homesly.
Recitation—"Flying Machine," Miss Ida Wright
"Witches' Dance."—Wallace. Miss E. Duncan.
"The Daisy."—LaDiti. Miss E. Little.
"Artist's Life Waltz."—Strauss. Madam Von der
Hoya and Miss O. Williams.
"Estudiantina"—Chorus.—Lacome.—Recreators.
The enterial unemt will begin at S. Ciclock. In the

The entertainment will begin at 8 o'clock in the music hall of the Sunnny South Female seminary. It will be under the direction of Professor Sedis and Madame Von der Hoya, who have charge of the

Married, at Cusseta, Ala., on February 27th, Mr. W. S. Gorman, of Opelika, to Misss Fannie Lee Askert, of that place. Mr. Gorman is one of the best and most popular conductors on the Western lway of Alabama, and is a young man of great energy, intelligence, and possesses fine business at-tainments. All who know Miss Askert know her to be one of the most beautiful and accomplished be one of the most beautiful and accomplished ladies in the state. She graduated at Weslyan Female college with the highest honors. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Gornan, in this city, congratulate both on their good fortune, and wish for

hem long life full of happ Another wedding is announced. Miss Annie Lee Thrasher will be married to Mr. George M. McKenzie, the 6th of this mouth. The marriage will be solemnized in Gainesville at the residence of Mrs. W. M. Knox, sister of the bride. Miss Thrasher for a long time lived in Atlanta, and she was a favorite in society. She is pretty and viva-cious and is estimable in all regards. Mr. McKeu-zie, the fortunate man, is descrying of the prize, He is a member of the firm of McKenzie & Riley. and is regarded as an excellent man of business possesses many sterling qualities and is certain make his way in the world.

The marriage of Dr. Floyd W. McRae and Miss Fannie Collier took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the First Methodist church, in the presence of an immense crowd. The church was exquisitely garnished with hothouse flowers and exquisitely garnished with hothouse flowers and plants. Several elaborate and pretty floral pieces were hung about the chancel, and the altar was profusely decorated. The scene was animated and consonant with the joyous event signalized. Mr. Sumner Salter played the organ, and the music was appropriate. The attendants entered the church and walked up the aisle in the following order: Mr. Hooper Alexander with Miss Lily Collier, Mr. A, C. Beall with Miss Cerobell Heidt,

Mr. Pat O'Connor with Miss Lula Fitten. Captain A. J. West with Miss Leila McRae. The ushers were: Colonel Thomas P. Wei

The ushers were: Colonel Thomas P. Westmore-and, Mr. E. W. Martin, W. A. Haygood, Dr. J. B. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W. Heidt, of Georgelown, Texas, who was formerly pastor of Trinity church.

After the marriage, the bride and groom, the attendants and a small party of the more intimate friends of the two families repaired to the residence of the bride's father, and there was held for two hours an elegant reception. The gifts were numerous and costly. One of the presents was a house and lot in Nelson street, given by Judge John Collier, the bride's father. At 6:55 the happy couple left Atlanta for Florida. The bride is one of the most highly esteemed young ladies in Atlanta. She numbers her friends by the hundreds. She is cultured and amiable. The groom stands very high in the community. He is one of Atlanta's rising physicians. For some months he has filled the chair of anatomy in the Atlanta medical college

THAT REDUCED RATE

Goes Into Effect on the W. and A. and the E. T., Va. and Ga.

E. T., Va. and Ga.

The reduced rates on the Western and Atlantic and the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia rallroads went into effect yesterday, and the people who had business up those lines were happy. And why not? By either road they go to Dalton for \$2.25, and to Chattanooga for only \$3. There were a good many who took advantage of these low rates yesterday, and there will be a good many who will take advantage of them for a very long time to come. People will go to Chattanoega (and other points) now who never went before, and people who have been to Chattanooga (and other points) will go there the more.

Dunlap Hats. new shapes, at McKeldin & Carlton's.

BIRDS OF PASSAGE.

MR. L. G. REILLY, Bridgeport, Coun.: "I am something of an antiquary and am always in search of relies of bygone times. While in Asheville, N. C., some weeks ago I bought a watch from a merchant and paid him twenty-five dollars for it. ville, N. C., some weeks ago I bought a watch from a merchant and paid him twenty-five dollars for it. It is a unique timepiece in its construction and shape. It is not round, but very much like an egg flattened out. It is made of silver, or some metal similar to silver in appearance. It was made in 1763, by Dunwoody, of London, and bears this inscription on its face: "To W. E. Ells from W. C. Ells, his father, "werpool, 1801." The watch keeps good time and I value it highly."

CAPTAIN WHACK BAILEY: "I am just back from a trip to South Carolina. In Columbia I staved

CAPTAIN WHACK BAILEY: "I am just back from a trip to South Carolina. In Columbia I stayed three days, and I tell you I had a pleasant time. Everybody there knows me, and all are my friends. It is a delightful little city. There's no doubt about this. How beautifully and regularly it is laid out! I am fond of strolling about the streets. I have been visiting Columbia regularly for the past affect years. Things are different from what they were when I was there in 18-3. Then the negroes were on top. Negro policemen, negro justices of the peace, negro judges, negro constables, negro legislators and negro office-holders. The city was under the dominion of Cuffy. I have just been thinking about those scenes. It has often occurred to me that if some competent writer, familiar with the scenes of which I speak, would write a book about reconstruction in South Carolina, he would make big money. Such a book would be as thrilling as any of Victor Hugo's novels, and the writer need not transcend'the bounds of truth, Columbia is looking up and seems on a waye of prosperity. The

not transcend the bounds of truth. Columbia is looking up and seems on a wave of prosperity. The opening of the Congaree was a grand enterprise."

J. DUKE MURRAY, manager of Milton Nobles: "I am just passing through the city on my way to Charleston. Our company is in Nashville tonight, and jumps from there to Charleston. Business big everywhere. I am glad the people here liked 'From Sire to Son.' Mr. Nobles is very much gratified at the universal commendation which the play has met everywhere."

Mr. Arthur Lewis manager of Charles

MR. ARTHUR LEWIS, manager of Charles Dickens: "Mr. Dickens has met with most fatter-ing receptions everywhere. He comes south mainly because he wants to see the south and to know the southern people. I am sure the people will find his

MR. J. W. MARSHALL, of Detroit: "In my pinion Toledo is bound to be one of the big citie f the country. I visit every city of fifty thousand inhabitants and upwards in this country and I know of no place which has as healthy a boom. It has twice as much natural gas as any other city or section and manufacturers are locating their establishment. ents there."

ments there."

A SOUTH CAROLINIAN: "So, after all, my old friend Colonel Cash is not dead. It was too bad for the newspapers to hurry him off into eternity before his time had come. By the way, Cash is not half so black as he is painted. I have known him for long years. Of course he is hot-headed and desperate, but he has plenty of good qualities. Generous and kind hearted, he feels for the record Generous and kind hearted, he feels for the poor and oppressed, and no beggar ever applies in vain to him for alms. It is true Cash killed his antagon-ist in a duel. It should be remembered that he was challenged by Colonel Shannon; he did not was chartenged by Colonel Shamhon; he do not send the challenge. Of course he accepted it promptly. He was brought up to believe in the code of honor. I have often heard him discourse carnestly and even eloquently about the advantages which accrue to society from the custom of dueling. He maintains that it cows the bully and refines the uncouth and keeps in his place the gentleman. His arguments were the strongest I ever heard advanced in favor of the duello. I never thought Cash would live as long a he has. The last time I saw him was about tw years ago. He was complaining much about his ill health, and declared that his days were num-bered. He was suffering with a heart trouble, and his physicians told him that death might occur suddenly at any time. I am told that Cash has re-pented of his sins and has taken upon himself the vows of the church. I trust this is true, and am disposed to believe it is. I saw one of Cash's daughters about a year ago. She was then about eighteen years old, and had just come from a Virginia female college, from which she was graduated. She was a sprightly girl, good looking and coquetish. Since then she has married a prom-inent physician, of Chesterfield county, S. C. Cash's other daughter is the wife of Colonel Richard Watts, of Laurens, S. C., a wealthy and distin-guished lawyer. I am really glad the report about Cash's death is not true."

HOME TALENT. Organization of the Atlanta Dramatic Asso-

ciation Last Night. ciation Last Night.

Atlanta has all sorts of organizations—military, musical, commercial, social, religious, literary, philosophic, saltalic, and so on; but for a long time she has needed just one more. It was organized last night at the Kimball house, and may properly be christened the Atlanta Dramatic association.

Mr. Smith Clayton was elected president, and Mr. George W. O'Brien was made secretary and treasurer. The object of the association

and Mr. George W. O'Brien was made secretary and treasurer. The object of the association is to bring out and develop home talent. The association will be conducted on strict business principles, and no pains will be spared to make the verformances worthy of public patronage. The old amateur methods will not prevail in the association, but performers will be selected for their merit, or paid for their services. Professionals will be engaged from time to time to take part in the plays. The first performances under the auspices of the Atlanta Dramatic association will be given early in May. The tragedy of Othello will be presented the first night with Mr. Scott Thornton as Othello and Mr. O'Brien as Iago. The second and last night a double bill will be given, towit: Hamlet (the three act edition.) and the great farce, "Lend Me Five Shillings." The name of the young man who will create the "New Hamlet" will appear later. Mr. Smith Clayton will play George Golightly in "Lend Me Five Shillings." Miss Mabel Nicholls, a fine professional actress and beautiful woman, has been engaged as leading lady. She will play Desdemona, Ophelia and the principal lady in the farce. Miss Nicholls played the leading role an Clio with great success—the past seagon—and will play leads with Robson and role in Clio with great success—the past sea-son—and will play leads with Robson and Crane next season.

Due notice of dates will appear in THE Con-

STITUTION. ANOTHER WEST END MARRIAGE In Which a Street Car Plays a Part-A Wait of Three Hours.

of Three Hours.

Yesterday afternoon when the Rev. Virgil Norcross reached home for his dinner, he found a young couple waiting to be married. The lady was Miss Viney Whitley and the young groom was Edward Toole.

"We've been waitin' three hours for you, doctor," said the young man awkwardly as the preacher entered the sitting room.

"Sorry," said the doctor; "have you a heense?"

heense?"
The young man spread open the roll of paper which he had been holding in his hand. It was a regulation license, and in a very few minutes the couple were one.
"You oughter seed him open that license," laughed a darky who had witnessed the whole thing. "Every time he heard the street car acoming he would spread it out and read it over."

acoming he would spread it out and read it over."

The marriage was a runaway affair and the lady's story is that she came to Atlanta from her home on the Chattahoochee, in Cobb county, under a pretense of attending to some shopping, and met her lover in Atlanta. They boarded Driver J. S. Tidwell's West End car, which is famed as a matrimonial agency, and waited at the doctor's home until he came to dinner.

dinner.

The young lady explained that this was the second time she had made up her mind to be married, and she was going to see the cere mony performed this time regardless of who performed it, or the groom's name.

"Though," she added with a blush, "I like Mr. Norcross and Ed both pretty well."

MIDNIGHT NOTES.

Joe, the janitor at police headquarters, cap-tured the missing bloodhound yesterday afternoon.

Clarke, the burglar recently caught in Atlanta, is suspected of having operated in Augusta.

Pool South is held in the calaboose on suspicion of larceny.

Mrs. Newman, whose escapade with Bartow
Wynne will be remembered, has skipped out
with him.

NIC OLAS KUEHNEN, Esq.—Dear Sir: What is the price of your Pappoose Cigars? Respectfully, Sam Lumpkin, Judge of Northern circuit court, Lexis ton, Ga.

THINGS ABOUT TOWN.

At the Third Baptist church last night, Rev. Mr. Boykin held the first meeting of a Sunday school institute. Meetings will be held every night this week at which Rev. Dr. Haw thorne, Rev. Dr. McDonald and other city pastor, will perticipate the second of the second of

A gentleman sends the following to The Constitution: In one room of a little shanty in the rear of 189 Chapel street, a man, his wife and child are living. The man is suffering with a cancer on his face, which has confined him to his room for two months. They are without food, and their house rent is due. A few dollars would relieve this family of a great deal of suffering.

Justice Butt, who has been suffering since Sunday night, from an attack of paralysis, is still weak and feeble, but is strengthening rapidly, and the paralysis is gone. "I hope," said the judge yesterday, "to be back in the courtroom Monday. I am feeling very well, indeed."

A broken excentric on an East Tennessee freight engine caused some delay at Elmwood last night, and the passenger train was some-what behind on that account.

The famous Till family reached the city last night. They are the musical wonders of the great city of London, and their musical pergreat city of London, and their musical per-formances are said to far surpass anything of the kind ever seen or heard in this country be-fore. Their reception in New York, Boston, Chicago and St Louis was exceedingly flatter-ing and the concert at the Church of the Re-deemer tonight will be a musical event long to be remembered by the audience which will greet them.

The beautiful weather of yesterday brought the people out upon the streets. All the evening Peachtree was filled with carriages, and

Mr. F. H. Dorsey, who resides on Pine street, accidentally shot himself yesterday afternoon. The ball entered his shoulder. Dr. Murphy is attending him, and says the wound is not dan-

And Will Issue a Call for two State Conven tions-The Formal Call. The democratic state executive committee vill meet at the Markham house, in this city

THE COMMITTEE WILL MEET

on the 21st inst.
On yesterday Hon. B. H. Bigham, chairman of the committee, and soveral other members were in Atlanta, and after consultation the secretary was instructed to issue a call for a meeting of the committee upon the day mentioned above.

The following is the official call:

The following is the official call:
ATLANTA, Ga., March 1, 1883.—State Democratic
executive Committee: A meeting of the state democratic executive committee is hereby called to assemble at the Markham house, in Atlanta, on
Wednesday, March 21st, 1888, at 12 noon.
The members of said committee are urged to attend, and are as follows:
State at large—R. D. Spalding, Fulton; R. B. Nisbet, Putnam; Henry Persons, Talbot; W. R., Rankin,
Gordon. Patrick Walsh, member national committee and

ex-officio member of this.
First congressional district—Geo. A. Mercer, Chatham; E. H. Crawley, Ware.
Second congressional district—O. B. Stevens, Terrell; W. A. Harris, Worth.
Third congressional district—W. H. Kimbrough,
Lee; A. S. Giles, Houston.
Fourth congressional district—W. B. Wilkinson. Lee; A. S. Giles, Houston.
Fourth congressional district—W. B. Wilkinson,
Coweta: C. A. Redd, Muscogee.
Filh congressional district—W. D. Ellis, Fulton;
I. P. Tillie, Rockdale,
Sixth congressional district—H. B. Ridley, Jones;
A. Hunt, Pike.
Seventh congressional J. A. Hunt, Pike.

Seventh congressional district—I. E. Shumate,
Whitfield; D. B. Hamilton, Floyd.

Eighth congressional district—Hamilton McWhorter, Oglethorpe; J. T. Osborne, Elbert.
Ninth congressional district—T. E. Winn, Gwinnett; R. H. Baker, Lumpkin.

Tenth congressional district—T. I. McElmurry,

Tenth congressional district—T. I. McElmurry,
Burke; J. A. Robson, Washington,
Democratic papers throughout the state are requested to publish this call.
W. D. Ellis,
Secretary.
At this meeting the committee will issue a
call for a state convention to select delegates
to the national democratic convention, which
meets at St. Louis on June 5th. It is probable
that a call will also be issued for another state

that a call will also be issued for another state convention, to meet later in the year for the nomination of state officers. THE POLICE COMMITTEE

Hold a Meeting Yesterday and Turn Over a New Leaf.
The police committee of the council held its egular meeting yesterday afternoon in Judge Canner's office. Hereafter a man must give some good reas-

recenter a man must give some good reas-ons before he gets a license to put up a salcon. "Look here," said one of the members yester-day, as he glanced over a pile of applications on Judge Tanner's desk, "enough of a thing is And the other two members looked tho ful. There was no distinct indorsement of the sentiment, but the action of the committee showed that the silence of the other two could

not be construed as a disapprobation.

The following beer licenses were reported The following beer licenses were reported upon favorably:

J. M. Markham. Wheat and Yonge; Jesse Smith, 216 Decatur; S. A. McDonald, 177 West Peters.

The following were reported upon adversely:
Milas J. Mabra, 91 Georgia railroad street; Max Schifferer, Wheat and Yonge; M. V. Gill, 161 Decatur; C. J. Johnson, 242 Hunter; S. M. McDonald, 126 West Mitchell; C. C. Trent, 216½ Wheat; B. Goldger, 256 West Peters; Abe. Humphries, 237 West Peters; G. W. Walton, 501 Marietta street.

The application of Mr. J. F. Lynch for a beer license at McDaniel, Glenn and Smith streets was withdrawn.

"Now, is the idea simply that there are enough barrooms, or did it just happen that there were good objections against this big majority of the applications?"

"No," said Mr. Woodward, doubtfully, "there were good objections against them?"

"there were good objections against them?"
"But, are you not tighter on the saloon peo-"Yes, and I think we ought to be," said Mr. "Yes, and I think we ought to be," said Mr. Amorous. "There are enough here now. The ones granted this afternoon make sixty-two in all. Now, during prohibition, there were fifty-nine wine rooms. I am in favor of drawing the reins now. The first applications were here in the center of town, and against most of the new applications there were really good objections. But nobedy would suffer if not another license was issued."

The New Passenger Rode Free. The New Passenger Rode Free.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 1.—[Special.]—
The evening train coming into Nashville on
the Northwestern division of the Nashville
and Chattanooga railroad brought in one passenger that paid no fare. A woman en route
to Franklin, Tenn., whose name could not be
ascertained, boarded the train at Martin, accompanied by her uncle, an old man of eightyfour years. Between Martin and Nashville
she gave birth to a fine boy. She is a married
woman and has twoother children.

Races at New Orleans. leasant and the track fast today. First race, four and a half furlongs, Mose K. won,

Prist race, four and a half furious, Mose a. Wol, Pell Mell second, Long Glen third. Time 59 seconds. Second race, five-eighths of a mile, Queen Esther won, Frankie B. second, Logan third. Time 1:05¼. Third race, seven and a half furlongs, Lottie Wall won, Pritchett second, Lela May third. Time 1:35¼. Fourth race, three-fourths of a mile, Headstone won, Duhme second, Wandererthird. Time 1:18½.

Sale of Dunlap Hats in spring styles begins Saturday in every city of United States. Complete stock at McKeldin & Carlton's, 35 Peachtree street.



STAMPS of all denominations for sale at constitution business office. Open until 2 p. m. DR. JOHN THAD JOHNSON, 381 Broad street,

OSCAR BEJACH, of Cincinnati, is in the city looking after his Yellow Label cigars. They are just now having a nice run, and as they are a real good cigar, a large sale is predicted for them.

Mr. FRED BLANKENSEE and his charming wife, of Davenport, lows, are in the city. He is looking after the interests of his great tobacco house in that place.

in that place.

MRS. JOSEPH WINTER, of Montgomery, and her sister, Mrs. L. M. Thompson, of Atlants, have returned to the city from a delightful visit of a few days to relatives and friends in Augusta. They were met by Colonel Winter, who will remain in the city for any charge. or several days.

MB. CHARLES McCor, vice president of the

and beautiful wife, are visiting his daughters in Atlanta, Mrs. Henry Hart and Mrs. J. E. Harding. They will spend several weeks visiting the principal cities of the south.

EDWARD W. BUTLER, a prominent lawyer of Madison, Ga., is at the Kimball.
CHARLES ESTES, of Augusta, is registered at

Mr. B. F. Hill, the well known hotel man of Columbus, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Iowa, where he will make his home. Mr. Phons Young, of this city, takes his place in Co-

HON. R. A. DENNY, of Rome, was in the ity yesterday.

Mr. J. W. Marshall, of Detroit, was reg-

Miss Julia Gatins, after a delightful visit o Savanuah, St. Augustine and Jacksonville, has eturned home accompanied by Miss Viola Masters, me of St. Augustine's most charming young ladies, Mrs. Dr. Balley and Mrs. Judge Rudolph arrived yesterday morning from Gainesville to at-tend the marriage of Miss Collier and Dr. Mcwae. They will remain till this evening, stopping at Judge Collier's.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economica-than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in com-petition with the multitude of low test short weigh

petition with the multitude of low test short all alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cansalum or phosphate powders. Co., 106 Wall St., New York At Wholesale by Wyly & Greene Atlanta, Georgia.

1887. EVENT OF THE SEASON 1888.

THIRD SEASON IN AMERICA EMPHATIC SUCCESS OF THE CELEBRATED ROCK BAND CONCERT CO. 2,000 Concerts in Europe and America.

Twenty Novel Musical Instruments.

TILL FAMILY, From Crystal Palace, London. MISS TILL, Soprano, MR. D. TILL, JR., Tenor MISS ANNIE TILL, Contraito. MB, WM, TILL, Basso.

Vocal and Instrumentalists, and the Only Perform-ers upon the Wonderful ers upon the Wonderful

ROCK HARMONICON!

The company introduces other novel and attractive instruments, including the Zither, Streich Zither, Ocarina, Band of Fairy Bells, Musical Glasses, Xylophone, Indian Buguen, the new household musical instrument, the Bootjack, etc.
In a new and popular programme of great novelty and variety, interspersed with vocal selections.

Entire chance of programme each concert.

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER. Corner Ellis and Church Streets, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, Mar. 2 & 3.

Admission, 50c.; children, 25c. Morning Concert, Saturday, March 3d, 2:30 p. m. Admission, 35c; children, 15c. Tickets on sale at Phillips & Crew, Dobbs, Wey & Co., Fred J. Stilson's. Forty-eighth Annual Commencement of the GEORGIA COLLEGE OF

DeGive's Opera House, Friday, March 2d, at 8 o'clock p. m.



HAMMOND, Ga., September 15, 1887.

Canadian Catarrh Cure Co.:

Gentlemen—My wife was a great sufferer with Catarrh for over two years. She has been a little troubled ever since she was a child with the disease. About two years ago we were in Missistippi, and while there she was taken down with catarrha fever; we had three of the best physicians we could get. They broke the fever and left her the worst case of catarrh of the head I ever saw. Her nesso ran profusely, and for a year I despaired of her ever getting well. I tried several doctors and they could hear of. I spent over \$50 the past year for remedies, and all to no effect. At last it became so offensive that you could hardly remain where side was. I offered \$1,000 to any doctor who would cure her (and that would have left us homeless), but I would not have cared for that if she could only be cured. We saw an advertisoment in the Atlanta Constitution of "Canadian Catarrh Cure," and thought we would try it, and went to your office, when you gave my wife s small sample bottle of your remeay, and told us to come and get a large bottle when that was out. I bought the large bottle, when you gave my wife s small sample bottle of your remeay, and told us to come and get a large bottle when that was out. I bought the large bottle, and before she had used all of the bottle she was entirely well, and her health fully restored, and now does more work than any woman I know. She used the medicine over six months ago, and there has not been the slightest return or the disease. I hope everybody, that has catarrh may find you and be cured. I am a traveling man and have told a great many of your wonderful cure. Yours truly,

W. J. Al.BRITTAM.

Dr. J. W. Oslin & Son, drugsists, of Galnesville, Ga., on September 16, 1887, writes. "Send by ex-HAMMOND, Ga., September 15, 1887,

Dr. J. W. Oslin & Son, druggists, of Gainesville Ga., on September 16, 1887, writes: "Send by ex-press one dozen Catarrh Cure. Two bottles cured a case of fifty years standing.

We have hundreds of testimonials like the above Send for our book of information. Large size bottles, \$1; small, \$6c. If your druggist does not keep it send direct \$2 CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO.,

ATLANTA, GA

14 E. Hunter Street. - ATLANTA, GA-# If you will call at office we will give you ria bottle opedp Stamps of all denominations for sale at Constitution business office. Open until 9

No. 14—from Savannah, "No. 12—for Rome, KnoxBrunswick and Jacksonville. Cincinnati, NashNo. 11—from New York, "No. 14—for Rome, NashKnoaville, Cincinnati, NashKnoaville, Cincinnati, NashNashville and Memphis. 20 p m "No. 13—for Savannah, "No. 15—for Savannah, and Nashville... 6 45 p m "No. 15—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonsonville. 8 50 p m "No. 15, for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonsonville. 8 50 p m "No. 16, for Knoxvilleand Ville and Alabama, NashNo. 15—for Macon and No. 12—for Macon and No. 12—for Macon and Mawkinsville...

10 am No. 12—for Macon and Mawkinsville...

CENTRAL RAILBOAD. CENTRAL RAILBOAD.

Sat'lle* * 7 15 a m To Savannah* 6 50 a m
Bar'svillet, 8 16 a m To Macon* ... 10 00 pm
Bar'svillet, 9 50 a m To Hapevillet 1201 pm
Bar'svillet, 9 50 a m To Hapevillet 1201 pm
Macon* ... 115 pm To Macon* 230 pm
Hapevillet, 140 pm To Barnesvillet 300 pm
Sav'la* ... 540 pm To Barnesvillet 500 pm
Macon* ... 10 35 pm To Barnesvillet 510 pm
Macon* ... 10 35 pm To Savannah* 715 pm Macon* ... 0.3 p mi Josavania ... 0.5 p mi Josavania ... 0.5 p mi Vesttein And Atlantic Raileoad.

ii Chat'ga* ... 0.0 p m To Chattanooga* ... 750 a m Chat'ga* ... 6 20 a m To Chattanooga* ... 1 40 p m Marietta ... 8 3 a m To Rome ... 3 45 p m Rome ... 11 05 a m To Marietta ... 4 40 p m Chat'ga* ... 1 46 p m To Chattanooga* ... 5 50 p m Chat'ga* ... 6 48 p m To Chattan'ga* ... 1 15 p m Chat'ga* ... 6 48 p m To Chattan'ga* ... 1 15 p m ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Montg'ry*.3 50 a m To Montgomery* 2 00 p m

" West Pr*..9 15 a m To West Point*..4 45 p m

" Montg'ry*..1 25 p m To Montgom'ry*.10 50 pm

GEORGIA RAHLROAD. n Augusta* ... 630 a m To Augusta* ... 800 a m Oovington* 7.55 a m To Decatur. ... 900 a m Decatur. ... 10 15 a m To Clarkston. 12 10 p m Augusta* ... 245 p m Clarkston. 220 p m To Covington. ... 615 p m Augusta* ... 645 p m To Augusta* ... 900 p m Decatur. ... 455 p m To Decatur. ... 400 p m

W. H. PATTERSON, Bond and Stock Broker, 24 SOUTH PRYOR STREET.

FROKERS AND BANKERS.

FOR SALE. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock. inta City bonds. ericus, Freston and Lumpkin Railroad bonds. e of Georgia flonds.

THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK Of Atlanta, Ga.

-UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY. Capital and Undivided Profits, \$375,000.

Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand witth Interest Three per cent per annum if left four

Four per cent per annum if left six months. 41 per cent per annum if left twelve

NORTH SIDE SAVINGS BANK

No. 7 Pryor Street. DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS, AC-

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

CAPITAL GITY BANK,

OF ATLANTA, GA., COR. WHITEHALL AND ALABAMA STS Capital and Undivided Profits, \$452,000. A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

---) TRANSACTED (---Collections made direct on all points in the United Statesand remitted for promptly. Particular attention paid to the business of correspondents. The business of Earkers, Merchants and Manufacturers is repectfully solicited. Special feature made of the Eavings' Department. Interest paid on time deposits.

HUMPHREYSCASTLEMAN Bond and Stock Broker.

12 East Alabama Street. FOR SALE.

2,000 shares Tallapoosa Land. Mining and Manufacturing Company stock.

THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO.



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SEND FOR A SAMPLE COPY OF THE COLLECTOR.

a monthly journal devoted to autographs.

W. R. BENJAMIN,

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Largest dealers in autograph letters in America.

Finance and Commerce.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, warch 1, 1889.
New York exchange buying at ½ premium and

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock

NEW YORK, March 1.—The stock market pre-sented a marked contrast today to that of yester-day, being in the main strong and somewhat more active. London quotations came higher this morning. Cables reported a better feeling on Americans at that center, chiefly the result of the action of the trunk line conference, and even Chicago sent reassuring advices as well as bought stocks. Offerings were very few at the opening and buying was rery good. The market was very narrow, however, and seven er eight stocks monopolized the greater portion of business, among which Louisville and Nashville was very prominent, making a marked advance, as did Burlington and Quincy and Northadvance, as did Burlington and Quiney and Northwestern. Reading was very sluggish on expectation that upon the resumption of work in the Lehigh Valley the business of that company will be neverely affected, and when pressure was brought upon that stock late in the day it showed marked weakness. There was a feeble attempt to bid up money on the temporary scarcity caused by March disbursements, but the rate only rose to 5 per cent and closed 2 to 2½. The market was strong at the opening prices, showing gains over last evening's close of ½ to ½ to ½ to recent, which advantage was slowly though steadily increased throughout the forencon and part of the afternoon. Toward 2 p.m. bears offered the list down, and under the lead of Reading a material reaction took place, though the weakness was of short duration. The market weakness was of short duration. The market quickly recovered and closed steady to firm, gen-erally at fractional advances over the opening. Exchange dull but steady at 48°@48°. Money easy

Exchange dull but steady at 48%48. Money easy at 26%, closing offered 262%. Subtreasury balances: Coin \$129,258,000; currency, \$12,225,000. Governments dull but steady; 48 125¼; 4½\$ 106%, exinterest. State bonds dull but steady.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5... 106½ N. O. Pac. 1st... 76
do, Class B 5s... 10s
Ga. 75 mortgage. 9055; Norfolk & W'n pre. 44½
N. O. 68... 1.0
do. 48... 994
S. C. con. Brown. 106
Fenn. settlementés. 69
Reding. 64½
Pacific Mall. 34½
Pacific Ma emphis & Char...... obile & Ohio......

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE ATLANTA, March 1, 1888.

Net receipts for 5 days 40,655 bales, against 64,768 bales last year: exports 57,798 bales; last year 99,871 bales; stock 825,539 bales; last year 795,386 bales. Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

the state of the s	Opening.	Closing.
March	10.46@10.47	10.42@10.43
April	10.54@	10,50@10.51
May	10.ti2(a)	10.58@
June	10.69@	10.65@10.66
June	10.73@	10.67@10.68
August	10.75@	10.70@10.71
September	10.21@10.23	10.18@
October		9.86@ 9.87
November	9.80@	9,77@ 9.78
December	2.87@ 9.88	9,77@ 9,78
Closed weak; sales 82	.000 bales.	
Local-Cotton dull;		
The following is or ents for today:	ir table of receip	pts and ship-
	ECEIPTS.	
By wagon	COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE	49

.101,503 Grand total... Shipped today...

Stock on hand ... 10,211 The following is our compa Receipts today. Same time last year. Showing au increase of... Receipts for the week. Same week last year. Showing an increase of... Receipts since September 1. Same time last year. Showing a decrease of...

NEW YORK, March 1-Hubbard, Price & Co., in their circular today, say: On the improvement in Liverpool, where March tenders were taken care of, our market opened steady at quotations of yester-lay, and as port receipts were light, especially at day, and as port receipts were light, especially at New Orleans, advanced three points shortly after the first call. The effect of receipts soon passed over, and those who had bought, finding few or no buyers, sold out, depressing prices six points from the highest. Much of the long cotton bought yesterday has been marketed, and prices closed weak, though many orders appeared in hand fat about; closing the many orders appeared in hand at about-closing fig-ures. Advices from Manchester report that market without improvement. Large sales were made in Liverpool before the close.

NEW ORLEANS, March 1.—Messrs. Glenny & Violett have this to say about cotton in their circular: The closing of the New York market shows great weakness attributable, we suppose, to the receipts being about the same as this day last year. We see no other cause and have received no explanation from New York of the decline there. Receipts at the interior, so far, show losses at Memphis and B. Louis, as compared with last week, while the shipments from Memphis are 18,00 bales against 900 bales last week. The shipments are relatively as large from other interior towns, and the plantation movements will be small for this week. The principal holders of long March here continue to receive all the cotton tendered, and say they will take up notices, if issued, for all contracts they are long, which may be thirty-five to forty thousand bales. Speculation seems to be out of the market entiroly, and though premiums are small, the bears do not appear to be deterred thereby, but hammer the market whenever an opportunity offers. Receipts at the interior towns for the week are estimated at 33,000 bales against 25,000 bales last year. Putures closed easy: March 28,000,31; April 9.820 9.89; May 9.9709.98; June 10.07010.08; July 10.160 10.17; August 10.11 010.12; September 9.6709.68; October 9.4009.41; November 9.3109.32; December 93269.33; Sales 30,900 bales. NEW ORLEANS, March 1 .- Messra. Glenny &

No. 2 red St; longberry — Corn, No. 2 mixed 32½ do. white — Oats, new No. 2 mixed 35; do. white — Groceries.

ATLANTA, March 113—100fee—Firm; in good demand. We quote: Choice 22c; prime 21c; good 20c; fair 19c; glow grade 19c. Sugar — Cut loaf 8c; powdered 8c; standard granulated 7½c; standard granulated 7½c; standard ard A 7½c; extra C 7c; yellow extra C6½c. Syrups—New Orleans choice 50@56c; prime 66½c. Syrups—New Orleans choice 50@56c; prime 66½c. Syrups—New Orleans choice 50@56c; prime 66½c. Syrups—New Creakers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 7½c. X sods 5c; XXX do. 5½c. Cininamon 12c. 8ago 50c. Ginger 10c. Mace 60c. Pepper 20c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 7½c. X sods 5c; XXX do. 5½c. Candy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackerel — No. 3 bbis 315.00; oxides. Candies — Full weight 11c. Matches—Round wood 9 gross \$1.10; % 200 \$2.50; \$2.50; \$4.00; \$4.00. \$4.00. \$8.400. \$4.00. \$8.00.—In Rogs 4½c; in boxes 5½c. Rhoice 6½c; prime 6c fair 5½c. Salt—Virginia 75c. Cheese—Cream 14c; facility fair to good fair 4½c/4 45-16; good common 14c; facility fair to good fair 4½c/4 45-16; good common 14c; fair to good fair 4½c/4 45-16; good common 14c; fair to good fair 4½c/4 45-16; good common 14c/10c; centrifugals plantation granulated 6½c; choice white 6; off white 6:16 665; choice yellow clarified 1½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-16; prime do. 5½c; off do. 51-16; seconds 4½c/4 15-1 By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, March 1—12:15 p. m.—Cotton business good at unchanged prices; middling uplands 5 9-16, middling Orleans 5%; sales 12:000 beloes; speculation and export 2:00: receipts 13:000; American 7.00; aplands low middling clause March and April delivery 5:30-64; April and Mary delivery 5:35-64; May and June delivery 5:35-64; June and July delivery 5:35-64; July and Angust delivery 5:46.5 11-64; Intures opened quiet and steady,

LIVERPOOL, March 1—2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 9:200 bales; uplands low middling clause March delivery 5:36-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5:36-64, seli delivery 5:36-64, seli

ers: May and June delivery 587-64, sellers: June and July delivery 519-64, sellers: July and August deuv-ery 540-64, buyers: August and September 540-64, buyers: Intures steady.

mess \$14.75@\$15,25; new \$15.00@\$15,25. Middles nominal. Lard very dull but without dustable change; western steam spot \$0.72\(\psi\) function 7.07@7.98; May \$.01; city steam 7.00; refined to continent 7.50. by \$1,000, \$1,000 p.m.—Uplands low middlingelans March 1—4:00 p.m.—Uplands low middlingelans March delivery 5:34-64, selies; March and April delivery 5:4-64, selles; April and May delivery 5:55-64, buy.rs; M y and June delivery 5:37-64, buyers; June and July delivery 5:40-64, value; July and August delivery 5:41-64, sellers; August and September delivery 5:11-64, sellers; September and October delivery 5:30-64, buyers; futures closed very steady. city steam 7.65; reined to continent 7.50 CHICAGO, March 1—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork \$13.95. Lard 7.7067.72½. Short ribs loose 7.1567.20. Dry salted shoulders coxed 5.9066.10; short clear sides boxed 7.5067.92½. ATLANTA. March 1—The following are ruling cash pricestoday: Clear rib sides 8½c. Sugar-cured hams 12½613½c. Lard—Pure leat, tierces 10c; refined 8½c.

CINCINATI, March 1—Pork \$14.50. Lard firm at 7.60. Bulk meats quiet; short ribs 7.45. Bacon quiet; short ribs —; short clear 84. steady.

NEW YORK, March !—Cotton quiet; sales :42 bales; middling uplands 10½; middling Orleans 10½; net receipts 90; gross 4,314; onsolidated net receipts 10,255; exports to Great Britain 9,955; to continent 11,321; exports 10.

Stock 277,831.

GALVESTON, March 1—Cotton steady; middling 9%; net receipts 5.9 baies; gross 5.99; sales 599; stock 24,857; exports coastwise 8,181.

NORFOLK, March 1—Cotton steady; middling 10; net receipts 1,494 bales; gross 1,494; stock 37,020; sales 660; exports coastwise 7.2.

BALTIMORE, March 1—Cotton nominal; middling 1094; net receipts 2,530 bales; gross 2,660; sales—stock 20,581; sales to spinners—: exports to Great Britain 2,820; to continent 676; coastwise 131. Britain 2,329; to continent 676: coastwise 181.
BOSTON, March 1—Cotton quiet: middling 10%; not receipts 498 bales: gross 87; sales none; stock none; exports to Great Britain 4,257.
Wilmington, March 1—Cotton quiet; middling 9 15-16; not receipts 212 bales; gross :12; sales none; stock 7,186; exports coastwise 361.
PHILA-DELPHIA, March 1—Cotton steady; middling 10 11-16; not receipts none bales; gross 98; sales none; stock 25,170; exports to Great Britain 1,319; to continent 207. Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, §March 1 — Apples — \$4.75@\$5.00 \$2.00 \$3.00. Cocoanuts—62. Fineapples—\$2.00 \$4.00. Bannas—Selected \$1.75@\$2.00; graies \$7.50 \$2.00 \$4.00. Bannas—Selected \$1.75@\$2.00; graies \$7.50 \$2.00 \$4.00. Bannas—Selected \$1.75@\$2.00; graies \$7.50 \$2.00 \$4.00 \$4.25; \$4.00 \$4.00 \$4.25; \$4.00 \$4.00 \$4.25; \$4.00

to continent 207.

SAVANNAH, March 1—Cotton quiet: middling 9 13-16; net receipts 729 bales; gross 729; sales 1,0.0; stock 53,943; exports to continent 5,559.

NEW ORLEANS, March 1—Cotton steady; middling 29%; net receipts 1,198 bales; gross 1,638; sales 2,000; stock 102,507; exports to continent 4,201.

MOBILE, March 1—Cotton firm: middling 994; net receipts 220 bales; gross 280; sales 100; stock 22,965; exports coastwise 301. Hardware.

ATLANTA, "March 1 — Market steady, Horse-shoes \$4.256.94, 50; mule shoes \$5.256.85, 50; horseshoe nails 12@20c. Ironboundhames \$5.50. Trace-chains 22@70c. Ames' shovels \$9.00. Bpades \$10.00. Well-buckets \$5.50@\$4.50. Cotton rope 15@16c. Sweed iron 5c; rolled or merchant bat 2½c Tatle. Cast-steel 10@12c. Nails, iron, \$2.50; steel \$2.60. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, \$p\$ \$660.4c. Powder, rifie \$5.00; blasting \$2.15. Bar lead 7c. Shot \$1.60. MEMPHIS, March 1—Cotton steady; middling 93/4; ettreceipts 1,163 bales; shipments 4,469; sales 1,100;

stock 110,3:2.

AUGUSTA. March 1—Cotton steady; middling 976; net receipts 336 bales; shipments—; sales 6.3.

CHARLESTON, March 1—Cotton quiet; middling 10%; net receipts 1,074 bales; gross 1,074; sales 100; stock 34,66s.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

conditions were the main causes of the opening strength. May opened 1/20 higher at 80 higher at

rary break early caused by selling by an operato

who was inclined to a short market on bulges. He

who was inclined to a short market on oniges. He broke May from 80% to 80% t. It advanced to 80% before noon, but it was around 80% a great portion of the day, and closed at 80% 80% a great portion. There was more strength shown in corn than anything else on the floor. There was not that persistent opposition to higher prices that was the tactics of a few sellers in wheat. Trade in corn seemed whimsical at times changes from buyers to sellers

whimsical at times, changes from buyers to seller

without change in the quoted price. The tendency, however, was upward. There was liberal buying by several large operators, with some outside orders back of the buying. May opened 1/6/4/2 higher at 103/6/0504/c, and, after easing off slightly on a few sales by local operators, advanced to 513/6/052c—the

closing figure.

A firmer feeling prevailed in the oats market, due to lighter receipts and firmer markets, and more husiness was done. May opened at 21/4@31%c,

ranged between 31%@31%c and closed at 31%c.
Provisions were slow but steadier, most of the strength being in ports, which sold at \$14.06@\$14.12% and closed at \$14.10 for May. Lard remained quiet.

Some parties who bought short ribs yesterday were in the market today as buyers, and took about a million pounds June at 7.45. Aside from their ope-rations no important features were developed.

The following was the range in the leading futures

28

7 1234

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

mixed cash 30 bid; May 29/40 29%.
CINCINNATI, March 1—Flour dull; family \$3.30
@\$3.50; fancy \$3.70@\$3.90. Wheat firm; No. 2 red \$5.
Corn, No. 2mixed 51/4. Oats, No. 2mixed 33/4.
LOUISVILLE, March 1—Grain quiet. Wheat,
No. 2 red \$9; longberry — Corn, No. 2 mixed \$2/4;
do, white — Oats, new No. 2 mixed \$5; do, white —

14 12½ 14 20

7 721/3 7 171/3

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

ATLANTA March 1.1833

May..... Oats— March May Pork—

ATLANTA, March 1 — Eggs — \$12\forall c. Butter—Gilt edge 20\(\text{0.20}\)20\(\text{2.00}\) Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, March 1—[Special.]—The monthly deliveries on 'change this morning were fairly large in wheat and short ribs and in all other articles. When the board opened for business grains were strong and higher. Export clearances from the seaboard were large, and in addition there was a blizzard raging in the nothwest, whi'e it was raining in the winter wheat country, and reports that cold weather was working to the south. These combined conditions were the main causes of the opening Live Stock.

CINCINNATI, March 1—Hogs quiet and st ady; common and light \$4.00@\$5.30; packing and butchers \$5,25@\$5.65.

Country Produce.

Naval Stores. WILMINGTON, March 1—Turpentine sleady at 7; rosin firm; strained 82%; good strained 87%; tar irm at \$1.15; crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.10; yellow

nrm at \$1.15; crude turpentune nrm; nard \$1.15; yealow dip \$2.16; virgin \$2.10.

SAVANNAH, March 1—Turpentine steady at \$7½; sales — barrels, rosin firm; at \$1½½; sales — barrels, CHARLESTON, March 1—Turpentine quiet at 38; rosin firm; good strained \$5.

NEW YORK, March 1—Rosin dull at \$1.15@\$1.20; harrentire and sale at \$1.15@\$1.20;

CINCINNATI, March 1—Whisky steady at \$1.00. ST. LOUIS, March 1—Whisky steady at \$1.09. CHICAGO, March 1—Whisky \$1.14. QUICKEST ROUTE

-TO-COLUMBUS!

ONLY LINE RUNNING

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS

ONLY LINE RUNNING LIMITED EXPRESS TRAINS THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE.

FIRST TRAIN-Leave Atlanta 6:45 a. m.; arrive in Only 4 hours and 20 minutes to Columbus Through without change. SECOND TRAIN-Leave Atlanta 2:00 p. m.; rrive at Columbus 6:40 p. m. daily.

C. H. CROMWELL, Gen'l Manager. Gen'l Pass. Agt. JOHN A. GEE, Pass. Agent, No. 9 Kimball Hous

COAL

MANUFACTURERS, RAILROADS AND OTHERS

Can be supplied by addressing the TENNESSE COAL, IRON AND RAILROAD Co., Tracy City, Ten





CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

ATLANTA, March 1,1333

Flour. Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, March 1 — Flour—Best patent \$5.50:
extra lancy \$5.25; fancy \$4.75; extra family \$4.50:
choice family \$4.25; family \$4.00; extra \$3.75.
Wheat — No. 2 red \$1.00; Georgia red 90c. Bran—
Large sacks \$1.10; small \$1.17. Corn Meal
— Plain 72c; bolted 75c. Pea Meal—90c. Grits—\$4.25.
Corn—Choice winter 74c; No. 2 white Tennessee 72c;
No. 2 mixed 70c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 45c. Hay—
Choice timothy, large bales, \$1.10; small bales \$1.10;
No. 1 large bales \$1.10; small bales \$1.10; clover 95c;
wheat straw baled 90c. Peas—Stock —

NEW YORK, March 1—Flour, southern quiet and
steady; common to fair extra \$3.30@\$4.00; good to
choice \$4.10@\$5.00. Wheat, options opened firm and
closed steady; \$5.01 ½ @ ½c better and quiet; No. 2 red
March \$9½ @ 90; May 91½ @ 9.916. Corn, options
advance fully 1@ 1½c, and closed strong; spot ½@ 12c
better; No. 2 February 59½ @ 10½ is May 37½ @ 10½
Corn, options
advance fully 1@ 1½c, and closed strong; spot ½@ 12c
better; No. 2 February 59½ @ 10½ is May 37½ @ 10½
Corn, options
advance fully 1@ 1½c, and closed strong; spot ½@ 12c
better; No. 2 February 59½ @ 10½ is May 37½ @ 10½
Corn, options
advance fully 1@ 1½c, and closed strong; spot ½@ 12c
better; No. 2 February 59½ @ 10½
Corn, options
advance fully 1@ 1½c, and closed strong; spot ½@ 12c
BALTIMORE, March 1—Flour steady and fairly
active; Howard street and western superfine \$2.37@
\$2.5: extra \$3.06 @ 83.70; family \$1.00 \$4.50; city mins
superfine \$2.37@ \$2.55; extra \$3.00 \$8.50; city mins
superfine \$2.37@ \$2.50; city mins
superfine \$2.37@ \$2.50; city mins
superfine \$2.37@ \$2.50; city mins
superfine \$2.37@ \$2 Description: Dark mahogany bay, foaled 1884; 15% hands, of the kindest disposition, with perfect action, great courage, very speedy and a model in style and finish; bred by Frank Maupin in Madison county, Ky. Will make the season of 1888, ending July 1st, at the stables of Cox, Hill & Walker, 26 West Hunter street, Atlanta, Ga. Limited to 30 mares. west funter street. Adanta, Ga. Limited to 30 marcs.

Pedigree: Sired by Count Wilkes, (son of George Wilkes, the greatest trotting sire that has ever lived dam by Embry's Lexington; 2d dam by Walker' Wagner; 3d dam by Grey Eagle.

His sire, Count Wilkes, No. 4601, is one of the very best bred sons of the great George Wilkes; dam Jewel, (winner of grand prize at St. Louis and the dam of Gambetta; record, 226 and The King, record, 2294; and full sister to Black Maria; record, 2294, and 3 mile record of 725) by Gill's Vermont. No. 104.

2.294; and full sister to Black Maria; record, 2.36, and 3 mile record of 7.35) by Gill's Vermont, No. 104, 2d dam by Cannon's Whip; 3d dam by imported Buzzard. The dam of Wilkerson is strictly thoroughbred and a noted mare in Kentucky. From her he inherits finish and great endurance and he is a very desirable horse to mate with the mares of this section. Terms, \$25.00 the senson; \$25 to insure. Strictly cash at time of service. Apply to T. J. POLLARD, 43 Loyd St., or B. F. WALKER, 25 W. Hunter St.

Take the Midland Route (Georgia Midland and Gulf R. R.)

SHORTEST AND OUICKEST ROUTE NO CHANGE OF CARS

-BETWEEN-

ATLANTA NO COLUMBUS

-AND ONLY ONE CHANGE TO-

UNION SPRINGS, TROY AND EUFAULA TRAIN LEAVES ATLANTA (via C. R. R. and Griffin) 2:30 p. m.,

ARRIVES COLUMBUS 7:15 p. m.

LEAVE COLUMBUS 8:20 a. m., ARRIVE ATLANTA 1:15 p. m. ARRIVE ATLANTA 1:15 p. m.

Making connection certain in Union Depot for all points beyond Atlanta.

Trains leave McDonough southbound at 2:30 p. m.
Ascommodation train leaves Griffin at 5:00 a. m., arriving Columbus 10:55 a. m.

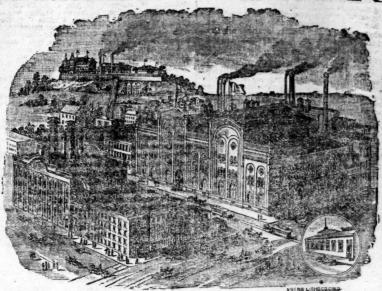
C. W. CHBARS,
Gen I Pass. Ag.,

Superintendent,

CHRISTIAN MOERLEIN, Prest. JNO, GOETZ, Jr., Sec'v.

CINCINNATI, OHIO. CAPACITY 350,000 BARRELS YEARLY.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE FINEST BRANDS OF-



For Sale Everywhere in Atlanta.

Particular attention is invited to our "NATIONAL EXPORT" which is brewed from the finest grace of imported and domestic hops and mait, and prepare discoording to the most approved methods. It is sensitive and pure old larger, does not contain a particle of any injurious ingredients, and being abusine from all adulterations is invariably prescribed by the most prominent physicians for the convalescent, the weak and the aged. The "NATIONAL EXPORT" was browed originally for the Australian trade exclusively, but, with our increased facilities, we are now prepared to familiar it to our custom-

ers throughout the world.

MOERLEIN'S "NATIONAL EXPORT" was awarded the first premium at every Cincinnat Exposition over all competitors, proving it the best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in the world. The barrel teer of THE CHRISTIAN MOERLEIN BREWING CO. is guaranteed to be equal, if not superior, to any beer brewed at home or abroad. Export beer is put up in casks of Ten Dozen Pints, and is guaranteed to keep in any climate.

Emil Selig, Atlanta Agent. ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

AN EXCELLENT PREMIUM.

THE CONSTITUTION GUN is now offered as a premium with the Daily. High prices at an end. Everybody can now read and shoot if they desire.

THE CONSTITUTION has been clubbing a \$24 Gun with its Weekly edition for the past three years, and has sold hundreds of them. We have been prevailed upon to club it with the Daily, and have decided to do so. The gun we offer is a

DOUBLE-BARRELLED SHOT GUN

And is of a very superior make. It is imported especially for us, and is warranted by the manufacturers. It is one of the best guns ever made, and in many respects superior to those usually sold for \$30. We will club it with

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION ONE YEAR FOR \$20.00.



Now, remember, you get both the gun and the Da ilyone year for about what you would have to pay retail dealers for the gun alone. It is a double-barrelled breech-loader, of handsome finish, with oiled walnut stock, pistol grip, and tested steel barrels. It weighs a trifle over seven pounds, and is a true shooter. It is a number 12 and 30 inches long. We keep only this size, and do not furnish canister. We have the gun at our office, and will be glad to show it to those who may call. We have received hundreds of certificates, from Texas to Virginia, telling of its merits. Now, don't you want one? It so, come in at once and subscribe of the Daily and you can get the gun at a reduced price. If you are already a subscriber, we will let you have the gun at \$10. This is a good chance for you. Call at business office and see the gun.

LADIES

Do Your Own Dyeing at Home With PEERLESS DYES!

THEY WILL DYE EVERYTHING. THE ARE sold everywhere. Price 10c a package. 40 col. ors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, ornon-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For ale by M. B. Avary & Co., and all Drugg 2 ts.

WEAK ADVICE PREE! HOW TO ACT Lost Viror and Manhood Restored. Pre-mature Deellne and Functional disorders ured testinast Stomach Medicines. Sealed Touches and free upon application. MARSTON CO., 19 Park Place, New York.

CHATTANOOGA, ROME & COLUMBUS TIME TABLE NO. 9.

1n Effect November 22, 1887. Daily. South Bound.

	No. 1.	No. 3.
me.		
st Rome	6 30 am	2 30 pm
lmes	6 40 am	2 40 pm
olders	6 51 am	2 51 pm
ambers	7 02 am	3 02 pm
w Bethel	7 15 am	8 15 pm
mmit	7 26 am	8 26 pm
ooks	7 84 am	3 34 pm
ke Creek	7 80 am	3 39 pm
ars	7 52 am	3 52 pm
dartown	8 10 am	4 10 pm
North Bound.	Daily.	
North Bound	No. 2	No.4
dartown	8 50 am	5 00 pm
ars	9 08 am	5 18 pm
ke Creek	9 21 am	5 31 pm
ook 8	9 26 am	5 36 pm
mmit	9 35 am	0 45 pm
w Bethel	9 44 am	5 54 pm
ambers	9 59 am	6 09 pm
	10 08 am	6 18 pm
iders		
lmes	10 21 am	6 31 pm
lders Imesst Rome		6 31 pm 6 40 pm
st Rome	10 21 am 10 30 am	6 40 pm
st Romeme	10 21 am 10 30 am	6 40 pm
lmes	10 21 am 10 30 am	6 40 pm
lmes	10 21 am 10 30 am	6 40 pm
lmes	10 21 am 10 30 am	6 40 pm
lmes	10 21 am 10 30 am	6 40 pm

THE ATLANTA & FLORIDA RAILROAD The following schedule will go into Atlanta and Florida Railroad on

Miles No. 2 No. 4 A.M. P. M.
8 00 3 50 0 Lv Atlanta Ar
8 20 4 05 2 E T V & G Jn
8 23 4 07 2.5
8 23 4 10 3 Roseland
8 45 4 30 8 Roseland
9 00 4 50 14 McCollough
9 00 4 50 16 Travis
9 25 5 15 22 Gilbert's
9 30 5 5 20 24 Fayetteville
9 48 5 38 28 Nash's
10 00 5 50 31 ArWisyrl Lv

Trains leave from and arrive at E T A.M. P.M. 8 30 5 02 8 20 5 01 8 18 5 30 8 15 5 00 Trains leave from and arrive at E. T., V & G. Ry.
Passenger Depot.
JOHN N. DUNN, H. L. COLLIER,

PETER LYNCH,

95 Whitehall Street,

ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA,

Retail Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Liquors. Fine Liquors and Wines for medicinal purposes a specialty. Also bottled English Ale, Dublin Porter and Lager Beer. Tobaccos, Cigars and Snuff, Guns and Ammunition; Pistols and Cartridges; also Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons; Glass and Crockeryware, Boots and Shoes, and many other goods too numerous to mention. A perfect Variety Store. Terms cash. Prices as low as the lowest.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD. GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, GA., Sept. 17th 1857.)
Commencing sunday, 18th Instant, the following
assenger schedule will be operated:
#20 Trains run by 90th meridian time.

No. 27 WEST-DAILY. Arrive Atlanta No. 25 EAST—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta.
Leave Gainesville
Arrive Atlens.
Arrive Augusta. DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.
No. 2 EAST—DAILY. | No. 1 WEST—DAILY.

Ly. Atlanta 800 a m
Ar. Gainesville... 825 p m
Ly. Maton... 710 a m
Ar. Athens... 505 p m
Ar. Washington... 220 p m
Ly. Walledgeville... 913 a m
Ar. Macon... 600 p n
Ar. Macon... 600 p n
Ar. Augusta... 335 p t
T. (Tainesvilly... 825 p m
T. Augusta... 545 p m No. 4 EAST-DAILY. | No. 3 WEST-DAILY. Lv. Atlanta 9 06 p m I.v. Augusta — 10 15 p m Ar. Augusta 5 00 a m Ar. Atlanta 6 20 a m DECATUR TRAIN—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta 927 a m Lv. Decatur 945 a m

Ar. Decatur 930 a m Ar. Atlanta 10 fo a m COVINGTON ACCOM'N-Daily except Su

MACON NIGHT EXPRESS—DAILY)
No. 8: WESTWARD. | No. 32 EASTWARD. Ly. Camack 130 a m Ly. Macon 530 p m Ar. Macon 730 a m Ar. Camack 1100 p m

THE MEDICINE MEN.

Another Batch of Young Doctors Licensed.

A Finished Oration by Dr. I. S. Hopkinsonel T. P. Westmoreland's Eloquent Address.

Atlanta Medical college took place in DeGive's opera house, and there was present a very

large and refined audience.

The members of the faculty, the Rev. G. B. Strickler, Colonel Thomas P. Westmoreland, Dr. H. HaTucker and several others sat upon the stage, and the members of the graduating class occupied the front rows of seats in the

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Of the 114 there were from Georgia seventy-four, Alabama, twenty; South Carolina, nine; Tennesse, three; Florida, two; Messsippi, two: North Carolina, two; Texas, one; Louisista, one. The faculty submit the following names for the degree of doctor of medicine:

Class No. 1—W. H. Bell, N. V. Boddle, J. W. Bramlett, J. P. Brank, T. J. Bridges, M. S. Brown, C. R. Buchanan.

Class No. 2—L. K. Burrus, B. N. Bussey, W. E. Petror, C. G. O. Chapman, A. L. Christopher, I. D.

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I. Coleman, W. W. Cornog.
Class No. 3—W. R. Bendy, A. P. English, T. H. P.
incher, W. L. Gilbert, W. J. Green, T. M. Green.

Shamblin. s No. 7-J. L. Shamblin, W. F. Sibbett, J. Y. sith, R. B. Snead, W. L. Story, J. H. Stroud, P.

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At 10 0'

and Mr.

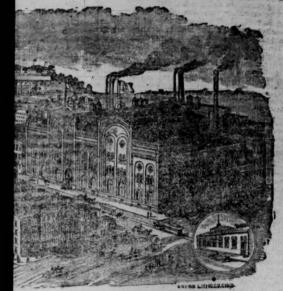
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50,000 BARRELS YEARLY.



AL EXPORT WAS available to the principle of the best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in the principle of the best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in the being the principle of the best beer in the best been as a superior of the best been as a

ig, Atlanta Agent. DERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

ELLENT PREMIUM.

CUTION GUN is now offered as a pre-High prices at an end. Everybody can if they desire. ON has been clubbing a \$24 Gun with its Weekly edition and has sold hundreds of them. We have been prevailed Daily, and have decided to do so. The gun we offer is a

BARRELLED SHOT GUN

make. It is imported especially for us, and is warranted it is one of the best guns ever made, and in many respects sold for \$30. We will club it with

INSTITUTION ONE YEAR FOR \$20.00.



get both the gun and the Da ilyone year for about what you dealers for the gun alone. It is a double-barrelled breechish, with oiled walnut stock, pistol grip, and tested steel le over seven pounds, and is a true shooter. It is a number Ve keep only this size, and do not furnish canister. We e, and will be glad to show it to those who may call. We of certificates, from Texas to Virginia, telling of its merits. It so, come in at once and subscribe for the Daily and reduced price. If you are already a subscriber, we will let This is a good chance for you. Call at business office and

PETER LYNCH,

ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA,

Retail Dealer in

Fine Liquors and Wines for medicinal purposes a

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.

OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER,
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AUGUSTA, GA., Sept. 17th ISST.)
mmencing sunday, 18th Instant, the following
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£6 Trains run by 90th meridian time.
No. 27 WEST—DAILY.

DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.
No. 2 EAST—DAILY. | No. 1 WEST—DAILY.

No. 4 EAST-DAILY. No. 8 WEST-DAILY.

DECATUR TRAIN—Daily except Sunday.

Adlanta 927 a m Lv. Decatur 945 a m
Decatur 930 a m Ar. Atlanta 1045 a m

Home With DYES! HING. THE ARE

Foreign and Domestic Liquors. Fine Liquors and Wines for medicinal purposes a specialty. Also bottled English Ale, Dublin Porter and Lager Beer. Tobaccos, Cigars and Smuff, Guns and Ammunition; Pistols and Cartridges; silso Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons; Glass and Crockeryware, Boots and Shoes, and many other goods too numerous to mention. A perfect Variety Store. Terms cash. Prices as low as the lowest.

PETER LYNCH. HOW TO ACT !

hood Restored. Pre-Functional disorders ch Medicines. Sealed & COLUMBUS

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No. 23 EAST—DAILY.
Leave Atlanta.
Leave Galnesville Daily. No. 2 | No. 4 8 50 am 5 00 pm 9 08 am 5 18 pm 9 21 am 5 31 pm 9 26 am 5 36 pm 9 35 am 5 45 pm 9 50 am 6 49 pm 9 50 am 6 09 pm 10 08 am 6 81 pm 10 21 am 6 81 pm 10 30 am 6 40 pm Lv. Atlanta 9 06 p m Lv. Augusta -- 10 15 p m Ar. Augusta 5 00 a m Ar, Atlanta 6 20 a m

see, Virginia and H. HARRIS, Acting Supt

Hiles No. 2 No. 4

THE MEDICINE MEN. Another Batch of Young Doctors

Licensed.

A Finished Oration by Dr. I. S. Hopkins-Colonel T. P. Westmoreland's Eloquent Address.

The thirtieth annual commencement of the Atlanta Medical college took place in DeGive's opera house, and there was present a very large and refined audience.

The members of the faculty, the Rev. G. B. Strickler, Colonel Thomas P. Westmoreland, Dr. H. HaTucker and several others sat upon the stage, and the members of the graduating class occupied the front rows of seats in the parquet. Music was interspersed throughout the exercises, and the proceedings moved along smoothly and pleasantly.

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THE DOCTORS IN CONVENTION

Annual Meeting of the Georgia Eclectic Med-ical Association.

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning the Georgia Eclectic Medical association met in the senate chamber, a large number of delegates being The following members answered to their names when Dr. W. M. Durham, the secreta-

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A. G. Thomas, T. H.IWarren, G. W. D. Patterson, Atlanta; J. R. Nesbit, Morrows; J. T. Elder, Elder; M. V. Robertson, High Shoals; C. N. Willis, Mayesviller; J. H. Viding, Atlanta; I. H. Gunter, Whitehouse; J. B. George, Leary; H. H. Green, E. H. Green, E. H. Green, Atlanta; R. W. C. Green, East Point; Thomas, D. Goodwin, Oakland; John H. Goss, Decetar; I. J. N. Goss, Marletta; H. W. Garm, Brunswick; S. P. Powns, Monticello; T. J. Collins, McKibben; J. M. Hamilton, Jug Tavern; John C. Harris, Sewance; I. H. Hand, Milford; R. T. Hillman, Dawson; J. H. Hampton, Mayeville; W. L. Hitchcock, Carrollton; W. L. Haynie, Bowersville; H. D. Johnson, Atlanta; C. J. Johnson, Atlanta; J. L. Lang, Locust, Grove; J. N. Lovinggood, Cherchee Mills, R. M. Moore, Walesen; M. E. McDaniel, Reeves, Station; J. W. F. Ram, hton, Atlanta; H. C. Ramsey, Thomasville; J. M. T. Snith, Lost Mountain: B. M. Sprayberr; East Point; J. T. Podd, East Point; S. D. Durham, Masses; Milliam Delay, Ball Ground; J. L. Lurham, Woodville; I. L. Couch, Atlanta; J. T. Buchan, Eastman, J. M. Buchan, Eastman; S. T. Biggers, Atlanta; J. seelence and art of medicine is ad-

The convention adopted, unanimously, the following resolution:
Whereas, The science and art of medicine is advancing every year and widening the scope of the principles and practice of all branches; and whereas, the time usually allotted to the study of medicine, by nearly all medical colleges in the United States, being only two years, or rather only two courses of collegiate instruction and study previous to graduation, being, in our opinion, by far too short to be of sufficient practical benefit to the graduates of their colleges; therefore, be it

Resolved. By the Georgia Eclectic Medical association, that the trustees and faculty of the Georgia College of Eclectic Medicine and Surgery be earnestly recommended to adopt the plan of requiring all its students, who are preparing for graduation, attendance on the full terms or correst of lectures as conditions to graduation.

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Resolved, That this association aid and give all is influence to the end of aiding in the medification of the present law governing the practice of meditine, so as to substitute three in lieu of two courses of lectures as the legal standard for graduation in aedicine in this state.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed by the resident of the association to confer with the trusces and faculty of each of the other medical coleges in this state, to ask and solicit their assistance in obtaining the necessary legislation to carry into affect the three course system preparatory for graduation.

uation.

The chairman appointed, in obedience to the above resolution, the following gentlemen as the committee to confer with the authorities of the medical colleges touching the legislation asked for—Dr. Joseph Adolphus, Dr. A. G. Thomas, and Dr. W. M. Durham.

Several reports were submitted, and a programme was mapped out. It was decided that there should be two sessions of the convention daily—one in the morning and the other in the afternoon.

afternoon.

The convention then took a recess until three o'clock in the afternoon.

The afternoon session was devoted mainly to discussing the germ theory. Dr. Adolphus made the opening address and the manner in which he treated the subject showed that he had given it much thought. Short speeches were made by Drs. Wilder, Goss, Nance, Hammond and Hand.

Hammond and Hand.

'At 4:30 o'clock the convention adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock this morning.

Some twenty-five or thirty delegates have come in since the session, and it is likely the attendance today will be much larger than it was yesterday.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

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By Judge Newman, in the Case of Lane Mitchell vs. Henry Fink, Receiver. The case of Lane Mitchell vs. Henry Fink, receiver for the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad company, being a suit for personal injuries, was tried at the present term of the United States circuit courts, his honor, Judge W. T. Newman, presiding, and resulted in a verdict for the plaintiff for \$1,100, Hoke & Burton Smith appearing for the plaintiff, and Bacon & Rutherford, and Mynatt & Carter for the defendant. The case involved the question of the liability of a receiver for injuries to employe, through the negligence of a co-employe. Defendant moved for a new trial. The motion was ably argued orally before Judge Newman by Hoke Smith for the plaintiff and Colonel P. L. Mynatt for the defendant, who each afterwards submitted elaborate written arguments to the court. Judge Newman has rendered an able, lengthy and well considered opinion, granting a new trial, and holding that a receiver is not liable to one employe for injuries occasioned by the negligence of a co-employe, and that his liability is a common law liability only, except as modified by a statute of the state of Georgia relating to receivers.

as modified by a statute of the state of Georgia relating to receivers.

There were other important questions in the case, but this one was the most important, since it relieves the railroad company of liability in several other similar cases pending in this court against Mr. Fink as receiver.

Some Account of the Work Which They are

Judge William Reese, Hon. Virgil Powers, and Mr. Cless Howard, the commissioners appointed to take an inventory of the property of the State railroad and to put a valuation on the same, were quite busy yesterday.

They went through the car department of the Western and Atlantic road. They found that the road controls eleven hundred cars and that they are scattered all over the country. The commission, of course, cannot get at all the cars for inspection. They have requested ex-Councilman Kinyon, who is chief of the car department, to get up a complete list of the cars, with the age, the value and history of each car. Mr. Kinyon has begun the work. The commission have finished their inspection of the locomotive department and have in hand the history of each locomotive with estimate of its value by Master Machinest Lamar Collier. The commission will meet Saturday and then adjourn for two weeks, at the end of which time they will take a trip over the State road in Senator Brown's nivate car for the purpose of

two weeks, at the end of which time they will take a trip over the State road in Senator Brown's private car for the purpose of inspection and valuation. They will afterward spend some time in Chattanooga for the purpose of making on inventory of the property of the road at that point.

CHIEF JOYNER. And Another Marriage in Judge Tanner's Office Yesterday Afternoon.

Yesterday afternoon, about three o'clock, Chief Joyner stepped from the stairway at Judge Tanner's office, and just as he stepped upon the sidewalk a party of darkies started up. The uncles and cousins and aunts were all there, and the bride and groom.

"Judge," said the groom, nervously, as they entered the courtroom, "we wants to git married."

As there were about ten females in the party, and as many men, the announcement was

and as many men, the announcement was rather startling.

"Well, each of you fellows take the hand of the girl you want to marry, so I can tell which is which."

"Jes me and Alice, jedge, dat's all."

"Well, which one is Alice?"

The couple stood up and in a little while they were man and wife.

"Now, who says Cap Joyner is not a mascot?" asked the judge.

Nobody denied it, and the judge continued with a twinkle in his eyes:

"Yes, sir, its a remarkable fact, but every time Chief Joyner comes to my office there is a negro wedding, and I never knew it to fail yet." "Wonder how it happens?" said Pat Owens.

COLONEL CHAPMAN

Of the Revenue Department Makes Up His Report for February.

The report of Colonel Chapman, of the revenue department, for the month of February, has been made up and contains some interesting points going to show the good work done by his men during last month.

Eighteen distilleries were seized in Georgia and seventeen in Alabama. One hundred and seventy-eight fermenting tubs were destroyed in Georgia and two hundred and fiftyfive in Alabama. Fourteen thousand gallons of beer were destroyed in Georgia and twenty-four thousand nine hundred and forty in Alabama. Sixty gallons of corn whisky were seized in Georgia and Alabama together. Two horses, two mules and two wagons were seized in the two states. Twenty arrests were made in distilleries in Georgia and ten in distilleries in Alabama.

The estimated value of the property seized and destroyed is \$4.005.

JEWELER,

55 WHITEHALL ST. Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing. Bottom Prices.

Belvidere Oyster Co. Oysters 25 cts per qt, Cor. Pryor, under Metro-25 cts per qt, politan Hotel. Telephone

BABY CARRIAGES Of the latest sty'es and in great variety, at prices lower han anywhere. NUNNAL

LY'S, 36 Whitehall street.

COURT AND CAPITOL.

Points of Interest Gathered in the Departments Yesterday.

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There was nothing of special interest at the capitol or customhouse yesterday.

Commissions were issued to the following officers yesterday:

F. H. Wright, county treasurer of Crawford county, vice W. H. Dend, resigned; R. G. Obery, notary public and exofficio justice of the peace for the 590 district of Pierce county; Lowson Thompson, notary public and exofficio justice of peace of the 1168th district of Glascock county, vice C C Thompson, removed from the district; W. W. Swann, S. W. Weaver and J. J. Long, members of the board of education of Rockdale county—the former to fill the unexpired ferm of J. W. Hollingsworth; D. F. Clatfelter, notary public and exofficio justice of peace for 501st district of Rockdale.

In the comptroller-general's office the

501st district of Rockdale.

IN THE COMPTROLLER-GENERAL'S office the following items were recruded yesterday: Insurance agent taxes \$800; insurance fees \$192; secretary state's fees \$48.50; general tax Berrien county \$1,100; general tax Putnam county \$90; general tax Hancock county \$1,000; special tax Whitfield county \$2,250; liquor tax Floyd county \$141; liquor tax Muscogee \$2,094; general tax Greene county \$157. The Federal Courts.

The United States circuit court will meet The United States circuit court will meet next Saturday morning.

Deputy Moses seized a 125 gallon still in Cherokee county, and arrested the owner, D. N. Moor. The still was shipped to Atlanta.

Deputy Campbell arrested John Brockett in Whitfield county, for running an illicit distillery. Commissioner Henderson, at Dalton, committed him to Fulton county jail in default of bond.

THE ORGANIZATION COMPLETE.

The Congregational Conference Holds a Interesting Session-Officers Elected. The closing session—Officers Elected.

The closing session of the United Congregational conference was held at the Church of the Redeemer yesterday.

Soon after the opening, the conference took a recess and re-convened for the purpose of organizing a Home Missionary society for Georgia. A constitution and by-laws regulating said missionary society was read and adopted, and the following officers were subsequently elected:

President, Rev. G. R. Turk, pastor of the Church of the Redeemer of this city.

Treasurer, Rev. S. C. McDaniel, of Griffin, Ga.

Treasurer, Rev. S. C. McDaniel, of Griffin, Ga.

Secretary, J. F. Beck, of Atlanta.

Directors, for three years, Rev. W. B. Armstrong, Rev. S. E. Bassett, J. H. Sutton. For two years, W. E. Warren, F. B. Shepard, C. T. Hancock. For one year, Rev. W. L. Jones, Jas. R. Black.

Auditor, Hon. L. B. Nelson.

The committee on district conferences made their report grecommending that the state be divided into five districts, and the names of the several churches were given as assigned to each district. This was adopted.

A resolution was adopted appointing a committee to correspond with and represent this association of churches in negotiations with other churches or religious bodies who may desire to come into this union. In offering the resolution Rev. S. C. McDaniel said that there were several other churches known as Congregational Methodists (of which he was once a member), who would eventually come into this union; also that other religious bodies, with whom he had been in communication, were looking with flower upon the movement, and he believed

also that other religious bodies, with whom he had been in communication, were looking with favor upon the movement, and he believed were fast coming to regard it as their privilege to become a part of this new state body, and a part of the great family of Congregationalists. He did not believe in over persuasion, or proselyting, but wanted it understood that there was an open door and all would receive a warm and hearty welcome.

It was voted to hold the next state conference in the Fredonia church, Monroe county, this state, the first Thursday in November next, that date being fixed upon for the annual meeting hereafter.

The following persons were nominated and duly elected officers for the coming year:
President, Rev. G. R. Turk, of Atlanta.
Secretary, Rev. T. J. Estes.
Register and treasurer, Jones Bush.
S. S. Secretary, William Shaw.
Business committee, Jones Bush, Rev. S. C. McDaniel, Rev. W. B. Armstrong, F. B. Shepard, and Rev. W. F. Brewer.
Preachers at next conference, Rev. S. F. Kennedy, Atlanta; Rev. W. B. Armstrong.

"Thus ends the first conference of the United Congregational conference of Georgia," said one of the delegates. "The enthusiasm and perfect understanding of these brethren, coming from different chuiches and different training, was quite remarkable. One spirit seemed to possess each member present—namely: How can we do the most good for spirit seemed to possess each member present
—namely: How can we do the most good for
the Master? Certain it is that no such gathering can be held, with such a purpose, and outlook, without accomplishing much for the
cause of Christ."

"Can't eat a thing." Hood's Sarsaparilla is a wonderful medicine for creating an appetite, regulating digestion, and giving strength.

Supreme Court of Georgia, October Term, 1887.

heim, C. B. Wooten, for plaintiff, D. H. Pope, for defendant.

No. 17. Mayer & Uliman et al vs. Coley. Injunction, from Dougherty. Argued. D. H. Pope, for plaintiffs in error. Walters & Arnheim, for defendant.

No. 18. Nussbaum & Co. et al vs. Price et al. Refusal of injunction, from Dougherty. Argued. Thos. & W. B. Willingham, J. H. Lumpkin, for plaintiffs in error. D. H. Pope, R. Hobbs. J. J. Beck, L. G. Cartledge, H. D. Clayton, Jr., M. K. Freeman, for defendants.

The court adjourned to this afternoon at 2 o'clock Lady's Boudoir: "Away with the boots; they are fellows. Bring Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup."

Ship us 10,000 Pappoose cigars every month BRERMANN & SILVERMAN. Silk, Stiff and Soft Hats of all grades and new styles at McKeldin & Carlton's.

Yellow Labels will seen be here.

CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.

MY SPRING SAMPLES JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.'S

FOR

ARE NOW READY.

Call and examine and leave order. I am selling Fall Goods at greatly reduced GEO. MUSE, 38 WHITEHALL ST.

DIAMONDS WATCHES, JEWELRY AND STERLIN
The latest Novelties for the H

Specialty.

HAVE YOU READ MISTER POTTER, OF TEXAS?

THORNTON'S BOOK STORE Telephone 236, and we will send you a copy. This book is decidedly the "Hit" of this year. We also have the following books, all of which are new:
"MR. BARNES, OF NEW YORK," paper edition,

50 cents.
"MARVIL," the Duchess last, 25 cents.
"A LIFE INTEREST," Mrs. Alexander.
"A STORMY WEDDING," by Mrs. Mary E. Bryan. "ASJONAL WELDING, by the title of "ROSA N. Paper 25 cents, "ONLY A GOVERNESS," is the title of "ROSA N. CARY," just out, in paper 25 cents, "PARADISE," is a new one just out, by Lloyd S, Bryan. This, like Mr. Potter, is having a large sale, "PARADISE," IN A REV.
Bryan. This, like Mr. Potter, is having a large saie, and is very popular.

"FREE JOE" again, and other stories by Uncle Remus; cloth by mail, \$1.00, and a number of others which our space will not allow us to mention. We keep up with the new books as fast as out, and shall be glad to fill any order for same at all times. E. H. & J. R. Thornton, Leading Art Dealers.

Fine Stationery, Steel Engravings, Proof Etchings, Pastels, Potographs, Oil Paintings, etc.

We manufacture all styles of Picture Frames, at the very lowest prices. Our stock of Mouldings, in Bronze, Guilt and Hand-carved is the largest south. Crayon and Canvas Sketches for artist made to order by FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN ONLY

Send us your orders. We guarantee satisfaction. Prices of artists material given on application. Ladies' fine Stationery and visiting cards, Menu. Cards, etc. Stamping on Silk Plushes, etc., done free. Call and examine designs.

E. H. & J. R. THORNTON,

Telephone 236.

Telephone 236.

1 "HAMMOND" IN THE LEAD
THE FOLLOWING \$1,000 CHALLENGE WAS
published before that of any other typewriter,
and has never been accepted:
Gentlemen Competitors; You have been industriously circulating, among other false assertions,
the following: That "our outside keys, the most
unfavorable in position, or those where the typewheel is required to move the greatest distance, (for
example, v and z, or x and y), cannot be operated
alternately at a high rate of speed." We assert
that these keys can be operated with perfect alignment and impression at the rate of ten characters
per second, and we challenge you, gentlemen, to do
the same on the most unfavorably lecated keys of
your machines with only tolerable alignment and
impression, the party falling to do as above stated
to forfeit to any public charity the sum of \$1,100.

THE HAMMOND TYPE WRITER CO.,
75 and 77 Nassau street, New York.
A. F. COOLEDGE, General Agent,
21 Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

BROCKETT'S DE-LEC-TA-LAVE Is the Most Efficient Preparation for Cleans



WHAT IT WILL DO. It will whiten the teeth.
It will cleanse the mouth,
It will harden and beautify the gums, It will purify the breath, It will prevent the formation of tartar. It will neutralize any acidity of the saliva,

It will aid in preserving the teeth, It will cure tender and bleeding gums. Those who have heretofore neglected the care and preservation of their teeth should begin this important work at once. For this you will find othing so efficient as Delectalave. Price 50 cents

wholesale Druggists, Gen'l Agts., Atlanta, Ga.

Dunlap Hats in spring styles will be opened tomorrow at McKeldin & Carlton's. sole agents for Atlanta.

Please ship me 10,000 more Pappoose cigars. John Doscher, Augusta, Ga.

JUST RECEIVED Complete selection of Foreign Liquors (own importation), Mineral Water, Bass Ale, Guinness Stout, Dublin Ginger Ale, German Wines, etc. B & B., 46 Marietta street.

Our trade call for the Pappoose cigar all the time. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Macon, Ga.

W. R. JONES & CO. PRACTICAL SLATE ROOFERS Plain and ornamental roofing done in the be manner, and repairing old slate roof a specialt Address, Eox 318, Atlanta, Ga. Office 12 Loyd stree Jan 15—d3m 7p

Jan 15—d3m 7p

The Pappoose Cigar has stood the severe test of nine years, and is now the leading 5c cigar all over America. Sold by A, J. Haltiwabger, Druggist.

J. S. DOYLE, Jeweler, 51 Whitehall Street. \$1,000 CHALLENGE.

The latest Novelties for the Holidays. The best \$5.00 Watch in the world. Watch repairing a

STERLING SILVERWARE.

We claim for our machine the following points of superiority: Ease of manipulation, durability and speed—the essential qualities in a writing machine. Its case of manipulation is unquestioned. To test durability requires many years of actual use But its superior speed can be demonstrated in a few moments.

moments.
We challenge all other writing machines to a speed test, as follows:
The umpire to be selected by our competitors.
Deposit. Each competitor to deposit with the umpire a certified check, payable to hisorder, for \$1,500.
Competing mechines to write capitals and small etters.
Time. Before March 1st, 1888. The test to take letters.

Time. Before March 1st, 1838. The test to take place not earlier than one month after the first acceptance of this challenge.

Place, New York city, in some convenient hall, to be selected by our competitors and to be paid for by ourselves.

Place, New York city, in some convenient hall, to be selected by our competitors and to be paid for by ourselves.

Number of operators. Each competing machine to be represented by three operators, with an instrument for each. The aggregate time of each to be considered in making the award.

Matter to be written. The declaration of independence. This may be committed to memory, or written from dictation. If dictated, each operator may select his or her own reader.

Trinis, Each operator to have the privilege of three trials.

Deductions for errors. A deduction of one second for every omitted, misspelled or mispplaced word. A deduction of one-fifth second for every omitted punctation mark or capital letter.

Disposal of proceeds. \$500 to be equally divided amongst the operators of the winning team. The balance to be donnated to the Grant monument fund.

WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT.

33 Broadway, N. Y.

Full stock at 2½ Marietta st.

W. T. CRENSHAW.

DEADLY PARALLEL COLUMN

HOYT & THORN CHEAP CASH GROCERS, 90 WHITEHALL ST. 90 We invite your inspection.

Our Prices-Best Goods. Large Fancy French Prunes.
3 lbs. new Turkish Prunes.
Fancy Raisins, L. Layer...
Shrewsbury Catsup, pt. size...
Lea & Perrins' Sauce.
Baker's I lb cake Chocolate.
Fancy Lemons, per doz.

HOYT & THORN, REMOVAL

-OF THE-Linen Store!

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM MY PA-hall and Alabama, and will open Wednesday with a full line of HOUSEHOLD LINENS—wholesale and WILLIAM ERSKINE.

CANNON BALL TRAIN! -VIA-

Atlanta & West Point R. R. COLUMBUS, GA.

Fare Atlanta to Columbus via Opelika \$2.90! Which reduces rates to all points on Mobile and Girard, and Columbus and Rome Railroads, Union Springs, Troy, Eufaula and all points south of Co-lumbus.

Rate Atlanta to Opelika \$2.90! Which reduces all rates to points on Columbus and Western Railroad. Tickets limited.

CECIL GABBETT,
Gen'l Manager.
C. H. CROMWELL,
Gen'l Pass. Agent,
Montgomery, Ala. A. J. ORME, Gen'l Agent, JNO. A. GFE, Pass. Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 1st, 1888. WELLHOUSE & FLEISCHEL.

REFERRING TO THE ABOVE, WE BEG TO state, that we will continue manufacturing sun Bonnets under the firm of M. Lang & Co., successors to Wellhouse & Fleischel, at the old stand, and hope to benefit ourselves and those with whom we have dealings.

M. LANG & CO.,

Proprietors Atlanta sun Bonnet Factory, fri sun

39, 41 Peachtree street.

Grand Opening

Merchant Tailoring Dep'tm't FEBRUARY 15TH.

We have now in store, all the Novelties and new Spring Styles of Foreign and Domestic Cloths, Cassimeres, Cheviots, Worsteds, Corkscrews, Bannockburns, Tricots, Granites, Flannels, to which we invite your inspection. We guarantee a perfect fit.

Our Cutters are

C. G. GROSSE, HARRY MCKAY.

REAL ESTATE.

Real Estate Column.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.'S

TODAY'S BARGAINS.

\$650 for one of the choicest and best located lot in West End. 20x200 feet. A bargain can be had, if application be made at once, in seven acres of choice vacant land, corner McDaniel and Rockwell streets. The property lies well for sub-division, and a good profit can be realized by selling in lots. Price \$300 per acre.

\$50 per acre for 50 acre tract on Simpson street road, only 2½ miles from city limits. A rare bargain, \$300—For 3-room house on lot 25x113½ on Pettis street.

street. \$2,000—For 3 3-room houses on lot 50x114, on corner Martin and Jones street, now renting for \$24 \$3,000—For a store and 5 room house on nice lot, \$3,000—For a store and 5 room house on nice lot,
42x100 feet, on becaute street; close in.
\$500—For a choice vacant lot, 45x101 feet, on corner
Hood and Windoor streets.
\$1,000—For hice building lot, 40x200 feet, on north
side Ellis street, near Calhoun street.
\$1,100—For beautiful lot, 50x196, on East Fair street,
\$2,500—For 100 acres choice land within 4 miles of
Cartersville; convenient to schools and churches;
nice 4 room cottage, veranda, etc., on the property.

erry.

\$300 each for 3 lots 50 feet front on south side Bowden street, between Peachtree and Piedmont fair grounds, in beautiful eak grove.

\$4,000 for choice vacant lot on west side of Peachtree
street, 100x200, opposite Henry Leonard's.

\$3,000 for nice six-room cottage and servants' house on cerner Spring and James streets, within two minutes' walk of first M. E. church; lot 50x100.

\$2,500 for six-room cottage on north side Cain, near corner of Courtland street; good lot, 50x100.

\$5500—Each for 7 lots, 90x570 feet, on Gordon street,
West End. in beautiful oak grove.

\$5,000—For a beautiful home of 14 rooms and large lot, 100x408 feet, on Gordon street, West End; splendid mineral water on the lot.

\$500—Each for 3 lots in West End.

\$500—Each for 3 lots in West End.

\$600—Each for 3 lots in West End.

\$600—Each for 3 lots in West End.

\$500—Each for 4 lots, 50x210, on Mineral Spring street, West End. for 3 lots 50 feet front on south side

Oak street.

\$500—Each for 4 lots, 50x210, on Mineral Spring street, West End.

\$5,500—For a large lot, 100x197 feet, with store house and office for a wagon or coal xard, just opposite E. T., V. & G. railroad depot and new proposed site of new grand pessenger depot. A great bargain in this.

\$2,000—For one 3-room and one 2-room houses on lots each 40x100 feet, on Valentine, between old Wheat and Green streets.

\$750—Each for two 2-room houses, celled and plastered, on lots 50x100 each, on Green street.

\$400—Each for two vacant lots on Dobine street, 50x200 feet, near roundhouse of E. T. railroad.

\$2,500—For nice 7-room house, lot 50x150 feet, on Walker street.

\$2,200—For 6-room house, lot 50x140 feet, on Crumbley street. 1cy street.

\$2,100—For 4-room house, lot 140x104, corner Pulliam and Crumley streets.

\$2,500—For 3-room cottage, 50x150, on Smith street.

\$2,500—For 3-room house, lot 5-xx10, on Pulliam

st.,700—For 5-room cottage, lot 50x71, on Georgia' avenue.
2,100—For 5-room house, 50x100, on Connally street.
2,350—For 5-room cottage, lot 50x150, East Ellis st.
3,500—For 5-room cottage, lot 60x100, corner Jackson street and Highland avenue.
2,000—For large house of 7 rooms, lot 50x100, on East Baker street.
2,250—For 5-room house, lot 50x140, on Houston st.
A neat, new, Boulevard cottage, near Decatur street, for 850; on fine lot with east front.
The best corner store lot on Decatur street, with a neat, new, and well finished cottage. This cottage and choice store lot only 2,500, if taken this week.
1,900—For neat, new 3 room cottage on good Decatur street lot, this side Boulevard.
Choice, vaoant and improved property in all parts of the city.

ABTISTS' MATERIAL.

A. P. TRIPOD, Paints, Oils,

ARTISTS' MATERIAL,

WINDOW GLASS. Artists Materials

A SPECIALTY.

Agents for Anti-Kalsomine

The best and cheapest preparation for finishings, walls and ceilings of dwellings, churches, stores, etc. Send for color cards, testimonials, etc.

45 Decatur Street, Atlanta, Ga.

In Richly Mounted Silver Handle

THE WEATHER REPORT

WIND. 20 30 60 58 SE 6

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS

METEOROLOGICAL SUMMARY.

Daffy | Maxi- Mini-Mean. | mum. | mum.

MEAN TEMPERATURE FOR THIS MONTH IN

ally dew point, 41; mean daily relative hu-is prevailing direction of wind (7a. m., 3 m.), west; total movement of wind, 6,459 chest velocity of wind, direction and dates t; total precipitation, 5.91 inches; f days on which .01 inch or more of rain ul, 12; depth of unmelted snow on ground month. 0 inches.

Number of foggy days, 0; number of clear days, 6; number of fair days, 12; number of cloudy days, 11, bates of autorus, 0; dates of solar halos, 0; dates of unar halos, 0. Dates of frosts—Light, 16, 29; killing, 3, 28. Dates of thruderstorms, 6

W. EASBY SMITH, Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. Army. Note. -- Barometer corrected for temperature and

UNDERTAKER. No. 62 South Pryor street. On call day or night. e 780. - 1y FRANK X. BLILEY.

Stockholders' Meeting.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Metropolitan over Rallroad complany is called at my office, cor-r Hunter and Budler streets, Atlanta, Ga., on Mon-y, March 12th, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m. li mehlo J. W. RANIN. President.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

MAYS.—Mrs. Mary L. Mays died at the residence of her husband, Conductor John B. Mays, of the Western and Atlantic railroad, on Elilott street, yesterday morning, March 1st, at four o'clock. Mrs. Mays was a daughter of John W. Fowler, of DeKalb county, and the funeral will take place from Indian Creek church of that county at two o'clock today. Mrs. Mays was a member of the Th. 13 aptis: church of this city—was in the organization of this church. She was a devoted Christian, a faithful wife, an affectionate mother and a true friend. She was a stay and comfort to her pastor. She was perfectly resigned to death. Our loss is her gain.

SOUTHERN SANITARIUM

"WATER CURE."

134 CAPITOL AVENUE, ATLANTA, GA
1 THIS INSTITUTION HAS, DURING ITS THIR
1 teen years of successful operation, restored
thousands of people to health, and attained a
national reputation. The problem of health, by
living healthfully has been solved.
The universality of the results obtained is a marked feature of this Sanitarium. All are benefited—
none are injured. All forms of chronic allment
yield to its processes with surprising certainty and
rapidity. THE CRUDE COLD WATER CURE methods do APPLIANCES INCLUDES BATHS OF VARIED FORMS, MASSAGE, SWEDDISH MOVEMENTS, ELECTRICITY, MAGNETISM, HYGIENIC-DIETARY, PNEUMATIC AND VACUUM TREATMENT, ETC. All applied on principles scientifically exact and effaite, which, together with pleasant home com-

tion.

mphlet and particulars, address as above or

U. O. ROBERTSON, M. D. ATLANTA, GA.
P. J. KENNY. H. WERNER

KENNY & WERNER

NO. 40 DECATUR ST., ATLANTA, GA.

Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to ton's.

UP IN THE AIR.

A Building Which is a Credit to the City.

The New Trader's Bank Building, Its Aptments and Equipments-Mr. Gould Talks About It.

One of the finest and most magnificent buildings in the south is now under construction, and will soon be completed, on Decatur and Line streets, opposite the Kimball house. The building fronts sixty feet on Decatur street and seventy-two feet on Line street, with an average depth of one hundred feet.

On yesterday Mr. E. F. Gould, the owner, explained to a representative of The Constitution the plans and designs of the various apartments. "Here," he said, upon reaching the first floor, "will be the handsomest bank office in the city. The floor will be tiled with Georgia marble, and the walls wainscotted with marble. The ceiling and walls will be beautifully decorated. The main desks will be built of Georgia marble and finished with solid brass railings. The vault is constructed in a most complete style, is lined with railroad steel rails, is in-cased in solid steel walls, and is provided with

cased in solid steel walls, and is provided with a burglar proof door weighing two tons. Handsome offices fronting on Line street are provided for the directors and officers. These will be fitted with every convenience."

Mr. Gould also called attention to the other departments on the first floor. A twelve foot hall divides the entire building from front to front, and from the ground to the roof. East of the hall, on the first floor, fronting Decatur street, is a large store room provided with a treet, is a large store room provided with a ault, and is well suited for a bank, counting

vault, and is well suited for a bank, counting room, or a large insurance office.

The hall will be tiled and wainscotted with Georgia marble, and the ceiling on the first floor will be handsomely decorated. The stairways on each side of the elevator on the first floor will be made of oak and wainscotted with marble, and when completed the hall will present an elegant and handsome appearance.

Mr. Gould then led the way to the second floor, which is fitted exclusively for handsome offices.

Mr. Gould then led the way to the second cloor, which is fitted exclusively for handsome offices.

"How many offices will you have in the building when completed?"

"About sixty in all and I want to say," Mr. Gould continued, "that each room will be fitted with every convenience and appointment necessary for the comfort of the occupant, and will be adapted to the use of doctors, lawyers, brokers, insurance men, artists and every business in which elegant, convenient and accessible locations are desired. There will be no sleeping rooms in the building at all. Any person wanting an office with any special appointments, can call and look over the plans, select a room before they are completed, and I will make any little change to adart it to his special wants.

"Will the offices of the higher floors be as desirable as those below?"

"If anything, more so," Mr. Gould answered, "for those above will be as well finished and will have the benefit of light and air. Besides the noise from the streets and the rattle of vehicles upon the pavements is scarcely audible in the upper floors. The offices on the higher floors are just as accessible as on any other floor. I will have one of the best improved Crane elevators ever built, guaranteed to run two hundred and fifty feet per minute, with an absolute safety attachment, which will be thoroughly tested by loading the car and cutting the cable and letting it drop with the operator inside. Then two stairways will be built on each side of the elevator, leading from the first to the top floor. So you, see there will be no difficulty about approaching any office in the building." "When did you commence work on the building, and when do you expect to complete it?"

it?"
"I commenced work last May, and expect to have the entire building completed by the first of next May, and ready for occupancy. I will tell you something about my bank later on. My plans regarding that are not yet thoroughly organized, but I can safely say that there will be a bank established in the building. And let me add," said he, "that in erecting this building I have used as far as possible home material. The brick are Georgia made; the arches are of Stone Mountain granite; the tiling and wainscotting are of Georgia marble, and the lumber is all of Georgia wood."
"How will the building be heated and lighted?"

lighted?"
"I have the best improved heating apparatus that is manufactured. The low pressure heaters will be situated in the basement, and steam will be conducted by pipes through every apartment. Then for lights I will provide every room with gas and electricity, and I have a large open area from the ground to the roof providing light and ventilation for every floor"

every floor"
On the roof, which is on a level with the roof of the Kimball house, a neat and hand-some observatory is being built. This will command a magnificent view of the entire surrounding country. This is the highest building in the city, being eight stories high and having eight floors including the base-ment.

and having eight floors including the basement.

Mr. Gould stated that he was attracted to Atlanta on account of the business energy, vim and push of her citizens. All the natural advantages of location, climate and society presented themselves so forcibly that he was induced to make a large investment here, and the fact of his paying fifty-five thousand dollars for the lot upon which to erect his building is sufficient evidence of his faith in Atlanta real estate.

Mr. Gould came here from Saginaw, Mich., and is a man of sterling worth and financial reputation. Atlanta gladly welcome such men as citizens.

The peculiar combination, proportion and preparation of Hood's Sarsaparilla makes this medicine different from others and superior to them all. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co.

The Pappoose Cigar is sold only by the retail trade; can't be bought from jobbers. Wait till you see the Yellow Label.

HYGEIA TOBACCO. -Manufactured by-

Thomas C. Williams & Co., Richmond, Va. Guaranteed to prevent heartburn, nervousnes and mataria. For testimonials and prices, adders Frank E. Block, and Harralson Bros, & Co., Atlants feb19-d2m-Sp

Dealers wishing to handle the Pappoose Ci-gars, please address Pappoose, box 468, Atlanta, Ga.

First Methodist Church. There will be preaching at the First Methodist church every night this week by the Rev. Alonzo Monk, of Alabama. All invited.

Smoke the Pappoose cigar, the only clear Hayana 5c cigar. This is not the club or stick cigar. Sold by Sharp Bros. eod STAMPS of all denominations for sale at Con-

Ution busi ness office. Openuntil9 p. m. Ship immediately 10,000 more Pappoose cigars. They are liked as well as 3 for 25 cents cigars. John Cartwright, Arlington Hotel, Augusta, Ga.

A treat is offered the public in the concert tonight at the Church of the Redeemer, on Ellis, near Peachtree street. The Rock Band Concert company have given their unique and elegant performance at the largest churches in this country and in England. The quartette singing is superb. Every lover of fine music should avail himself of the privalege offered. They are here but Friday and Saturday nights in a Saturday afternoon.

Immense stock of Shoes and Hats to suit everybody, just opened at McKeldin & CarlTHE PENNY AND THE RAILROADS. ething More About the Action of the

Railroad Commission. The announcement in yesterday's Construction of the action of the railroad commission, in amending the rule governing the payment The Minimement in yearly accommission, in amending the rule governing the payment for tickets, "when the amount did not end in 5 or 0," created considerable talk in the city, and general opinion seemed to be favorably inclined to the penny, as the circulating unit of money The railroad officials looked upon the matter indifferently, as they said it would not effect the busines of the railroads in any way, or at least so little that a year's sales would probably show a difference of but a few dollars, maybe in favor of the roads, or perhaps against them.

A representative of THE CONSTITUTION called on Major Campbell Wallace, the chairman of the commission, and talked with him concerning the motive of the commission in inaugurating the movement to put the penny in circulation, and in reply to the question:

"What was the objection to the rule amend-

question:
"What was the objection to the rule amend-"What was the objection to the rule amended by the recent circular?" he replied:
"The objection was the inequality in the fare paid by the passengers. To illustrate: The man buying a ticket, for which the road was justly entitled to collect twenty-seven cents, got it for twenty-five cents; while the one buying a ticket worth only twenty-eight cents had to pay thirty cents. Thus, you see, one buying a ticket worth only twenty-eight cents had to pay thirty cents. Thus, you see, the man paying the thirty cents was making up to the road what it lost on the twenty-seven cent ticket sold the other man at twenty-five cents. There is scarcely a ticket on sale that does not involve the inequality as illustrated above. It did not materially affect the revenues of the railroads, one way or the other, but was unjust as between the passengers."

"What was the object in adopting the rule in the first instance, or rather what necessity

"What was the object in adopting the rule in the first instance, or rather what necessity existed for making such a rule?"

"At that time, 1879, it was a necessity be cause of the abic nee of the penny with which to make change, and it has been continued until this time for the same reason. The demand now for the introduction of the penny for general use is urgent on the part of the pub. mand now for the introduction of the penny for general use is urgent on the part of the public, and the necessity for it is becoming more apparent as our population and railroad facilities increase. Under the amended rule which will be effective and positive on the first day of May, the roads can collect precisely the sum they will be entitled to charge, and no passenger will be compelled to pay any portion of the fare due from another passenger."

they will be entitled to charge, and no passenger will be compelled to pay any portion of the fare due from another passenger."

"You think there will be no difficulty in the supply of pennies being readily obtained?"

"None whatever," replied the major. "The United States mint will forward by express to any party sending their order, accompanied by a cheek, any amount "in sums of twenty dollars or multiples thereof, to any place in the state of Georgia, reached by the Southern Express company, absolutely free of expense for transmitting the same. So you see it will not cost the railroads, nor the merchants, nor manufacturers, nor any citizen, one copper to aid in the introduction of a convenience so much desired and demanded. You will observe the amended rule does not require the railroads to supply the p nn es to make the change in the sale of tickets but positively restricts them to a rate less than the sum the exact mileage would give them, if they do not make the requisite change. You will also notice that the amended rule does not effect the relations now existing between the road and the passenger who gets on the train without first aurelasing a ticket." road and the passenger who gets on the train without first purchasing a ticket."

The Highway of Nations, The broad Atlantic, is ever a stormy thorough fare. Yet blow the winds ever so fiercely, and ride the waves ever so loftily, seamen must man the good ships, tourists will brave the passage, and commercial travelers and buyers must visit the centers of foreign trade and manufacture. That atrocious malady, seasickness, together with colicky pains and much inward uneasiness is often endured when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters would have fortified the voyagers against them. Sea captains, and in fact all old salts and veteran captains, and in fact all old saits and veteran travelers are acquainted with the protective value of this estimable preventive and remedy, and are rarely unprovided with it. Emigrants to the far west should use it as a safeguard against malaria. Seek the aid of the Bitters for dyspepsia, constipation, liver complaint, kidney troubles, and all ailments that impair the harmonious and vigorous, action of impair the harmonious and vigorous action of the vital powers.

Imitation is the sincerest form of flatters We notice n firm here, a jobbing house, is fol lowing our style of advertising, inasmuch as they have dressed up a man to represent an Indian to advertise their club or stick cigar. People will readily recognize their efforts to call attention to a cigar which has no connec tion with an Indian, their reason being that the Pappoose cigar, the best cigar on earth, has an Indian name and has a man representing an Indian to advertise it. The Pappoose cigars are sold direct to the retailer, and not sold by tobacco and cigar jobbers at all, as the Pap ose cigars cost too much for jobbers to pay and make a profit on. The consumers will continue to smoke the Pappoose cigar and en-joy it for years. It is unlike the cigars that jobbers have for years foisted on the south and invariably deteriorated in quality. We shall take no further notice of our imitators, but warn the public to take only the genuine Pap-

Davenport, Iowa. eod Agents in Atlanta of the Pappoose Cigars Beermann & Silverman's cigar store. A. J. Haltiwanger, druggist. Jones & Keller, druggists.

Smith & Bradfield, druggists Sharp Bros., druggists. W. P. Smith & Co., druggists.

Young Men's Prohibition Club meets tonight [Friday] 7.30 p. m., at corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

Yellow Labels will sell without a brass band Y. M. C. A. Notes.

A members' reunion will be held at the rail-road rooms tonight at 7:30. Old members, new members and prospective members are invited to be present. An informal good time will be enjoyed by all who come. The toys will have something in the way of refreshments and some good singing, etc. A large attendance is expected.

English Comments. "Colgate & Co., are the oldest soap makers in America, and have evidently profited by their long experience."

Don't be fooled or misled by parties trying to impose on you by trying to give you other cigars when you call for the Pappoose cigar. BEERMANN & SILVERMAN. A Fast Train.

The Atlanta and West Point road gives no tice that their cannon ball train via Opelika will still ply between Atlanta and Columbus, and that rate is reduced to \$2.90. This refuces rates to points on connecting roads at Opelika as well as Columbus. The visitors at the Battery Park hotel like the Pappeose Cigar immensely. J. W. Grant, Asheville, N. C.

ATTENTION !

Lovers of a good Cigar will soon be supplied with the Yellow Label.

Yellow Label fine cigars on the way.

"Mr. Potter, of Texas."

By Archibald Clavering Gunter, author of "Mr. Barnes, of New York." Agreat story grandly told, with a genius like that of the elder Dumas. Price 50 cents, 5 cents extra by mail. Juo. M. Miller, 31 we fit sun tues th

PRICE'S BARING POWDER



Its superior excellence is proven in milions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Governmen'. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Amonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
NEW YORK.

HENDRIX & CO. Auction Sale

Monday, March 5, 3 p. m.

THESE LOTS ARE ALL CHOICE RETIDENCE lots, near Georgia avenue street car, with finished street. Capitol avenue is the fashionable thoroughfare for residences, good street, good neighbors, sewerage, and in fact everything necessary for comfort. The lots are large, all fronting on C. pitol avenue. This is the place to get a lot on easy terms, upon which to make you a first-class home. To men who have money to buy land, a long, tedious argument is unnecessary. You know what Atlanta has been, what she is, and what she is likely to be. You know no other place stands the racket like Atlanta. You know this is the place you want to live and raise your family. You know the men who have succeeded best in Atlanta have been those who have bought hemes; or if money left after buying a home, putting it in property on good streets, in good locatities. Don't be misled and go off ifrom Atlanta. The world's eyes are on Atlanta, and such an influx of population as we will have this year has never been seen in Atlanta.

Take our special cars at Gate City Bank building.

nta. Take our special cars at Gate City Bank building Take our special cers at Gate City Bank building, at 2:30 for the sale. Terms ½ cash, ½ 5th November next, ½ 5th April, 1889, balance 5th November, 1889, with 8 per cent interest.

On the 15th of March we will sell the 100 lots on Pryor, Washington and Capitol avenue. All front lots. Large number of them immediately on street car line. Watt for our sale before buying, if you want a lot in that locality. When you see our lots you will see a plat of 100, and every one a choice residence lot. No back lots, no hillsides, Terms ½ cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. Call for plats at our office.

J. C. HENDEIX & CO., SI South Broad St.

G. W. Adair, Real Estate Agent

I have for sale an elegant cottage on West Bake A large, comfortable residence on Whitehall street, on corner lot.

Beautiful vacent lots on Smith and McDaniel treets, near Whitehall street car line An elegant brick residence on large lot on South nience, on a nice lot on Highland avenue, close

to street cars; water, gas and sidewalk. Four handsome vacant lots on Decatur street.
A number of well shaded vacant lots, near the new piano factory. Cheap and on long time. A beautiful 7-acre tract in West End, on Main

street, near car line. A beautiful place for a home, or susceptible of subdivision. Also several beautiful building lots in West End, on car line.

I have a large rent list of residences, stores, office, I give special attention to the rent department collect rents promptly, look after projecty in the best style, and respectfully solicit the consignment

5 Kimball House, Wall street. THOS. H. WILLINGHAM & SON

REAL ESTATE.

of renting property.

Persons wishing to invest in real estate in Atlanta will find it to their interest to call and see our list at our office in James bank.
We have improved and unimproved property in large or small quantities in the most desirable portion of the city, to suit all classes.
We can place any quantity of money for parties wishing to lend, on the best security in the city or county.! We have a splendid residence lot on West Peach-tree near the Hilmonument, which we can sell a a bargain. We have several small residence lots near Peach-tree street, at prices which place them in the reach

tree street, at prices which place them.

We have a nine room house on street car line,
Jackson street, which we will sell for \$4,000 well
worth \$5,000.

Call and see us, we know we can suit you either
should you desire to rent or purchase.

Place all bargains you have for sale, or houses you
have for rent in our hands and we feel confident
you will be pleased with the results.

THOS. H. WILLINGHAM & SON,
Office in James bank.

EXIT Paper Cigarettes.

Absolutely pure, hand-made and all tobacco of choicest quality. For sale everywhere. Five in a package for 5 cents. Try them. J. STEINHEIMER & CO., Wholesale Agents, Atfanta, Ga.

OFFICES FOR RENT. TRADERS BANK BUILDING.

Offices and Business Rooms, suitable for physicians, lawyers, brokers, etc., can how be secured in the Traders Bank building, on Decatur street, opposite Kimball house. These offices will be ready for occupancy May 1st, and are fitted with every modern convenience and appointments—elevator, gas, electric lights, etc. A few offices can be finished at an earlier date if necessary. Desk room can be had in a large room on second floor at a low rental. For terms ap ly to

E. F. GOULD, Kimball House, or at laileding,

JUDICIOUS AND PERSISTENT Advertising has always proven successful. Before placing any LORD & THOMAS,

CZOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.

Our Tailoring Department booming with the

Choicest Fabrics of the Season's Production

This stock embraces all the leading varieties of Worsteds, Cheviots and Cloths, in the most carefully selected patterns, and well merit your early inspection.

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42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES, ETC.

BROWN & KING,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS

COTTON, WOOLEN AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES,

MACHINERY AND TOOLS, LEATHER AND RUBBER

BELTING, HOSE, PACKING, ETC., PORTABLE FORGERS, PRESSURE BLOWERS

AND EXHAUST FANS, WROUGHT IRON PIPE FITTINGS AND BRASS GOODS.

Send for Prices and

SS. BROAD STREET.

HOLLIS

Telegraph & Electrical Apparatus & Supplies, perfect and durable Battery in the market.

Special agents, Georgia, Alabama and Florida for HESS
ELECTRIC GUEST CALL and FIRE ALARM for hotels.

ELECTRO-PLATERS

Chandellers and Brass Goods of every description, polished and lacquered equal to new.

Medical Batteries and other Electrical Apparatus re
Medical Batteries and other Electrical Apparatus re
Medical Batteries and other Electrical Apparatus re
Send for Illus
of Catalogue, "B," 42 North Broad Street.

Terra Cotta Stove Flue, absolutely fire proof; Terra Cotta Chimney Tops and Stove Thimbles.



GENTS' FURNISHING COODS

17 and 19 Whitehall Street.

SPECIAL \$9.90 SALE! OVERCOATS,

THAT HAVE BEEN

\$13.50, \$15, \$18 and \$20!

NOW AT THE UNIFORM PRICE OF

\$9.90!

Special Bargains in Hats and Men's Furnishings. EISEMAN BROS.

17 and 19 Whitehall Stree

VOL. XIX.

THE TARIFF BILL

It Grows More Unpopular as It is Read Over.

LOUISIANA WILL NOT SUPPORT IT

Telegrams Urging Him to Resist Stoutly.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—[Special.]—If such a thing were possible, "Premier" Mills's alleged tariff bill is a thousand times more unpopular today than it was on yesterday, when the child was born. The great man from Texas has strutted the halls of the capitol to-day like a boatswain on quarter deck, ready to call out to his gallant seamen to ride the waves of the approaching storm. He has gone from place to place in search of compliments for his "able effort," but from no quarter did he receive even the faintest whisper of approv-al, save from the members of his own commit tee, who, as he says, have been "whipped into line." The clauks of darkness have swoopen down upon the bald and grizzled head of the Texas commander, so called. Upon the contrary, over the handsome and smoothly-shaven face of Sam'l

J. Randall, played and danced the same su dued smile of contentment, peace and joy. While to "Premier" Mills the world was silent, there was a stream of telegrams flowing propriations, congratulating Mr. Randall on the bold stand of opposition he had taken, and assuring him of their devotion to him in his no-ble battle for the protection of American in-Without exaggeration or empty praise, Mr. Randall is tonight the hero of the day. The bright, effulgent banner of Randall, however, hangs higher and kisses the breeze with more grace and beauty than ever before, while that borne by Mijls has all day trailed in the dust. Even

these who last night were half inclined to look upon the bill in a friendly manner, perhaps more out of sympathy than love, are tonight condemning and criticizing it with a vigor that means business. The Georgia delegation, like a great many others, say they have not read it with sufficient care to be able to give an ordnion upon it. To THE CONSTITU-Trox correspondent, Representatives Clements, Carlton, Crisp, Norwood, Grimes and Barnes each said they had not as yet read the bill at all, but would do so as soon as they could get a copy of it. Mr. Stewart, while not suited as he would like to be, will support the bill be-cause he believes it the best that can be done at the present time. He has estimated the reduction to be over \$55,000,000 annually, and looks upon that portion of the bill placing salt and cotton ties and bagging upon the free list as especially fortunate to the cotton growing

Mr. Stewart takes the view that, as the ways and means committee are to report with the tariff a provision repealing certain internal revenue laws, which will lessen the accumula-tion of the surplus from that source about thirty million annually, he thinks it the duty of congress to pass the bill, as the necessity of the reduction is the prime object. As ha views the bill there is no danger of any American menustries surfering from it. The placing of the articles above named upon the free list

save to the people of the cotton states upwards Mr. Clements, as named in dispatches las night, is not pleased with the bill. The thrust made at marble industries in placing the raw material upon the free list is urged as his chief objection to the bill. As to whether Mr. Clements will support the bill as it now is he has not. made up his mind. He hopes, of course, to have it amended and strike out all objectiona-

Mr. Turner, as heretofore stated, says the bill is not as he would have it, but being a member of the ways and means committee he

will support it.
Mr. Norwood naturally disapproved of that portion of the bill reducing the duty on rice, but as he has not read the whole bill he wishes to take time in considering the question before he commits himself.

From the present state of feeling, and there is no probability of a radical change, there is no possible hope of the bill ever seeing the light of day by giving it the dignity of an act f congress.

The Louisiana delegation have made the discovery that the bill, instead of reducing sugar twenty-two and one-fourth per cent, as

the framers of the bill intended, have reduced

It over thirty per cent. At a meeting held to

night the entire delegation, including the senators, decided to oppose the passage of the The senate district committee today by a Vote of eight to one, reported favorably upon the bill giving the people of the district the right to vote upon the subject of prohibition

in the district. The house committee on agriculture heard a report today from Abram S. Jewell, of New York, a lard refiner, to the effect that cotton seed oil is good for lard and does not destroy

Its purity.

Judge Stewart introduced a bill today for the relief of Stanley B. Monan, now of Georgia, but formerly of Dakota, who at Fort Custer had his photograph but destroyed by the Uni-

ted States army. Mr. Turner today introduced a bill for the re-lief of Y. R. Rust, postmaster at Albany, Ga-ter \$400 for funds stolen from the office which he had accounted for to the postoffice depart-

CONSIDERING WAR CLAIMS.

The House Takes Up Bills for Use and Occupation of Premises by Troops.

Washington, March 2.—The speaker protem laid before the house a letter from the secretary of the treasury showing the probable loss by destruction of United States bends.

Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, secured unanimous consent to have printed in the Record a memorial signed by glass blowers protesting against the reduction of the duty on imported window glass, as proposed by the Mills tariff bill.

Mr. Randall, from the committee on rules, reported a resolution providing for an evening session every Friday for the consideration of private pension and political disability bills. Under the terms of the resolution the house is required to take a recess at 5 o'clock on Fridays and to reassemble at 7:30 o'clock, evening sessionate be adjourned not later than 20:30 o'clock.

The resolution was adopted.

The house at 1:30, went into committee of

10:30 o'clock.

The resolution was adopted.

The house, at 1:30, went into committee of the whole on the private calendar, Mr. Hatch. of Missouri, in the chair.

The committee resumed consideration of the "omnibus" bill, which provides for the payment of thirty odd claims for supplies used for the army during the war, reported by the court of claims under provisions of the Bowman act.

Mr. Lee, of Virginia, offered an amendment appropriating \$20,000 for the relief of the Protastant Episcopal Theological Seminary and High school of Virginia.

Mr.t Brewer of Michigan, thought that the amendment which provides for the payment of rent would prove a very dangerous precedent, if it were enacted into law. It would be followed by thousands of claims asking for com-